## SPECIFICATIONS

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SECTION 01 1100
SUMMARY OF WORK

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1. SUMMARY

A. Section includes:
   1. Work Covered by Contract Documents
   2. Work Sequence
   3. Work by University
   4. University Furnished Products

B. In case any Sections contain conflicting requirements, refer to General Conditions, Paragraph 4.1.8.

1.2. WORK COVERED BY CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

A. The University of California, Riverside (UCR) intends to procure the services of a General Contractor (Contractor) to replace two existing air handler units located at the West Lothian Mechanical Room with two like-kind units.

B. The Contract Time to complete the Work of this Contract is specified in the Supplemental Instructions to Bidders.

C. Project Location: Lothian Hall, 900 University Ave., Riverside California 92521

D. The University has specified that the requirements and procedures for compliance with certain U.S. Green Building Council’s (USGBC) LEED (Leadership in Energy and Environment Design) New Construction (NC) Version 3 (v3) prerequisites and credits will be used to target the Project to obtain the goal of LEED Gold certification. See Section 01 8113 “Sustainability Design Requirements” for additional information.

1.3. WORK SEQUENCE

A. Contractor to provide work sequence and Project schedule to University for review and approval.

1.4. WORK BY UNIVERSITY – Not Used

1.5. UNIVERSITY FURNISHED PRODUCTS – Not Used

PART 2 – PRODUCTS – Not Used

PART 3 – EXECUTION – Not Used

END OF SECTION
PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1. SUMMARY

A. Section includes:

1. Access to Site
2. Coordination with Occupants
3. Use of Site
4. Scheduling of Work and Work Hours
5. Neighbor Complaint Hotline
6. Site Decorum

1.2. ACCESS TO SITE

A. Special Requirements

1. Existing Site Conditions and Restrictions:
   a. Maintain access and code required exiting to and from surrounding buildings during construction.
2. Contractor shall be responsible for safely securing the work areas, with at a minimum, trench plates, fencing, signage, safety lighting, traffic and pedestrian coordinators.
3. Trench plates shall be provided and safely secured at all roadway, parking lots, and walkways.
4. Trenches shall be protected from vehicles by utilizing trench plates, and from pedestrians by utilizing fully installed galvanized fencing. Excavations and holes shall be protected by utilizing fully installed galvanized fencing, safety lighting, and other methods to safely secure the site. Establishment of the work area in any space requiring the University’s vacating shall not commence before notification to University’s Representative. Refer to Section 01 1400 - CONTRACTOR’S USE OF THE PROJECT SITE, Notifications.
5. Individual work areas shall not be established until Contractor has labor, materials and equipment ready to commence and complete the Work in that area.
6. Work shall not commence in any area until barriers and other protections are in place.

B. Use of Public Thoroughfares and University Roads

1. Contractor shall make its own investigation of the condition of available public thoroughfares and University roads, and of the clearances, restrictions, bridge load limits, and other limitations affecting transportation and ingress and egress at the Project site.

2. Where materials are transported in the prosecution of the Work, do not load vehicles beyond the capacity recommended by manufacturer of the vehicles or prescribed by any applicable state or local law or regulation.

3. Use only established roads on the campus; provided, however, that such temporary haul roads as may be required in the work shall be constructed and maintained by Contractor, subject to the approval of University’s Representative. Refer to Section 01 3540 Environmental Mitigation for description of the approved haul route to and from the campus.
4. Provide protection against damage whenever it is necessary to cross existing sidewalks, curbs, and gutters in entering upon the University roads and public thoroughfares. Repair and make good immediately at the expense of Contractor all damages thereto, including damage to existing utilities and paving, arising from the operations under the Contract.

5. Truck staging is not allowed on campus or on any residential street surrounding the campus.

C. See also Section 01 5500, Vehicular Access and Parking.

1.3. COORDINATION WITH OCCUPANTS

A. The University reserves the right to occupy and to place and install equipment in completed areas of the Work prior to Notice of Completion, provided such occupancy does not interfere with completion of the Work and subject to the General Conditions. Such placing of equipment and partial occupancy shall not constitute acceptance of the total Work.

1. Partial occupancy of the Work may occur upon University's approval, in which case the University's Representative will prepare a Certificate of Beneficial Occupancy for each specific portion of the Work to be occupied prior to Final Completion of the entire Work.

2. Refer to Article 9.6 of the General Conditions.

1.4. USE OF SITE

A. Confine operations to areas within contract limits indicated. Do not disturb portions of the site beyond the areas in which the Work is indicated.

1. Driveways and Entrances: Keep driveways and entrances serving adjacent buildings clear and available to the University, and its employees, students, faculty, visitors, and emergency vehicles at all times. Do not use these areas for parking or storage of materials. Schedule deliveries to minimize space and time requirements for use of these areas.

2. Contractor's use of the Project site for the work, staging, deliveries, and storage is restricted to the project limits on the Drawings, or as directed by the University's Representative.

3. All material for construction operations shall be brought in and the work conducted so as to avoid any interference with existing University facilities or their normal operations.

4. Noise from job equipment shall be kept to a minimum by use of adequate mufflers and other appropriate means.

5. Delivery of Materials: Arrange for delivery of materials and equipment to minimize length of on-site storage prior to installation. Delivery route shall be from South Campus Circle Drive to Big Springs Road to the project site, or as designated by the University's Representative.

6. The Contractor shall take appropriate steps throughout the term of the project to prevent airborne dust due to work under this contract. Water shall be applied wherever practical to settle and hold dust to a minimum, particularly during excavation and moving of materials. No chemical palliatives shall be used.
1.5. SCHEDULING OF WORK AND WORK HOURS

A. Work outside of regular work hours, **7:00 a.m. to 3:30 p.m.**, "overtime", required to accomplish work of this contract, such as utility shutdowns, shall be included in the contract sum.

B. Overtime work requests must be submitted to the University's Representative three working days before the work is to commence.

1. Acceptable overtime hours are no earlier than 7:00 a.m. and no later than 7:00 p.m., Monday through Friday; and from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. on Saturday. Work will not be allowed on Sunday and Holidays.
2. Work at other times may be permitted if it takes place within the enclosed building and the University's Representative determines that it is unlikely to affect University personnel, students, operations and the surrounding neighborhood.
3. Additional overtime operating hours may be approved at the University's Representative sole discretion and only without change to the contract sum.
4. Contractor shall pay all the inspectors (in-house inspectors and University's testing laboratory inspectors) and University's Representative's costs if the overtime request is approved by University's Representative.

1.6. NEIGHBOR COMPLAINT HOTLINE

A. Contractor to provide a phone number monitored 24 hours a day for the public to use to lodge complaints about construction activities that may harm or degrade their quality of life. Refer to Section 01 5000 "Construction Controls and Temporary Facilities" for more detailed specifications.

B. Neighbor Complaint Hotline Phone Number: Contractor shall provide signage described elsewhere in this section with the telephone number for the off-campus neighbors to use to notify the contractor and University about construction related issues affecting their persons and properties such as, but not limited to excessive noise, dust and construction vehicle traffic along Valencia Hill Drive which is not allowed under any circumstances.

1. The contractor shall contact a security service which shall provide an answering service for any calls, 24 hours a day and relay the call to a list of designated construction personnel on site for response. The contractor can contact Knight Security at (760) 745-3604 which provided service for the Phase 1 portion of the project for terms and conditions but is not obligated to use this firm and can choose to any service of a similar type.
1.7. SITE DECORUM

A. Contractor shall control the conduct of its employees (including subcontractor’s employees) so as to prevent unwanted interaction initiated by Contractor's employees with University of California Riverside (UCR) students, UCR staff, UCR Faculty or other individuals (except those associated with the Project), adjacent to the Project site. Without limitation, unwanted interaction by Contractor employees would include whistling at or initiating conversations with passersby. In the event that any Contractor employee initiates such unwanted interaction, or utilized profanity, Contractor shall, either upon request of University’s Representative or on its own initiative, replace said employee with another of equivalent technical skill, at no additional cost to the University. No radios, other than two-way communication type, will be allowed on the Project site. No smoking is allowed in any University Building.

B. Contractor shall control the conduct of its employees (including subcontractor's employees) to prevent unwanted interaction initiated by Contractor's employees with UCR students, staff, Faculty or other individuals, adjacent to the Project site. Unwanted interaction by Contractor employees includes whistling at, or initiating conversations with, passersby. If any contractor employee initiates such unwanted interaction, or utilizes profanity, Contractor shall, upon request of University's Representative or on its own initiative, replace said employee with another of equivalent technical skill, at no additional cost to University. No radios, other than two-way communication type, will be allowed on the Project site. No smoking is allowed in any existing University Building or University Building under Construction.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 – EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

END OF SECTION
MATERIAL/PRODUCT SUBSTITUTION REQUEST FORM

Date: ____________________________ Material/Product Substitution Request No. __________

TO: University's Representative FROM: ____________________________

A. We hereby submit for your consideration the following product instead of the specified item:
   1. Section: ____________________________ Sub-Article: ____________________________
   2. Specified Item: ____________________________
   3. Proposed Substitution: (Mfg., Type, Model, etc. Attach a separate sheet if necessary.)

B. Complete all of the following:
   1. Does this Substitution offer The Regents a cost credit (including costs for changes by other trades)?
      ☐ Yes ☐ No
      If “Yes,” state how much and attach an itemized breakdown of all costs: $ ______________
   2. Does this Substitution offer earlier delivery or less construction time? ☐ Yes ☐ No
      If “Yes,” state the effect on the Contract Time: (Attach a separate sheet if necessary.)

   3. Does this substitution affect any dimensions, layout, or details of other trades as shown on the drawings?
      ☐ Yes ☐ No
      If “Yes,” explain in the space below: (Attach a separate sheet if necessary.)

   4. Describe the specific differences between this Substitution and the specified item in the space below:
      (Attach a separate sheet if necessary.)

C. Attach the following items as applicable: (Check if attached.)
   1. Manufacturer's technical data. ☐
   2. Laboratory test or performance results. ☐
   3. Drawings and wiring diagrams of the proposed product. ☐
   4. Drawings and description of changes required by other trades. ☐
   5. Samples. ☐
   6. Manufacturer's guarantee and maintenance instructions. ☐
   7. Documentation of code compliance for all specific uses. ☐

D. The undersigned agrees to pay for all additional review, design, testing, changes in the contract documents, and construction as a result of the acceptance of this substitution, at no cost to The Regents.

E. Submitted by Contractor: ____________________________
   (Signed) ____________________________
   (Printed Name & Title) ____________________________

UNIVERSITY’S REPRESENTATIVE’S USE ONLY:
   ☐ Accepted ☐ Revise and Resubmit ☐ Rejected ☐ See attachment dated ____________________________
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INTENTIONALLY
SECTION 01 2500
PRODUCT OPTIONS AND SUBSTITUTIONS

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1. SUMMARY

A. This Section includes:

2. Special Requirements for Other Than First-Named Product, Material or Equipment
3. Special Requirements for Substitutions
4. Material/Product Substitution Request Form

1.2. GENERAL PROVISIONS

A. This subsection includes the general provisions regarding specification of products, material and equipment by brand or trade name.

B. Products, material or equipment specified by both brand or trade name and model number are approved for use, provided that Contractor complies with all Contract requirements. Specification of a product, material or equipment by brand or trade name and model number is not a representation or warranty that the product, material or equipment can be used without modification, to meet the requirements of the plans and specifications; Contractor shall, at its sole cost, modify such products, material, or equipment so that they comply with all requirements of the plans and specifications.

C. The first-named product, material or equipment specified by brand or trade name and model number is the basis for the Project design and the use of any item other than the first-named one may require modifications of that design. If Contractor uses any product, material or equipment other than the first-named one, Contractor shall, at its sole cost:

1. Make all revisions and modifications to the design and construction of the Work necessitated by the use of the product, material or equipment.
2. Be responsible for all costs of any changes resulting from the use of the product, material or equipment including without limitation, costs or changes which affect other parts of the Work, the work of Separate Contractors, or any other property or operations of the University.

D. When a product, material or equipment specified by brand or trade name is followed by the words “or equal,” a substitution may be permitted if the substitution is equal to or superior to the first-named product, material or equipment in quality, utility and appearance and if the substitution complies with all other requirements of the plans and specifications.

E. A product, material or equipment specified by brand or trade name followed by the words “or equal, no known equal,” signifies that University does not have sufficient knowledge to specify a product, material or equipment, other than the one specified by brand or trade name, that is suitable for use on the Project. The use of the words "no known equal" is not intended to discourage substitution requests in accordance with the requirements specified herein.

F. When catalog numbers and specific brands or trade names not followed by the designation "or equal" are used in conjunction with a product, material or equipment required by the specifications, substitutions will NOT be allowed and the named product, material or equipment must be used.
G. Specification of a product, material or equipment by brand or trade name and model number is not a representation or warranty that the product, material or equipment is available; Contractor should confirm, prior to submitting its Bid, the availability of any product, material or equipment specified by brand or trade name and model number.

1.3. SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS FOR OTHER THAN FIRST-NAMED PRODUCT, MATERIAL OR EQUIPMENT

A. This subsection includes special requirements for named products, material and equipment, other than the first-named product, material or equipment, specified by both brand or trade name and model number.

B. In addition to complying with all other submittal requirements of the Contract, submit within 5 days after the date of commencement specified in the Notice to Proceed, for review and approval by the University's Representative, Contractor prepared specifications and drawings, including design and engineering calculations, prepared by an appropriately licensed professional, depicting all revisions and modifications to the design and construction of the Work necessitated by the use of the product, material or equipment. If no revisions or modifications are necessary, submit within 5 days after the date of commencement specified in the Notice to Proceed, a written representation that no revisions or modifications to the design or construction of the Work are necessitated by the use of the product, material or equipment. Contractor shall utilize the first-named product, material or equipment if Contractor fails to make the appropriate required submittal pursuant to this paragraph within the 70-day period.

C. A product, material or equipment, other than the first-named product, material or equipment, specified by both brand or trade name and model number may be used if no revisions or modifications to the design or construction of the Work are necessitated by the use of the product, material or equipment. If such revisions or modifications are necessary, the product, material or equipment may be used only if the revisions or modifications are approved in writing by the University's Representative. Contractor has the burden of demonstrating, through the procedures specified herein, that any such revisions or modifications will not be detrimental to the quality, utility or appearance of the Project or any portion of the Project. The University's Representative may refuse to approve any such proposed revisions or modifications where, in the reasonable opinion of the University's Representative, Contractor has failed to demonstrate, through the procedures specified herein, that the revisions or modifications are not detrimental to the quality, utility or appearance of the Project or any portion of the Project.

1.4. SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS FOR SUBSTITUTIONS

A. In addition to complying with all other submittal requirements of the Contract, submit written data demonstrating that the proposed substitution is equal to or superior to the first-named product, material or equipment in quality, utility, appearance, environmental performance criteria, and otherwise complies with all requirements of the plans and specifications, including:

1. Complete technical data including drawings, performance specifications, samples, and test reports of the article proposed for substitution.
2. Statement by Contractor that the proposed substitution is in full compliance with the requirements of the Contract Documents and Applicable Code Requirements.
3. List of Subcontractors, if any, that may be affected by the substitution.
4. Contractor prepared specifications and drawings, including design and engineering calculations, prepared by an appropriately licensed professional, depicting all revisions and modifications to the design and construction of the Work necessitated by the use of the substitution. If no revisions or modifications are necessary, submit a written representation that no revisions or modifications to the design or construction of the Work are necessitated by the use of the product, material or equipment.
B. Requests for substitutions will only be considered if Contractor completes and submits Material/Product Substitution Request Form and the above supporting data.

C. At the request of and within the timeframes specified by the University's Representative:

1. Submit samples as deemed necessary by the University's Representative to evaluate the proposed substitution.
2. Submit proposed substitution to tests deemed necessary by the University's Representative to evaluate the proposed substitution. Such tests shall be made by an independent Testing Laboratory and at the sole expense of Contractor, after review and approval of the test procedures by University's Representative. If retesting is deemed necessary by the University's Representative to evaluate the proposed substitution, such retesting shall be made by an independent Testing Laboratory at the sole expense of the Contractor.
3. Provide any additional information deemed necessary by the University's Representative to evaluate the proposed substitution.

D. If University's Representative, in reviewing a proposed substitution, requires revisions or corrections to be made to previously accepted shop drawings and supplemental supporting data to be resubmitted, Contractor shall do so within the time period specified by the University's Representative. A proposed substitution may be rejected if Contractor fails to submit such revisions, corrections, or supplemental supporting data within the specified time period.

E. Except for products, material or equipment designated in the Bidding Documents for evaluation of substitutions prior to award, requests for substitution, including the data required by Paragraph 1.4.A., must be submitted to the University's Representative not later than 5 days after the date of commencement specified in the Notice to Proceed. No requests for substitutions of products, material or equipment subject to the 35-day deadline shall be considered unless the request and supporting data is submitted on or before the deadline, except those deemed, in University's Representative's sole opinion, to be necessary because (i) previously specified or approved manufactured products, material or equipment are no longer manufactured, (ii) of University initiated change orders, or (iii) it is in the best interest of University to accept such substitution.

F. If a product, material or equipment is designated in the Bidding Documents for evaluation of substitutions prior to award, then a request for substitution of the product, material or equipment, including the data required by Paragraph 1.4.A., must be submitted by the deadline specified in the Bidding Documents. Because of time constraints, only one submittal will be allowed for each such substitution request. Requests for substitutions of products, material or equipment designated for evaluation prior to award may not be made after the deadline specified in the Bidding Documents, and such requests be shall not be considered unless the request and supporting data is submitted on or before the deadline specified in the Bidding Documents. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the University may consider, after award of the Contract, requests for substitution of a product, material or equipment designated for evaluation prior to award where, in University's Representative's sole opinion, a substitution is necessary because (i) previously specified or approved manufactured products, material or equipment are no longer manufactured, (ii) of University initiated change orders, or (iii) it is in the best interest of University to accept such substitution.

G. In reviewing the supporting data submitted for substitutions, University's Representative will use, for purposes of comparison, all the characteristics of the specified material or equipment as they appear in the manufacturer's published data even though all the characteristics may not have been particularly mentioned in the Specifications. If more than 2 submissions of supporting data are required, the cost of reviewing the additional supporting data shall be at Contractor's expense.
H. Contractor has the burden of demonstrating, through the procedures specified herein, that its proposed substitution is equal to or superior to the first-named product, material or equipment in quality, utility and appearance and complies with all other requirements of the plans and specifications. If revisions or modifications to the design or construction of the work are necessitated by the use of the substitution, Contractor also has the burden of demonstrating, through the procedures specified herein, that the use of the substitution will not be detrimental to the quality, utility or appearance of the Project or any portion of the Project.

I. The University's Representative may refuse to approve any requested substitution where, in the reasonable opinion of the University's Representative, Contractor has failed to demonstrate, through the procedures specified herein, that the proposed substitution is equal to, or superior to, the first-named product, material or equipment, in quality, utility and appearance and that the proposed substitution complies with all other requirements of the plans and specifications.

J. University's Representative may reject any substitution not proposed in the manner and within the time limits prescribed herein.

K. Substitutions are not allowed unless approved in writing by the University's Representative. Any such approval shall not relieve Contractor from the requirements of the Contract Documents.

L. The 35-day and 70-day submittal periods do not excuse Contractor from completing the Work within the Contract Time or excuse Contractor from paying liquidated damages if Final Completion is delayed.

M. If revisions or modifications to the design or construction of the Work are necessitated by the use of a substitution, the substitution may be used only if the revisions and modifications are approved in writing by the University’s Representative. The University’s Representative may refuse to approve any such proposed revisions or modifications where, in the reasonable opinion of the University’s Representative, Contractor has failed to demonstrate, through the procedures specified herein, that the revisions or modifications are not detrimental to the quality, utility and appearance of the Project or any portion of the Project.

N. If a substitution request is finally rejected by the University’s Representative, Contractor shall furnish and install:

1. The first-named product, material or equipment; or
2. A product, material, or equipment, other than the first-named product, material or equipment, specified by both brand or trade name and model number, provided Contractor complies with the submittal requirements (including deadlines) of this specification section 01 2500.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 – EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

END OF SECTION

(MATERIAL/PRODUCT SUBSTITUTION REQUEST FORM ON FOLLOWING PAGE)
REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

DATE: mm/dd/yy RFI #: 

TO: 

FROM: 

Cc: 

Subject/Title: 

☐ Architectural ☐ Civil ☐ Mechanical ☐ Plumbing ☐ Structural
☐ Fire Protection ☐ Landscape ☐ Other: _____

Reason(s) for RFI:
☐ Clarification/Interpretation ☐ Conflict in CD’s
☐ Coordination Issue ☐ Information Not Shown on CD’s
☐ Cost Impact: _____ ☐ Safety
☐ Work/Time Impact: _____

Issue/Question: 

(Reference Attachments)

Specification #: Paragraph #: Sheet #: Detail #: 

Other Reference: Schedule Activity: 

Proposed Solution: 

(Reference Attachments)

Signed by Contractor: Response Required by Date: mm/dd/yy 

RESPONSE TO CONTRACTOR:

From Design Professional: 

(Reference Attachments)

Date Received RFI: mm/dd/yy Response Date: mm/dd/yy Signed: 

From University’s Rep.: 

(Reference Attachments)

Date Received RFI: mm/dd/yy Response Date: mm/dd/yy Signed: 

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INTENTIONALLY
SECTION 01 2613
REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION & INSTRUCTIONS (RFI) PROCEDURES

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1. SUMMARY

A. This Section contains the procedures to be followed by Contractor upon discovery of any apparent conflicts, omissions, or errors in the Contract Documents or upon having any question concerning interpretation.

1.2. PROCEDURES

A. Notification by Contractor:

1. Submit all requests for clarification or additional information in writing to Design Professional and University's Representative concurrently using the Request for Information (RFI) form attached to this Section.

   a. All RFI’s, and any attachments thereto, must be submitted in PDF format with Optical Character Recognition (OCR) Text.

   b. For any RFI for which Contractor has indicated a Cost Impact or Work/Time Impact, Contractor must also send a copy of the RFI to University’s Responsible Administrator at Blythe.Wilson@ucr.edu.

2. Limit each RFI to one subject and number RFI’s sequentially. For each resubmission, follow the RFI number with suffix “R” sequentially numbered as necessary. For example, the first RFI would be “1.” The second RFI would be “2.” The first resubmittal of RFI “2” would be “2R1.”

3. Submit a RFI if one of the following conditions occurs:

   a. Contractor discovers an unforeseen condition or circumstance that is not described in the Contract Documents.

   b. Contractor discovers an apparent conflict or discrepancy between portions of the Contract Documents that appears to be inconsistent or is not reasonably inferred from the intent of the Contract Documents.

   c. Contractor discovers what appears to be an omission from the Contract Documents that cannot be reasonably inferred from the intent of the Contract Documents.

4. Contractor shall not submit a RFI:

   a. As a request for substitution.

   b. As a submittal.

   c. Under the pretense of a Contract Documents discrepancy or omission without thorough review of the Contract Documents.

   d. In a manner that suggests that specific portions of the Contract Documents are assumed to be excluded or by taking an isolated portion of the Contract Documents in part rather than whole.
e. In an untimely manner without proper coordination and scheduling of Work of related trades.

f. As a request for approval of Contractor's means and methods.

5. If Contractor submits a RFI contrary to 1.2. A.4. above, Contractor shall pay the cost of any review, which cost shall be deducted from the Contract Sum.

6. Contractor shall submit a RFI immediately upon discovery. Contractor shall submit RFI's within a reasonable time frame so as not to delay the Contract Schedule while allowing the full response time described below.

B. Response Time:

1. Design Professional shall send its RFI response to University's Representative within a reasonable time so that University's Representative can send a final RFI response to Contractor within the time frames in 1.2. B.2. below.

2. University’s Representative, or his/her designee, whose decision will be final and conclusive, shall resolve such questions and issue instructions or issue approval of instructions or information from Design Professional, to Contractor within a reasonable time frame. In most cases, RFI’s will receive a response within 7 days for architectural issues and within 14 days for issues that require review and response from Design Professional's consultants. In some cases, the response time may be lengthened for complex issues or shortened for emergencies as approved by University's Representative in writing. If in the opinion of University’s Representative more than 14 days is required to prepare a response to a RFI, Contractor will be notified in writing.

3. Should Contractor proceed with the Work affected before receipt of a response from University's Representative within the response time described above, any portion of the Work which is not done in accordance with University's Representative’s interpretations, clarifications, instructions, or decisions is subject to removal or replacement and Contractor shall be responsible for all resultant losses.

4. Failure to Agree: In the event of failure to agree as to the scope of the Contract requirements, Contractor shall follow procedures set forth in Article 4 of the General Conditions.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 – EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

END OF SECTION
REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

DATE: ____________ RFI #: ____________

TO: ___________________ FROM: ___________________

Cc: ___________________

Subject/Title: ___________________

☐ Architectural ☐ Civil ☐ Mechanical ☐ Plumbing ☐ Structural
☐ Fire Protection ☐ Landscape ☐ Other: ______

Reason(s) for RFI: ☐ Clarification/Interpretation ☐ Conflict in CD’s
☐ Coordination Issue ☐ Information Not Shown on CD’s
☐ Cost Impact: ______ ☐ Safety
☐ Work/Time Impact: ______

Issue/Question: ___________________
(Reference Attachments)

Specification #: ____________ Paragraph #: ____________ Sheet #: ____________ Detail #: ____________
Other Reference: ____________ Schedule Activity: ____________

Proposed Solution: ___________________
(Reference Attachments)

Signed by Contractor: ___________________
Response Required by Date: mm/dd/yy

RESPONSE TO CONTRACTOR:

From Design Professional: ___________________
(Reference Attachments)

Date Received RFI: mm/dd/yy Response Date: mm/dd/yy Signed: ____________

From University’s Rep.: ___________________
(Reference Attachments)

Date Received RFI: mm/dd/yy Response Date: mm/dd/yy Signed: ____________
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INTENTIONALLY
PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1. SUMMARY

A. This Section includes administrative and supervisory requirements necessary for coordinating construction operations including, but not necessarily limited to, the following:

1. Administrative Requirements
2. Facilities Services Coordination and Service Continuity

1.2. ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

A. Coordinate construction operations including, but not limited to, the following:

1. Coordinate the Work and do not delegate responsibility for coordination to any Subcontractor.
2. Anticipate the interrelationship of all Subcontractors and their relationship with the Work.
3. Resolve differences or disputes between Subcontractors and their relationship with the Work.
4. Coordinate the Work of Subcontractors so that portions of the Work are performed in a manner that minimizes interference with the progress of the Work.
5. Do not obstruct spaces and installations that are required to be clear by Applicable Code Requirements.
6. Do not cover any piping, wiring, ducts, or other installations until they have been inspected and approved and required certificates of inspection issued.
7. Remove and replace all Work, which does not comply with the Contract Documents. Repair or replace any other Work or property damaged by these operations with no adjustment of Contract Sum.

B. Coordinate construction operations included in various Sections of these Specifications to assure efficient and orderly installation of each part of the Work. Coordinate construction operations included under different Sections that depend on each other for proper installation, connection, and operation. Coordinate all portions of the Work requiring careful coordination in order to fit in space available. Before commencing such portions of the Work, prepare supplementary Drawings for review by University’s Representative and Design Professional. Non-conformance of this task will result in the delay of applications for payment and the contractor responsibility for any remedial works requested by University Representative.

1. Schedule construction operations in the sequence required to obtain the best results where installation of one part of the Work depends on installation of other components, before or after its own installation.
2. Coordinate installation of different components to assure maximum accessibility for required maintenance, service, and repair.
3. Make provisions to accommodate items scheduled for later installation, including, but not limited to, coordination of furnishing and placing embedded items, sleeves, and block-outs with formwork and reinforcing steel for cast-in-place concrete.
4. Resolve conflicts and coordinate access to, and utilization of, spaces available for construction activities on the site and within structures, and delivery, storage, and installation of materials and equipment.
5. Implement a quality assurance program designed to ensure completion of the Work in accordance with requirements of the Contract Documents.
C. Where necessary, prepare memoranda for distribution to each party involved, outlining special procedures required for coordination. Include such items as required notices, reports, and attendance at meetings.

   1. Prepare similar memoranda for the University and separate contractors where coordination of their work is required.

D. Administrative Procedures: Coordinate scheduling and timing of required administrative procedures with other construction activities to avoid conflicts and assure orderly progress of the Work. Such administrative activities include, but are not limited to, the following:

   1. Preparation of schedules.
   2. Installation and removal of temporary facilities.
   3. Delivery and processing of submittals.
   4. Progress meetings.
   5. Project closeout activities.
   6. Obtaining required permits and approvals from authorities having jurisdiction.
   7. Utility company approvals and installations.

E. Conservation: Coordinate construction operations to assure that operations are carried out with consideration given to conservation of energy, water, and materials.

   1. Salvage materials and equipment involved in performance of, but not actually incorporated in, the Work.

F. Clean and protect construction in progress and adjoining materials in place, during handling and installation. Apply protective covering where required to assure protection from damage or deterioration at Substantial Completion.

G. Clean and provide maintenance on completed construction as frequently as necessary through the remainder of the construction period. Adjust and lubricate operable components to assure operability without damaging effects.

1.3. FACILITIES SERVICES COORDINATION AND SERVICE CONTINUITY

A. Maintain continuous services to all existing facilities during the period of construction except for the following conditions:

   1. Perform Work that involves "shut-down" of existing facilities at such times as will cause the least inconvenience to the University activities, performing at night, on Saturdays, Sundays, holidays and at the discretion of University’s Representative. Furnish University’s Representative written notice of exact date and time of "shut-down" at least thirty (30) working days in advance, unless a longer period is specified or shown on the Drawings. On jobs with short performance time, Contractor shall verify with University’s Representative the number of days required in advance for shut-down.

   2. The University’s preference would be for the contractor to try to coordinate the high voltage utility shut down simultaneously with the Student Recreation Center’s shut down to avoid unnecessary inconvenience to the campus. However this preference is not a mandatory requirement if it doesn’t fit in with the contractor’s schedule.

   3. The Contractor’s bid shall include the cost of overtime necessary for the Work. No extra payment will be allowed for overtime to meet this requirement or the Contract Schedule.
B. Service Continuity:

1. Within the areas of the Work, investigate and uncover all drainage lines, sewers, electrical ducts, and other piping in use or forming continuations or utility systems required for other buildings or improvements upon the campus, and maintain such services in operation during performance of the Work of the Contract.

C. Notify University's Representative at least 30 days in advance of all utility shutdowns including date, time and expected duration.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 – EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

END OF SECTION
PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1. SUMMARY

A. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for the following project meetings:

1. Pre-Construction Meeting
2. Pre-Installation Meetings
3. Progress Meetings
4. Billing Meetings
5. 11-Month Warranty Meeting

1.2. PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING

A. The University's Representative will schedule a pre-construction conference before starting construction, at a time convenient to the University and the University's Representative, but no later than 10 days after execution of the Agreement. The conference will be held at the Project Site or another convenient location. The meeting will review responsibilities and personnel assignments.

1. Distribute written notice of agenda, meeting time, and location a minimum of five calendar days in advance.

B. Attendees: The University’s Representative and authorized representatives of the Architect, and its consultants; the Contractor and its superintendent; major subcontractors; manufacturers; suppliers; Contractor’s designated safety manager; and other concerned parties shall attend the conference. All participants at the conference shall be familiar with the Project and authorized to conclude matters relating to the Work.

C. Agenda: Items of significance that could affect progress, including the following:

1. Tentative construction schedule.
2. Critical work sequencing.
3. Designation of responsible personnel.
4. Procedures for processing field decisions and Change Orders.
5. Procedures for processing Applications for Payment.
7. Submittal of Shop Drawings, Product Data, and Samples.
8. Preparation of record documents.
9. Use of the premises.
11. Office, work, and storage areas.
12. Equipment deliveries and priorities.
13. Safety procedures, including emergency notification procedures.
14. First Aid.
17. Working hours.
18. Sustainability requirements, including Contractor staffing.

1.3. PRE-INSTALLATION MEETINGS
A. The Contractor shall conduct a pre-installation conference at the Project Site before each construction activity that requires coordination with other construction, and as required by other sections of the specifications.

1. The Contractor shall distribute written notice of agenda, meeting time, and location a minimum of five calendar days in advance.

B. Attendees: The Installer and representatives of manufacturers and fabricators involved in or affected by the installation, and its coordination or integration with other materials and installations that have preceded or will follow, shall attend the meeting. Advise the University's Representative of scheduled meeting dates.

1. Review the progress of other construction activities and preparations for the particular activity under consideration at each pre-installation conference, including requirements for the following:

   a. Contract Documents
   b. Options
   c. Related Change Orders
   d. Purchases
   e. Deliveries
   f. Shop Drawings, Product Data, and quality-control samples
   g. Possible conflicts
   h. Compatibility problems
   i. Time schedules
   j. Weather limitations.
   k. Manufacturer's recommendations
   l. Warranty requirements
   m. Compatibility of materials
   n. Acceptability of substrates
   o. Temporary facilities
   p. Space and access limitations
   q. Governing regulations
   r. Safety
   s. Inspecting and testing requirements
   t. Required performance results
   u. Recording requirements
   v. Protection.

2. Record significant discussions and agreements and disagreements of each conference, and the approved schedule. Promptly distribute the record of the meeting to everyone concerned, including the University and the University's Representative.

3. Do not proceed with the installation if the conference cannot be successfully concluded. Initiate whatever actions are necessary to resolve impediments to performance of Work and reconvene the conference at the earliest feasible date.

1.4. PROGRESS MEETINGS

A. The Contractor shall conduct progress meetings at the Project Site at regular intervals. Notify the University's Representative and the Design Professional of scheduled meeting dates. Coordinate dates of meetings with preparation of the payment request. Document meetings with meeting minutes to be distributed to the University's Representative, the Design Professional and all other attendees.

B. Attendees: In addition to representatives of the University and the Architect, each subcontractor, supplier, or other entity concerned with current progress or involved in planning, coordination, or performance of future activities shall be represented at these
meetings. All participants at the conference shall be familiar with the Project and authorized to conclude matters relating to the Work.

C. Agenda: Review and correct or approve minutes of the previous progress meeting. Review other items of significance that could affect progress. Include topics for discussion as appropriate to the status of the Project.

1. Contractor’s Construction Schedule: Review progress since the last meeting. Determine where each activity is in relation to the Contractor’s Construction Schedule, whether on time or ahead or behind schedule. Determine how construction behind schedule will be expedited; secure commitments from parties involved to do so. Discuss whether schedule revisions are required to insure that current and subsequent activities will be completed within the Contract Time.

2. Review the present and future needs of each entity present, including the following:
   a. Interface requirements
   b. Time
   c. Sequences
   d. Status of submittals
   e. Status of RFI’s
   f. Deliveries
   g. Off-site fabrication problems
   h. Access
   i. Site utilization
   j. Temporary facilities and services
   k. Hours of work
   l. Contractor’s Safety Program (including any special hazards and risks)
   m. Housekeeping
   n. Quality and work standards
   o. Contractor’s two week “look ahead” schedule and issues
   p. Change Orders
   q. Documentation of information for payment requests
   r. Sustainability review, including tracking and status.

D. Schedule Updating: Revise the Contractor’s Construction Schedule after each progress meeting where revisions to the schedule have been made or recognized. Issue the revised schedule concurrently with the report of each meeting.

1.5. BILLING MEETINGS

A. Attend a meeting monthly 7 days prior to submittal of the Application for Payment, at a location acceptable to University’s Representative.

B. Attendees:

1. University’s Representative.
2. Design Professional and Consultants, as appropriate.
3. Contractor’s Project Manager.
4. Superintendent.
5. Others as directed by University’s Representative.

C. Agenda:

1. Determination of current schedule progress.
2. Review of work completed based on the cost loaded schedule to be billed in the Application for Payment.
D. Schedule Updating: Revise the Contract Schedule prior to the meeting based on information determined at prior progress meetings. Review schedule revisions and prepare a final revised schedule for submission 10 days prior to the application for payment.

1.6. 11-MONTH WARRANTY MEETING

A. Attend a meeting eleven months following the date of Notice of Completion.

B. Attendees:

1. University’s Representative
2. Design Professional and Consultants, as appropriate
3. Contractor’s Project Manager
4. Subcontractors, as appropriate
5. Others as directed by Responsible Administrator.

C. Agenda: Review of guarantees, bonds, service and maintenance contracts for materials and equipment.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 – EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

END OF SECTION
PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1. SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the requirements for Contractor provided electronic document control system(s):

1. General Requirements
2. Submittals
3. Software
4. System Maintenance

1.2. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

A. Contractor shall provide a web accessible system for electronic document control designed for use during pre-construction and construction to manage documents including RFIs and submittals.

B. Contractor shall provide an electronic document control system(s) that is accessible via a web browser (including IE version 7.7) from any geographical location.

C. Contractor shall provide access to University’s Representative, University’s Inspector of Record, Design Professional, and at least 7 other individuals identified by University’s Representative.

D. The electronic document control system must use the University numbering system specified in the applicable Specification Section.

E. Hours of Operation: The electronic document control system shall be available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week except for short periods of planned system maintenance.

1.3. SUBMITTALS

A. Contractor shall submit a narrative description and outline of the proposed electronic document control system for review and approval by University’s Representative.

B. Contractor shall submit an example of the electronic log for both RFIs and Submittals for review and approval by University’s Representative.

C. Contractor shall establish a commercially available web based RFI and submittal processing system capable of posting RFI’s and submittals with the following capabilities:

1. Password secured access with varying levels of "write" or action capability, with multiple user defined stamps for action taken.
2. Accessible from any computer with Internet access, whether in the office or the field.
3. Notification of submittal status based on user profile.
4. Automatic Transmittal generation when submittal is released.
5. Extensive and user friendly mark-up tools and capability.
6. Ability to hide mark-up comments based on user profile.
7. Status of submittal and responsible party.
8. Download in PDF format based on user profile.
9. Tracking of resubmittal process, including University designated numbering system.
PART 2 – PRODUCTS

2.1. SOFTWARE

A. Primavera, Prolog or equal is acceptable as the electronic document control system used for RFIs and submittals.

2.2. SYSTEM MAINTENANCE

A. University shall be notified at least 48 hours in advance of planned system maintenance of the electronic document control system(s). Planned system maintenance should be scheduled not to interfere with construction activities whenever possible. The system uptime shall be at least 95% based on a rolling monthly average.

B. Contractor is responsible for installation, maintenance, and backup activities of the electronic document control system(s).

PART 3 – EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

1.1. UPDATES

A. Every two (2) weeks, Contractor shall export or otherwise generate electronic logs of all RFIs and submittals that can be imported into the University’s enterprise system. The format of the electronic logs shall be a spreadsheet in MS-Excel format of all the structured data from each RFI or submittals. The exported or otherwise generated log for RFIs shall be separate from the log for submittals. Samples shall be included in the log of submittals.

B. Contractor shall also allow, at any time, the University’s Representative or designee, to download electronic copies of such RFI and submittal documents in a format that is searchable such as printed PDFs. Scanned PDFs are not acceptable except in the case of drawings.

C. At least 7 days before the date scheduled for Final Inspection, Contractor shall provide University’s Representative a complete electronic copy of all electronic files from the electronic document control system for the project.

1. The electronic files shall be executable on CD or DVD.

2. Each disc shall be fully labeled with the project name, contract number, date, and the sequence number of the disc in the set. Files may be submitted compressed, but the decompression utility used (executable preferred) should be fully described with directions included on the transmittal as well as in digital form.

END OF SECTION
PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1. SUMMARY

A. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for the Critical Path Method (CPM) of scheduling and reporting progress of the Work:

1. Preliminary Contract Schedule
2. Contract Schedule
3. Summary Schedule
4. Narrative Report
5. Variance Report
6. Cash Flow Curve
7. Manpower Curve
8. Look-Ahead Schedule
9. Final As-Built Schedule
10. Responsibility for Completion
11. Adjustment of Time for Completion

B. Refer to the Agreement, General Conditions, and Notice to Proceed for definitions and specific dates of Contract Time.

1. Contractor shall develop a network plan and schedule for the Project demonstrating complete fulfillment of all contract requirements, shall keep the network plans up-to-date and in accordance with the requirements of this Section and shall utilize the CPM in planning, coordination, performing and reporting the Work under this Contract, including all activities of subcontractors, equipment vendors, and suppliers and in assisting University’s Representative in monitoring the progress of the Work.

2. The Precedence Diagramming Method (PDM) shall be utilized in preparing the CPM Schedule network diagrams utilizing Primavera Scheduling Software (P6 or the latest version for Windows, MS Project (latest version for Windows), or equal which is 100% importable into Primavera.

3. Contractor shall use Primavera Scheduling Software as a computerized critical path scheduling system for producing computer generated reports with the following minimum information:

   a. Activity identification code keyed to summary and Contract Schedule activities.
   b. Activity description.
   c. Status date and remaining duration.
   d. Activity percentage complete.
   e. Activity duration.
   f. Early start/finish and late start/finish.
   g. Total float.
   h. Free float.
   i. The predecessor and successor activities for each individual activity.
   j. A comparison between the current updated Contract Schedule and the Baseline Schedule.
   k. Designation of the planned work day/work week for each activity.
   l. A critical item list of activities with ten (10) working days or less total float.
   m. Scheduled and actual manpower loading for each activity.
   n. Scheduled and actual progress payment for each activity.
C. Definitions:

1. Critical Path activities are defined as Work activities that, if delayed or extended, will cause a critical delay as defined in Article 8 of the General Conditions. All other Work activities are defined as non-critical Work activities and are considered to have float.

2. Float is defined as the time that a non-critical Work activity can be delayed or extended without causing a critical delay as defined in Article 8 of the General Conditions. Neither Contractor nor University shall have an exclusive right to the use of float. Float is a shared resource available to Contractor and University.

   a. Float for any Work Activity shall be calculated as the difference in days between the Latest Finish and its Earliest Finish. Any such calculated float that results in a negative number is considered Negative Float.

D. Submittals:

1. Preliminary Contract Schedule
2. Contract Schedule
3. Summary Schedule
4. Narrative Report
5. Variance Report
6. Cash Flow Curve
7. Manpower Curve
8. Look-Ahead Schedule
9. Final As-Built Schedule

1.2. PRELIMINARY CONTRACT SCHEDULE

A. Submittal

1. Submit the Preliminary Contract Schedule to University's Representative within the time specified in the Instructions to Bidders and Supplementary Instructions to Bidders.

2. Submit to University's Representative 1 hardcopy, 1 electronic copy in PDF, and 1 electronic copy in the computerized critical path scheduling system software per 1.1.A.2. above approved by University's Representative.

3. Use the form of a bar chart, GANT chart, or other system approved by University's Representative showing the Work from the construction start date through the final completion date, with the work activities involved and other information relative to the progress of the Work, in a continuous flow from left to right.

4. Show sufficient detail to demonstrate adequate planning for the Work and to show a practical plan to complete the Work within the Contract Time, and suitable for monitoring progress of the Work.

B. Approval

1. Within 5 days after receipt of the Contract Schedule, University's Representative will notify Contractor of its acceptance or return with comments for resubmittal.

C. Activities and Milestones

1. Identify all Work activities which constitute the Critical Path.

2. Include submittals and lead times.
3. Identify the milestone for completion of the Project. At a minimum, identify the following milestones:

- Commencement Date
- Substantial Completion
- Final Completion

4. Identify all holidays and non-working days. Contractor shall perform no work that requires the University’s observation or inspection on the following University holidays and campus closure days:

a. Regular University Holidays and Campus Closure Days:

   New Year’s Day
   Martin Luther King, Jr. Day (3rd Monday in January)
   Presidents’ Day (3rd Monday in February)
   Cesar Chavez Day (Last Friday in March)
   Memorial Day (Last Monday in May)
   Independence Day (July 4)
   Labor Day (1st Monday in September)
   Veterans’ Day (November 11)
   Thanksgiving Day (4th Thursday in November)
   Friday following Thanksgiving Day
   Christmas Eve
   Christmas Day
   Campus Closure: business days between Christmas Day and New Year’s Eve
   New Year’s Eve

   Exception: A University Holiday that falls on a Saturday is observed on the preceding Friday, and a University Holiday that falls on a Sunday is observed on the following Monday, unless an alternate day to observe the University Holiday is designated by the University.

b. Other Campus Closure Days: N/A

1.3. CONTRACT SCHEDULE

A. Submittal

1. Submit the Contract Schedule, or updated Contract Schedule as applicable, within 7 days prior to submitting an Application For Payment.

   a. The initial Contract Schedule submitted to and approved by University’s Representative shall be known as the Baseline Schedule, and shall be used by Contractor to execute the Work of the Contract, including planning, organizing and directing the Work, and reporting its progress until subsequently updated.

   b. In no event shall Contractor submit an updated Contract Schedule less than monthly.

   c. If the commencement or completion of any Work activity on the critical path is more than 30 days behind the date set forth in the Contract Schedule for such Work activity, at University’s Representative’s sole discretion, University’s Representative may require Contractor to submit an updated Contract Schedule at a more frequent interval without additional cost to the University.

   If the Contract Time is less than 300 days, and if the commencement or completion of any Work activity on the critical path is more than 10% of the Contract Time behind the date set forth in the Contract Schedule for such Work activity, at University’s...
Representative’s sole discretion, University’s Representative may require Contractor to submit an updated Contract Schedule at a more frequent interval without additional cost to the University.

2. Submit to University’s Representative 1 hardcopy, 1 electronic copy in PDF, and 1 electronic copy in the computerized critical path scheduling system software per 1.1.A.2. above approved by University’s Representative.

3. Submit the Contract Schedule or updated Contract Schedule in the same form as required in 1.2.A. above.

4. The presentation of each Work activity on the Contract Schedule or updated Contract Schedule shall include a brief description of the Work activity, the duration of the Work activity in days, and a responsibility code identifying the organization or trades performing the Work activity.

5. The Contract Schedule or updated Contract Schedule shall be a computerized, detailed, task level CPM diagram in PDM format. A clear delineation of construction activities shall be shown. This schedule shall be manpower and cost loaded and not extending beyond the Contract Time.

6. The work activities comprising the Contract Schedule shall be of sufficient detail to ensure adequate planning and execution of the Work to provide an appropriate basis for monitoring and evaluating the progress of the Work. A work activity is defined as an activity which requires time and resource (manpower, equipment, and/or material) to complete in a continuous operation. No activity shall be less than 1 day, no more than 14 days duration for any onsite operation.

7. Failure by Contractor to include any element of the Work required for the performance of this Contract and completion of the Project shall not excuse Contractor from completing all work required within the Contract Time, regardless of University’s Representative’s acceptance of the Contract Schedule or any updated Contract Schedule.

8. No more than 30% of the total number or activities shown shall be critical or near critical. Near critical is defined as float less than 10 days.

9. These schedules shall indicate the sequence and interdependency of work activities and shall be coordinated with all submittal, review and approval requirements.

10. Each approved Change Order and Field Order shall be listed and plotted as a separate and independent activity. Schedule components shall be organized into logical groupings by location, responsibility, Specification Section, etc.

B. Approval

1. Within 5 days after receipt of the Contract Schedule or updated Contract Schedule, University’s Representative will notify Contractor of its acceptance or return with comments for resubmittal.
   a. Contractor shall participate in a review of the proposed Contract Schedule or updated Contract Schedule by University’s Representative when requested.
   b. Contractor shall resubmit any revisions within 3 days.

2. The accepted Contract Schedule or updated Contract Schedule shall be the Contract Schedule of record for the period it is current and shall be the basis for payment during that period. Contractor shall perform the Work in accordance with the Contract Schedule or updated Contract Schedule as accepted.
3. No Application For Payment will be processed nor shall any progress payment become due for work performed until the Contract Schedule or updated Contract Schedule is accepted by University's Representative. University's Representative's acceptance of the Contract Schedule or updated Contract Schedule is a condition precedent to University making any progress payment for work performed.

4. Updating

   a. Contractor shall meet with University's Representative at least once per month, or as directed by University's Representative, to review the latest approved Contract Schedule for actual progress made to date, activities started and completed to date, and the percentage of work completed to date on each activity started but not completed, and to incorporate in the Contract Schedule all changes in the progress, sequences, and scope of Work activities.

      (1) The updated Contract Schedule shall accurately represent the as-built condition of all completed and in-progress Work activities as of the date of the updated Contract Schedule.

      (2) The updated Contract Schedule shall incorporate all changes mutually agreed upon by Contractor and University during preceding periodic reviews and all changes resulting from Change Orders and Field Orders.

      (3) Contractor shall document the effect on the updated Contract Schedule whenever float has been used.

C. Activities and Milestones

1. Identify all Work activities which constitute the critical path.

2. Identify all Work activities in correct sequence for the completion of the Work. Work activities shall include the following:

   a. Major Contractor-furnished equipment, materials, and building elements, and scheduled activities requiring submittals or University's prior approval.

   b. Show dates for the submission, review, and approval of each submittal. Dates shall be shown for the procurement, fabrication, delivery, and installation of major equipment, materials, and building elements, and for scheduled activities designated by University.

   c. System test dates.

   d. Scheduled overtime Work if required by Contract Documents.

   e. Dates of Contractor requests for designated working spaces, storage areas, access, and other facilities to be provided by University.

   f. Dates of Contractor requests for approvals and decisions from University on designated items.

   g. Dates of Contractor requests for University-furnished equipment.

   h. Dates of Contractor requests for University-furnished utilities.

   i. Connection and relocation of existing utilities.

   j. Connecting to or penetrating existing structures.
k. Inspections and testing.

l. Commissioning Sequence and activities for all building systems.

3. Include the milestones per 1.2.C.

4. Include all holidays and non-working days per 1.2.C.

1.4. SUMMARY SCHEDULE

A. All activities in the Contract Schedule shall be grouped to enable “rollup” of the activities in the form of a Summary Schedule which shall be submitted along with the updated Contract Schedule within 7 days prior to submitting Contractor’s next Application For Payment. A clear delineation of construction activities shall be shown on the summary schedule. The summary schedule shall be manpower and cost loaded.

B. Review and approval by University’s Representative of the Summary Schedule is a condition precedent to University making any progress payments for work performed.

1.5. NARRATIVE REPORT

A. With each updated Contract Schedule, Contractor shall provide an accompanying Narrative Report within 7 days prior to submitting its next Application For Payment.

B. The Narrative Report shall describe the progress achieved over the past period since the prior update, the progress anticipated during the upcoming period, critical activities, delays encountered during the prior period, delays anticipated during the upcoming period, and an audit of the Contract Time. The narrative shall also discuss the status of major project milestones. The audit shall show current days allowed by Contract, days used through the end of the period, days remaining, percent of time used to date, and percent complete as measured by a cost loaded schedule, and days ahead of or behind schedule. In the event that the Contractor was delayed by any occurrence during the prior period, the narrative report shall include a listing of all delays that affected the critical path and shall clearly explain the impact the claimed delay(s) had on the critical path and shall include an accounting of days lost or gained.

C. In the event the monthly update shows the Contractor to be behind schedule (negative float), the narrative shall include a description of actions needed to bring the project back on schedule.

D. Review and approval by University’s Representative of the Narrative Report is a condition precedent to University making any progress payments for work performed.

1.6. VARIANCE REPORT

A. A variance report shall be submitted along with the updated Contract Schedule within 7 days prior to submitting Contractor’s next Application For Payment.

B. The variance report shall compare the approved Baseline Schedule and the latest updated Contract Schedule. The report shall include a description of all activities completed during the preceding period (last approved updated Contract Schedule), a description of progress made and planned for activities listed as started but not completed on the updated Contract Schedule, and shall report noncritical activities which have been delayed 10 or more days and critical (8 days or less total float) activities that have incurred any delay. The format of this report shall include:

1. Activity code and description.
2. Baseline scheduled early start/finish dates.
3. Current anticipated early start/finish dates.
4. Days remaining to complete the activity.
5. Percentage complete of the activity.
6. Total float of the activity.

C. Review and approval by University's Representative of the Variance Report is a condition precedent to University making any progress payments for work performed.

1.7. CASH FLOW CURVE

A. Contractor shall submit its Cash Flow Curve of expected progress payments over the time of the Project along with its Contract Schedule within 7 days prior to submitting its first Application For Payment. The curve shall be plotted against the Contract Schedule using the Cost Breakdown approved by University's Representative.

B. Contractor shall furnish costs for each Work activity that cumulatively equal the total Contract Sum. Mobilization costs may be shown separately; however, other costs, such as profit and bonds, shall be pro-rated throughout all activities.

C. Contractor shall update the Cash Flow Curve with actuals from the approved progress payments and forecasted progress payments and submit it to University's Representative along with Contractor's updated Contract Schedule per 1.3. The total of approved progress payments and forecasted progress payments shall equal the Contract Sum plus approved Change Orders. The updated curve shall be plotted against the Baseline Schedule and updated Contract Schedule.

D. Review and approval by University's Representative of the Cash Flow Curve is a condition precedent to University making any progress payments for work performed.

1.8. MANPOWER CURVE

A. Contractor shall submit a Manpower Curve of the labor requirements per calendar week over the time of the Project along with its Contract Schedule within 7 days prior to submitting its first Application For Payment. The curve shall be plotted against the Baseline Schedule. The curve shall show the number of persons in each craft for each week.

B. Contractor shall update the Manpower Curve with actual labor employed and forecasted labor requirements necessary to complete the Project within the Contract Time, and shall submit it to University's Representative along with Contractor’s updated Contract Schedule per 1.3. The updated curve shall be plotted against the Baseline Schedule and updated Contract Schedule.

C. Review and approval by University’s Representative of the Manpower Curve is a condition precedent to University making any progress payments for work performed.

1.9. LOOK-AHEAD SCHEDULE

A. The Look-Ahead Schedule is a schedule derived from the Contract Schedule or updated Contract Schedule that indicates in detail all activities scheduled for work for the next 2 weeks and all activities scheduled to occur during the next 4 weeks.

B. Submit in 11” x 17” Gantt chart format. Provide as many copies as requested by University’s Representative.

C. The Look-Ahead Schedule shall be generated from the then current Preliminary Contract Schedule, Contract Schedule, or updated Contract Schedule.

1.10. FINAL AS-BUILT SCHEDULE

A. A combined 2-week Look-Ahead Schedule with a 2-week As-Built Schedule for previous two weeks shall be submitted by Contractor for review and approval as often as requested by the University’s Representative, at no additional cost.
B. As a condition precedent to final acceptance of the Project, Contractor shall submit a final As-Built Schedule and all final reports which accurately reflect the manner in which the Project was constructed and includes actual start and completion dates for all work activities on the last updated Contract Schedule.

C. As a condition precedent to the release of retention, the last update of the Contract Schedule submitted shall be identified by the Contractor as the “As Built Schedule”. The As-Built Schedule shall be submitted when all activities are 100 percent complete. The As-Built Schedule shall reflect the exact manner in which the Project was actually constructed (including start and completion dates, activities, sequences, and logic) and shall include a statement signed by the Contractor that the As Built Schedule accurately reflects the actual sequence and timing of the construction of the Project.

1.11. RESPONSIBILITY FOR COMPLETION

A. Delays of any non-critical Work activity shall not be the basis for an extension of Contract Time until the delays consume the float associated with that non-critical Work activity and cause the Work activity to become critical.

B. Contractor shall not sequester float through strategies including extending activity duration estimates to consume available float, using preferential logic, using extensive or insufficient crew/resource loading, use of float suppression techniques, special lead/lag logic restraints or imposed dates. Use of float time disclosed or implied by the use of alternate float suppression techniques shall be shared for the benefit of both the University and contractor.

C. It is acknowledged that University generated time savings (critical path submittal reviews returned in less time than allowed by the Contract Documents, approval of substitution requests which result in a savings of time for contractor) create shared float. Accordingly, University caused delays may be offset by University generated time savings.

D. Contractor agrees that whenever it becomes apparent from the current updated Contract Schedule that the Contract completion date will not be met, it will take some or all of the following actions, with prior approval of University’s Representative, at no additional cost.

1. Increase construction manpower in such quantities and crafts as will eliminate, in the judgment of University’s Representative, any delay.

2. Increase the number of working hours per shift, shifts per working day, working days per week, or the amount of construction equipment, or any combination of the foregoing, sufficiently to eliminate, in the judgment of University’s Representative, any delay. This paragraph shall not be construed to permit Contractor to violate the work hour restrictions specified in the Contract Documents.

3. Reschedule activities to achieve maximum practical concurrent completion activities within the requirements of the specifications.

1.12. ADJUSTMENT OF TIME FOR COMPLETION

A. Contractor shall submit a detailed time impact analysis of the Contract Schedule to support an adjustment of the Contract Time for delay under Article 8 of the General Conditions or an adjustment of the Contract Sum for delay under Article 7 of the General Conditions.

B. Each time impact analysis shall provide information justifying the request and stating the extent of the adjustment requested for each specific change or alleged delay. Each time impact analysis shall be in form and content acceptable to University’s Representative, and shall include, but not be limited to the following:
1. A fragmentary CPM type network (Fragnet) illustrating how Contractor proposes to incorporate the change or alleged delay into the current updated Contract Schedule.

2. Identification of activities in the current updated Contract Schedule which are proposed to be amended due to the change or alleged delay, together with engineering estimates and other appropriate data justifying the proposal.

C. The time impact analysis shall be determined on the basis of the date when the change was issued, or the date when the alleged delay began. The status of completion of the Work and time impact analysis shall include event time computations for all affected activities.

D. Contractor shall provide time impact analysis at no additional cost to demonstrate the time impact upon the Contract Time.

E. If University’s Representative finds, after review of the time impact analysis, that Contractor is entitled to any extension of time, the Contract Time will be adjusted per the General Conditions, and Contractor shall revise the updated Contract Schedule accordingly.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 – EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

END OF SECTION
PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1. SUMMARY

A. Section includes Terms and Conditions for the transfer of Electronic Data to Contractor for use in preparation of Submittals, Record Documents, coordination drawings, and related documents to be produced by Contractor and submitted to University:

1. **CONTRACTOR’S ACCEPTANCE OF ELECTRONIC DATA IN ANY FORM SHALL CONSTITUTE ACCEPTANCE OF THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THIS SECTION, INCLUDING PAYMENT OF INDICATED FEES.**

B. The University and the Contractor acknowledge that established administrative procedures for management of construction Projects anticipate paper documentation and methods for the exchange of such documents. To the extent the administrative and procedural requirements of the Contract Documents are predicated on established practices the University and the Contractor agree to accept reasonable modifications to certain procedural requirements to facilitate electronic exchange of information and the use of digital media.

C. Submittals: Only a material original stamped and signed by the University's Representative shall be acceptable as an official record of the processed submittal. When directed, quantities of document submittals specified in the Contract Documents may be adjusted as permitted to facilitate utilization of electronic transfer of information.

1.2. TERMS AND CONDITIONS

A. In consideration of Contractor's request to the University to deliver certain Electronic Data for use on the Project, Contractor agrees to the following:

1. Electronic Data includes but is not limited to, computer-aided design (CAD) files including native file formats (DWG) and drawing exchange formats (DXF), and files produced by word processing, spreadsheet, scheduling, data base and other software programs. The Electronic Data may be provided in an original format produced by Design Professional or other University consultant, or an alternate, “translated” format as requested by other parties to this Agreement.

2. The means by which the Electronic Data is transferred may include but are not limited to, electronic mail, File Transfer Protocol (FTP) sites, project websites, and disk copies transmitted between the parties to this Agreement. Contractor acknowledges that Electronic Data transferred in any manner or translated from the system and format used by Design Professional or other University consultant, to an alternate system or format is subject to errors that may affect the accuracy and reliability of the data and that the data may be altered, whether inadvertently or otherwise. Accordingly, the University and Design Professional make no warranty, express or implied, as to the accuracy of the information transferred. The Electronic Data are not the Bidding Documents and differences may exist between these electronic files and corresponding hard-copy Bidding Documents. University reserves the right to retain hard copy originals in addition to electronic copies of the Electronic Data transferred, which originals shall be referred to and shall govern.

3. As consideration to University for the transfer of the Electronic Data, Contractor agrees that the University, University's Design Professional, and University's agents and consultants shall not be liable for and hereby waives all claims and agrees to indemnify and hold University harmless from all liabilities, losses, damages or expenses (including attorneys’ fees) arising out of, or connected with: (1) the transfer of Electronic
Data by any means; (2) the use, modification or misuse by parties other than University and Design Professional of the Electronic Data; (3) the limited life expectancy and decline of accuracy or readability of the Electronic Data due to storage; (4) any use of the Electronic Data by any third parties receiving the data from other parties to this Agreement; or (5) the incompatibility of software or hardware used by University and Design Professional and the other parties participating in the Work.

4. The Electronic Data provided under the terms of this Agreement are the proprietary information of University. All Electronic Data shall be treated as confidential and shall not be disclosed to or shared with others without express, written consent from the University's.

5. The University shall issue the most current information available, but does not undertake the responsibility for providing updated information as the Project proceeds. Contractor may make a specific written request for such updated information as Contractor deems necessary, which University will then provide subject to the Terms and Conditions hereof.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 – EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

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## SUBMITTAL SCHEDULE

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**NOTE:** Should a discrepancy arise between this schedule's requirements and individual requirements, the most stringent requirement shall prevail.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 01 3300
SUBMITTALS

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1. SUMMARY

A. Section includes:

1. Certificates
2. Shop Drawings, Product Data, and Samples
3. LEED Documentation
4. Refrigerant Management Documentation
5. Contractor Certification Form
6. Subcontractor Certification Form
7. Submittal Schedule

B. Definitions:

1. Mockups are full-size assemblies for review of construction, coordination, testing, or operation, appearance, and finish by which the Work will be judged; they are not Samples.
2. The terms “Shop Drawings” and “Product Data” are defined in Article 3.12 of the General Conditions.
3. As used herein, the term “manufactured” applies to standard units usually mass-produced. The term “fabricated” means items specifically assembled or made out of selected materials to meet individual design requirements. Shop drawings shall establish the actual detail of all manufactured or fabricated items, indicate proper relation to adjoining Work, and amplify design details of mechanical and electrical equipment in proper relation to physical spaces in the structure.
4. The terms "Shop Drawings" and "Product Data" are defined in Article 3.12 of the General Conditions.

C. Manufacturers’ Instructions: Where any item of Work is required by the Contract Documents to be furnished, installed, or performed in accordance with a specified product manufacturer’s instruction, Contractor shall procure and distribute the necessary copies of such instructions to University’s Representative and all other concerned parties, and Contractor shall furnish, install, or perform the Work in strict accordance therewith.

OR

Manufacturer’s Instructions: Where it is required in the specifications that materials, products, processes, equipment or the like to be installed or applied in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, directions or specification, or words to this effect, it shall be construed to mean that said application or installation shall be in strict accordance with printed instructions furnished by the manufacturer of the material concerned for use under conditions similar to those at the job site. Three (3) copies of such instructions shall be furnished to the University's Representative and his/her approval thereof obtained before work is begun.

D. The University's Representative or its Design Professional reserves the right to review and request the removal or redesign of manufacturers' trade marks and names on items of materials and equipment which will be exposed to view in the completed Work. Such removal or redesign shall be at no increase in Contract Sum.
E. Materials and equipment, for which Underwriters’ Laboratories, Inc. standards have been established and their label service is available, shall bear the appropriate UL label.

1.2. CERTIFICATES

A. Certifications of Review and Coordination: Within 10 days of Notice to Proceed, submit completed Contractor Certification of Review and Coordination and all Subcontractor Certifications of Review and Coordination.

B. Certifications of Review and Coordination: As required by the General Conditions, perform a thorough review of the Contract Documents prior to commencing the Work. If there are no exceptions, write "NO EXCEPTIONS" in the space provided.

1. Complete a copy of the Contractor Certification of Review and Coordination Form following this Section.
2. Require all subcontractors to perform a thorough review of the Contract Documents and complete a copy of the Subcontractor Certification of Review and Coordination Form following this Section.
3. Review all completed Forms and resolve conflicting comments, if any, among the various parties so as to present a clear, concise view of items noted.
4. Submitting the required certifications does not relieve the Contractor from responsibility to continue to immediately report new discrepancies, errors, omissions, conflicts, code violations, and improper use of materials discovered in the Contract Documents during the course of construction.
5. Applications for Payment will not be processed by the University's Representative until all certificates have been received.

1.3. SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES

A. Shop drawings, product data, and samples, other than in connection with proposed substitutions, shall be submitted to University's Representative only when specifically required; and University's Representative will not review any other such submittals. Product data and samples for proposed substitutions shall be submitted to University's Representative in accordance with Section 01 2500. Contractor shall be responsible for obtaining such copies of shop drawings, product data, and samples as it may require for its own use. Submittals Not Required: No shop drawings of supplemental data are required unless specifically requested by the University or specified herein. No shop drawings shall be submitted unless specifically requested.

1. Submittal Schedule:

a. Refer to Specific Specification Sections for the list of submittals required under each section and indicate the required submittals on the attached Submittal Schedule for review by University's Design Professional. A schedule of submission of shop drawings, product data, and samples by Contractor ("Submittal Schedule"), and their processing and return by the University's Design Professional shall be agreed upon by both parties in order that the items covered by these submittals will be available when needed by the construction process and so that each party can plan its workload in an orderly manner. Submit Submittal Schedule no later than 30 days after Award of Contract.

b. Contractor shall prepare the Submittal Schedule in the form as attached or similar form acceptable to the University's Representative, and coordinate it with the Contract Schedule. No submittals will be processed before the Submittal Schedule has been submitted to and accepted by University's Representative, except in such cases where the processing of submittals is required to maintain job progress before the acceptance of the Submittal Schedule.

c. In preparing the Submittal Schedule, Contractor must first determine from the Contract Schedule the date a particular item is needed for the Work. Working
backwards, Contractor will establish the number of days required for fabrication, shipment, placement, and similar activities to determine the date required for the first submittal.
d. Allow 14-28 day duration for the University's Design Professional's initial review of submittals depending on the submittal/shop drawing and specification section. Allow 7 days for Design Professional to re-review revised or unapproved submittal/shop drawings.
e. Contractor to indicate whether the submittal is a “Full” or “Partial” submittal on the schedule and on the submittal.

2. Material List: Provide complete material list of products proposed for use. Submit Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for Owner's use. Neither the University Representative nor its Design Professional will review MSDS.

3. Contractor’s Review:

a. Contractor Review: The shop drawings and supplemental data, when called for, shall be submitted as the instruments of the Contractor, even though they may have been prepared by a subcontractor, supplier, dealer, manufacturer, or by any other person, firm or organization. Prior to submission, the Contractor shall undertake his/her own review and stamp with his/her acceptance those shop drawings and supplemental data he/she is requested to submit to the University's Architect/Design Professional for his/her review. By accepting and submitting shop drawings and supplemental data, the Contractor represents that the Contractor has determined and verified all field measurements, the physical construction, the quality of materials, the applicability of catalog numbers, and similar data, or will do so, and that the Contractor has checked and coordinated each shop drawing with the requirements of the work and of the Contract Documents. Conflicts with other trades shall be resolved by the Contractor in the shop drawings, if possible, but in any event prior to the actual construction. Drawings submitted in response to a request of the University's Architect shall show rearrangements, if any, made necessary by the use of materials or equipment other than those specified. Review, mark-up as appropriate, and stamp show drawings, product data, and samples prior to submission. Submittals shall clearly show that they have been reviewed and approved by Contractor for conformance with the requirements of the Contract Documents and for coordination with other Sections.
b. Submittals not stamped and signed by Contractor will be returned without review.
c. Determine and verify:
   (1) Field measurements.
   (2) Field construction criteria.
   (3) Catalog numbers and similar data.
   (4) Conformance with Contract Documents.
d. Coordinate each submittal with requirements of the Work and of the Contract Documents.
e. Notify University’s Representative and it’s Design Professional in writing, at time of submission, of any changes in the submittals from requirements of the Contract Documents. Contractor is responsible to correct the deficiencies from the requirements of the contract documents when any changes are not made in writing to the University Representative or its Design Professional at the time of submission. The approval of submittals will be deemed null and void.
f. Begin no fabrication or Work which requires submittals until the return of the University's Design Professional’s final reviewed submittals.
4. Coordination Drawings: Prepare coordination drawings where careful coordination is needed for installation of products and materials fabricated by separate entities as specified in Section 01 3300. Prepare coordination drawings where limited space availability necessitates maximum utilization of space for efficient installation of different components.
   a. Show the relationship of components shown on separate Shop Drawings.
   b. Indicate required installation sequences.
   c. Comply with requirements contained in this Section.

5. BIM Procedures:
   a. Contractor shall establish procedures for coordinating work using BIM methods and protocols.
   b. Format and Development: Prepare coordination drawings according to the following requirements:
      (1) Prepare BIM files for the project based on original hard copy documents as received from the University.
      (2) Prepare all files using BIM software program, version, and operating system as approved by University.
      (3) Prepare BIM Execution Plan establishing BIM protocols for project, including standards, responsibilities of Contractor and sub-contractors, schedules, clash detection, and quality control.
      (4) Designate a specific staff person as Contractor’s BIM Coordinator.
      (5) Submit or post coordination drawing files using format same as file preparation format or Portable Data File (PDF) format.
   c. Clash Detection:
      (1) Using BIM procedures perform clash detection as part of preparation of coordination drawings.
      (2) Include clash detection protocol in the BIM execution plan.
      (3) BIM Coordinator will review and assemble the various design and trade models, create clash reports and conduct coordination meetings with University’s Representative as defined by the BIM execution plan.
      (4) Run Parameters: Clash detection, at minimum, shall be set to report any hard clashes within a 1/4 inch tolerance. Clearance tolerances shall be used to account for additional material applied to modeled elements, such as fire proofing or required clearances.
      (5) At a minimum, review Clash Detection documents on a weekly basis. Identify conflicts requiring document modifications and review with University’s Representative.
      (6) Update model elements based on field verification of dimensions and orientation.
   d. Following resolution of conflicts and clash detection, prepare coordination drawings for review as follows:
      (1) Comply with shop drawing requirements for sheet size and submittal methods specified in Section 01 3300 “Submittals”.
      (2) Refer to Specifications in Divisions 2-33 technical specification sections for specific Coordination Drawing requirements.
      (3) Provide composite coordination drawings for equipment and system installations in mechanical and electrical rooms and spaces where two or more entities will provide the work.
      (4) Provide composite coordination drawings showing planned locations of core cuts, sleeves, and other penetrations intended for placement in
concrete decks, slabs, and structural components. Indicate intended use such as openings for conduit, piping, ducts, and utility services.

(5) Provide composite coordination drawings showing planned locations of fire and sound rated wall penetrations, including dampers. Indicate intended use such as openings for conduit, piping, ducts, and utility services.

(6) Prepare above-ceiling coordination drawings showing all above-ceiling work including structural members and required clearances and dimensions.

e. At the end of the project as part of the close out submittals the Contractor shall provide an “as-built” BIM model to be given to the University in addition to the hard copy as built drawings.

6. Submission Requirements:

a. Make submittals promptly in accordance with the Specifications and in such sequence as to cause no delay in the Work.

(1) Coordination: Coordinate preparation and processing of submittals with performance of construction activities. Transmit each submittal sufficiently in advance of performance of related construction activities to avoid delay.

(a) Coordinate each submittal with fabrication, purchasing, testing, delivery, other submittals and related activities that require sequential activity.

(b) Coordinate transmittal of different types of submittals for related elements of the work so processing will not be delayed by the need to review submittals concurrently for coordination.

(c) The University's Representative reserves the right to withhold action on a submittal requiring coordination with other submittals until related submittals are received.

(2) Processing: Allow sufficient review time so that installation will not be delayed as a result of the time required to process submittals, including time for resubmittals.

(a) Allow sufficient time from receipt by University's Representative, for initial review and comment. Allow additional time if processing must be delayed to permit coordination with subsequent submittals. The University's Representative will promptly advise the Contractor when a submittal being processing must be delayed for coordination.

(b) If an intermediate submittal is necessary, process the same as the initial submittal.

(c) Allow additional time for reprocessing each submittal.

(d) No extension of Contract Time will be authorized because of failure to transmit submittals to the University's Representative sufficiently in advance of the Work to permit processing.

b. Number of Submittals Required: Refer to Specification Section 01 3500 “Document Control” for distribution of Shop Drawings and Product Data submittals. After each submittal has been reviewed by the Design Professional and returned to the Contractor. The Contractor shall make (two) 2 hard copies of all approved submittals and shall submit the hard copies to the University's Representative for project record filing.

(1) Samples: Contractor to submit a minimum of (five) 5 physical samples each of products and or samples for Design Professional's review and approval. After review and approval one sample will be retained by the architect, two (2) for
the contractor and its subcontractor and two (2) for the University's Representative.

(2) Shop drawings and supplemental data, where called for, shall be prepared and submitted as per General Conditions. Final corrected copies of schedules and shop drawings or supplemental data to University's Design Professional for review shall be such as to provide one (1) for University's Architect's files, two (2) for the University and two (2) to the Contractor's job files and for distribution by the Contractor to subcontractors or vendors. Exceptions shall be as noted in Specifications sections.

c. Submittals shall contain:

(1) Identification data number assigned by the Contractor, consisting of the specification section number followed with the number 001 and continuing in sequence.

(a) Resubmittals: Add a letter to the previous identification, for instance 01 3400/005/R1 would be a first resubmittal.

(b) Use a separate number for each product, assembly, or system. Similar or related items may be grouped only if compatible with review process as approved.

(2) Date of submission and dates of any previous submissions.

(3) Project name and number, and contract identification.

(4) Names of Contractor, Subcontractor, Supplier and Manufacturer.

(5) Identification of item, with Specification Section number and article/paragraph references.

(6) Field dimensions, clearly identified as such.

(7) Relation to adjacent or critical features of the Work or materials.

(8) Reference standards, such as ASTM or Federal Specification numbers.

(9) Identification of changes from requirements of the Contract Documents.

(10) Identification of revisions on resubmittals.

(11) An 8-inch x 3 inch blank space for review stamps, as necessary.

(12) Contractor’s stamp, initialed or signed, certifying to the review of the submittal; verification of materials and field measurements and conditions; and compliance of the information within the submittal with requirements of the Work and of the Contract Documents.

d. Interpretation of Terms:

(1) "As directed", "as required", "as permitted", "acceptable", "satisfactory", means by or to the University's Architect. The term "equal" means "equal in the opinion of the University's Architect after submittal data is reviewed". The term "favorable review" means that the submittals for material list, shop drawings, material substitutions, schedules, etc., will be reviewed by the University's Architect and copies returned to the Contractor marked as "Review Completed", "No Exceptions Taken" or "Make Corrections Noted" in which case no further submittals are needed.

(2) Submittals returned marked "Resubmit", "Amend and Resubmit" or "Rejected - Resubmit" shall be corrected to comply with project requirements and shall be resubmitted for review

7. Resubmission Requirements:

a. Shop Drawings and Product Data:

(1) Revise shop drawings or product data, and resubmit as specified for the initial submittal, only if required by University's Design Professional.

(2) Identify any changes which have been made other than those requested.
Note any departures from the Contract Documents or changes in previously reviewed submittals which were not commented upon by University's Design Professional.

b. Samples: Submit new samples as required for initial submittal.

c. University's Design Professional’s Review: The University's Design Professional will review shop drawings and supplemental data submitted by the Contractor only for general design conformance with the concept of the Project and compliance with the information given in the Contract Documents. Review of such submittals is not conducted for the purpose of determining the accuracy and completeness of other details such as dimensions and quantities, or for substantiating instructions for installation or performance of equipment or systems, all of which remain the responsibility of Contractor as required by the Contract Documents.

8. Distribution:

a. Reproduce and distribute copies of Submittals including Shop Drawings and Product Data, which carry the University's Design Professional's review stamp, to the following locations:
   (3) Contractor's Project site file.
   (4) Record documents file maintained by Contractor.
   (5) Separate Contractors.
   (6) Subcontractors.
   (7) Supplier or manufacturer.
   (8) Other involved parties as directed by University's Representative.

9. Design Professional’s or Design Professional’s designee’s or University Representative’s Review will be under the following conditions.

a. Review of submittals is only for general conformance with the design concept of the Project and general compliance with the information given in the Contract Documents. Review of such submittals is not conducted for the purpose of determining the accuracy and completeness of other details such as dimensions and quantities, or for substantiating instructions for installation or performance of equipment or systems, all of which remain the responsibility of contractor as required by the Contract Documents.

b. The review does not affect the Contractor’s responsibility to perform all Contract requirements with no change in Contract Sum or Contract Time. Any actions shown are subject to the requirements of the Drawings, Specifications and other Contract Documents. The Contractor is responsible to confirm and correlate dimensions at the site, for information that pertains to the fabrication processes, for the means, methods, techniques, procedures, sequences and quantities necessary to complete the Contract and for coordination of the work of all trades and satisfactory performance of his work. The review is undertaken solely to satisfy Consultant’s obligations, if any to the University and shall not give rise to any claim by the Contractor or other parties against the University’s Representative, his/her Consultants or University.

B. Shop Drawings

1. Present information required on shop drawings in a clear and thorough manner. Identify details by reference to drawings and detail, schedule, or room numbers shown and specified.

2. Shop drawings shall be original drawings by the Contractor. Direct reproductions of the Contract Drawings will not be acceptable as shop drawings.
3. **Shop Drawings Delineation**: The Shop Drawings shall be drawn to scale and shall be completely dimensioned, giving the plan together with such sections as are necessary to clearly show construction detail.

4. **Responsibility**: These Shop Drawings and all supporting data, catalogs, etc., shall be prepared by the Contractor or his/her suppliers, but shall be submitted as the instruments of the Contractor. Therefore, the Contractor shall review and approve the drawings of his/her suppliers as well as his/her own drawings before submitting them to the University's Representative. In particular, the Contractor shall ascertain that the drawings meet all requirements of the Drawings and Specifications and also conform to the structural and space conditions. Each Shop Drawing submitted for review shall bear a stamp certifying that it has been reviewed and approved by the Contractor in accordance with the Contract Documents. If such Shop Drawings show variations from Contract Documents, whether because of standard shop practice or other reasons, the Contractor shall make special mention thereof in his/her letter of transmittal. The Contractor shall be fully responsible for observing the need for and making any changes in the arrangement of piping, connections, wiring, manner of installation, etc., which may be required by the equipment he/she proposes to supply both as pertains to his/her own work and any work affected under other parts, heading or divisions of Drawings and Specifications.

5. **Identification**: Shop Drawings shall be entitled with the name of the project on each sheet and shall otherwise be identified by listing the particular division, section, article or reference of the work pertaining. Submit different items on separate sheets. All submittals shall be numbered sequentially.

6. **Manner**: Furnish for University's Design Professional's approval separate sheets of submittal of each specialty item in the following manner:
   a. Catalog cuts shall be photocopied or reproduced in some other acceptable manner and submitted on one (1) side only of an 8-1/2" x 11" sheet, noting only the items in question, together with the descriptive (specification) data complete. Once the Design Professional has reviewed the submittal provide two (2) hard copies of each approved, stamped shop drawing and other supporting data to the on-site University's Representative.
   b. Each sheet shall be identified with the division, section, article or reference in the Contract Documents which covers the item submitted for approval.
   c. Each sheet shall be identified with the project name, the University's Representative and the project's Design Professional.
   d. Each sheet shall bear the Contractor's stamp and signature of approval.

7. All shop drawings shall be drawn accurately suitable for duplicate copying by black line, blue line printing processes or photocopy.

8. **Supplemental Data**: Supplemental data shall include information as noted in the specification paragraphs requiring them, or as requested by the University.

9. **Review Required**: Shop drawings, if requested, must be submitted to and favorably reviewed by the University's Architect/Design Professional before being used by the Contractor on the job.

**C. Product Data**

1. Clearly mark each copy to identify pertinent Products or models.

2. Show performance data consisting of capabilities, rpm, kw pressure drops, design and operating pressures, temperatures, performance curves, noise level curves, power characteristics and consumption; conforming as closely as possible to the test methods referenced in the plan and specifications.
3. Show dimensions, weights and clearances required.

4. Show wiring or piping diagrams and controls.

5. Modify the standard schematic drawings and other diagrams to delete information, which is not applicable to the Work.

6. Supplement standard information to provide information specifically applicable to the Work.

D. Samples

1. Office samples shall be of sufficient size and quality to clearly illustrate the following:
   a. Functional characteristics of the products, with integrally related parts and attachment devices.
   b. Full ranges of color, texture, and pattern.
   c. Provide a minimum of 5 samples plus any additional number for Contractor needs.

2. Samples herein referred to shall include all materials, equipment, surface textures, colors, fabrics, etc., as required by Drawings and Specifications or as requested by the University's Design Representative. They shall be submitted as required by the Specifications or requested by the University's Representative or its Design Professional.

3. Submittal: Samples, properly identified and described, shall be submitted as noted herein, or as may be required by the University's Representative. They shall be submitted and resubmitted until approved. No approval of a sample shall be taken in itself to change or modify any contract requirement. Finishes, materials, or workmanship in the completed building shall match the approved samples.

4. Manner: Contractor shall forward all samples under cover letter in five (5) copies, including a complete listing of such samples designated for use on the project, with complete identification on each sample by project name, ultimate destination of material, manufacturer, brand, lot, style, model, etc., Contract Document reference as well as the names of the Contractor, Supplier, Project, Design Professional and University's Representative. All submittals shall be numbered sequentially.

5. Return: Samples of value will be returned to the Contractor for use in the project after review, analysis, comparison and/or testing as may be required by the University's Architect.

6. Test Sample: Test samples, as the University's Representative designates, will be selected from the materials or equipment delivered by the Contractor for use in the work. If any test sample fails to meet the specification requirements, all previous approvals will be withdrawn and such materials or equipment which fail the testing shall be subject to removal and replacement by the Contractor with materials or equipment meeting the specification requirements.

E. Mockups

1. Provide mock-ups as described in Specification Section 01 4339 and on the following drawings:

2. Material List: Provide complete material list of products proposed for use. Submit Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for Owner’s use. Neither the University Representative nor its Design Professional will review MSDS.

3. Contractor’s Review: Review, mark-up as appropriate, and stamp show drawings, product data, and samples prior to submission. Submittals shall clearly show that they have been reviewed and approved by Contractor for conformance with the requirements of the Contract Documents and for coordination with other Sections.
1.4. LEED DOCUMENTATION

A. Sustainable Design and LEED submittals are in addition to other submittals. If submittal item is identical to that submitted to comply with other requirements, submit duplicate electronic copies as a separate submittal to verify compliance. Any discrepancies shall be referred to the Universities Representative for clarification.

B. LEED documentation submittals shall be prepared and submitted using the LEED-Online credit website.

C. Refer to Section 01 8113 “Sustainability Design Requirements” item 1.5 Submittals; for the complete listing of all LEED documentation and submittals required for the project.

1.5. REFRIGERANT MANAGEMENT DOCUMENTATION

A. UCR has instituted a requirement to comply with end-of-year refrigerant inventory for reporting to UCOP and with the South Coast Air Quality Management District’s policies to account for the use of refrigerant gas delivery, recovery and charging installed with new HVAC and any other equipment using gas refrigerant on UCR projects.

B. To provide accurate accounting for the reporting of the refrigerant charge in a mechanical system and/or equipment, the actual quantity must be known in order to document gas lost from leaks etc. when repairs are done.

C. HVAC and other equipment utilizing gas refrigerant that are delivered to the site intact with the factory charge quantity listed on the nameplate or in literature submitted for the design professional’s review, can sometimes be charged in the field according to various indications. Therefore the contractor who delivers and installs any system and/or equipment which uses refrigerant shall provide startup reports that list the exact quantity of gas charged into each system and submit these reports to the University’s Representative who will provide to UCR EH&S.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 – EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

END OF SECTION
CONTRACTOR CERTIFICATION

COMPLETE THIS CERTIFICATE, INCLUDING SIGNATURE BY PERSON DIRECTLY RESPONSIBLE FOR WORK ON THIS PROJECT. REVIEW EACH SUBCONTRACTOR CERTIFICATION FOR COMPLETENESS AND COORDINATION WITH COMMENTS MADE ON THIS CERTIFICATE AND OTHER SUBCONTRACTOR CERTIFICATES. SUBMIT THIS CERTIFICATE AND ALL SUBCONTRACTOR CERTIFICATES TO THE UNIVERSITY’S REPRESENTATIVE WITHIN 10 DAYS OF RECEIVING NOTICE TO PROCEED.

1. As required by the General Conditions of the Contract for Construction, the undersigned certifies that a thorough review has been made of all of the Contract Documents, including, but not limited to the Agreement, General and Supplementary conditions, Drawings, specifications, and Addenda (if any) for the Work. The undersigned also acknowledges each subcontractor has been required to perform a similar thorough review and that Contractor and subcontractors have related and coordinated requirements of individual units of Work to requirements for the entire Work.

2. The undersigned acknowledges his/her obligation to identify below discrepancies, errors, omissions, conflicts, code violations, and improper use of materials discovered in the Contract Documents. Except as noted below and on subcontractor certificates, the undersigned certifies, to the best of his/her knowledge, information, and belief that the Work can be completed in a workmanlike manner without extensive modifications or additional expense.

EXCEPTIONS:
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________

NAME, ADDRESS, TELEPHONE OF CONTRACTOR:
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________

AUTHORIZED SIGNATURE: ___________________________ DATE: ________________

NAME (PRINTED CLEARLY OR TYPED): ___________________________

TITLE: ___________________________

END OF CONTRACTOR CERTIFICATION
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INTENTIONALLY
SUBCONTRACTOR CERTIFICATION

COMPLETE THIS CERTIFICATE, INCLUDING SIGNATURE BY PERSON DIRECTLY RESPONSIBLE FOR WORK ON THIS PROJECT, AND SUBMIT TO THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR WITHIN 5 DAYS OF RECEIVING NOTICE TO PROCEED FROM GENERAL CONTRACTOR.

1. As required by the General Conditions of the Contract FOR construction, the undersigned certifies that a thorough review has been made of all of the Contract Documents, including, but not limited to the Agreement, General and Supplementary Conditions, Drawings, Specifications, and Addenda (if any) for the Work. The undersigned also certifies that Contractor and subcontractor have related and coordinated requirements for the entire Work.

2. The undersigned acknowledges his/her obligation to identify below discrepancies, errors, omissions, conflicts, code violations, and improper use of materials discovered in the Contract Documents. Except as noted below, the undersigned certifies, to the best of his/her knowledge, information, and belief that no such discrepancies, errors, omissions, conflicts, code violations, or improper use of materials occur in the Contract Documents.

3. Except as noted below, the undersigned has no objection to, or reservation about, the materials to be furnished or the conditions under which they will be installed, and is satisfied that contractual responsibilities for units of Work for which undersigned is responsible can be completed in a workmanlike manner without extensive modifications or additional expense.

EXCEPTIONS: _____________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________

UNITS OF WORK FOR WHICH UNDERSIGNED IS RESPONSIBLE:
________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________

NAME, ADDRESS, TELEPHONE OF SUBCONTRACTOR:
________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________

AUTHORIZED SIGNATURE: __________________________________ DATE ________________

NAME (PRINTED CLEARLY OR TYPED) __________________________________________

TITLE: ________________________________________________________________

END OF SUBCONTRACTOR CERTIFICATION
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INTENTIONALLY
SECTION 01 3543
ENVIRONMENTAL PROCEDURES

PART 1 – GENERAL
1.1. SUMMARY

A. This Section includes:
   1. Hazardous Materials Procedures
   2. Toxic Materials Procedures
   3. University of California – Approved TSDFs (Attached to end of Section.)

B. Submittals:
   1. Submit Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all materials, whether existing or incorporated into the work, which are identified as potentially hazardous but not required to be abated.

1.2. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PROCEDURES

A. Except as otherwise specified, in the event Contractor encounters on the Project site material reasonably believed to be asbestos, polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB), or other hazardous materials which have not been rendered harmless, Contractor shall immediately stop Work in the area affected and report the condition to University and University's Representative in writing. The Work in the affected area shall not thereafter be resumed except by written agreement of University and Contractor if in fact the material is asbestos, PCB, or other hazardous materials and has not been rendered harmless. The Work in the affected area shall be resumed in the absence of asbestos, PCB, or other hazardous materials, or when such materials have been rendered harmless.

B. If material has been encountered on site and the Contractor has reported the condition to the University's Representative, then the University Representative shall contact UCR Environmental Health and Safety office (EH&S) and Ambient Environmental, the University's hazardous material consultant to conduct an on-site assessment of the material and if it is found to be hazardous then Ambient Environmental shall prepare a plan to remove it off site and dispose of it at a University of California approved Treatment, Storage, and Disposal Facility (TSDF). See the list of University of California – Approved TSDFs attached to the end of this Section.

1.3. TOXIC MATERIALS PROCEDURES – Not Used

PART 2 – PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)
PART 3 – EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

END OF SECTION
This document is a list of permitted treatment, storage, and disposal facilities (TSDFs) that have been deemed acceptable for use in managing hazardous waste generated by the University of California (UC) or at UC facilities. Neither UC nor any of its employees makes any warranty, express or implied, as to the merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose of the goods or services provided by the TSDFs listed above. Except as stated above, reference to the TSDFs in this document does not necessarily constitute or imply its endorsement or recommendation by UC and UC expresses no opinion as to any TSDF that does not appear in this document. This document shall not be used for advertising or product endorsement purposes or for any other use not expressly authorized in writing by UC.

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<td>Kinston</td>
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<td>Envirosafe</td>
<td>Hwy 78 Missle Base Road</td>
<td>Grand View</td>
<td>ID</td>
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<tr>
<td>Heritage Environmental Services, Inc.</td>
<td>7990 W. Morris Street</td>
<td>Indianapolis IN</td>
<td>46231</td>
<td>(317) 248-0811</td>
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<tr>
<td>Heritage Environmental Services, LLC</td>
<td>5122 East Story Road</td>
<td>Coolidge</td>
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<td>85522-520723417</td>
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<td>Heritage Landfill</td>
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<td>Rockchable</td>
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<tr>
<td>Kingsbury Brothers Incorporated</td>
<td>1314 Lemon Street</td>
<td>Anaheim</td>
<td>CA</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mercury Waste Solutions, Inc.</td>
<td>1500 Deer Avenue</td>
<td>Kokomo</td>
<td>IN</td>
<td>46902</td>
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<tr>
<td>Merry X-Ray</td>
<td>131 South Maple #1</td>
<td>S. San Fran</td>
<td>CA</td>
<td>94089</td>
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<tr>
<td>ONYX (formerly AETS)</td>
<td>1125 Hendey Street</td>
<td>Richmond</td>
<td>CA</td>
<td>94801</td>
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<tr>
<td>Onyx (formerly CWM OSCO)</td>
<td>1794 W. First Street</td>
<td>Azusa</td>
<td>CA</td>
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<tr>
<td>Onyx (Superior Special Services, Inc.)</td>
<td>5736 W. Grove Ave.</td>
<td>Phoenix</td>
<td>AZ</td>
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<tr>
<td>Perma-Fix (Quadex)</td>
<td>1940 NW 67th Street</td>
<td>Gainesville FL</td>
<td>32053</td>
<td>(405) 468-2000</td>
<td>FLDD98701107</td>
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<tr>
<td>Philip Environmental (Burirling)</td>
<td>20245 - 77th Avenue, south</td>
<td>Kent</td>
<td>WA</td>
<td>98032</td>
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<tr>
<td>Philip Environmental (Georgetown)</td>
<td>734 Lucille Street</td>
<td>Seattle</td>
<td>WA</td>
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<tr>
<td>Philip Environmental (Rho-Chem)</td>
<td>425 Isla Avenue</td>
<td>Ingval Park</td>
<td>UT</td>
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<td>Photo Waste Recycling Co., Inc.</td>
<td>2980 Kerner Boulevard</td>
<td>San Rafael</td>
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<td>Photo Waste Recycling Co., Inc.</td>
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<td>Sylmar</td>
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<td>Ramos Environmental Services Inc.</td>
<td>1515 South River Road</td>
<td>W. Sacramento CA</td>
<td>95691</td>
<td>(818) 371-5747</td>
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<td>Ronic Environmental Technologies Corp</td>
<td>2081 Bay Road</td>
<td>East Palo Alto CA</td>
<td>94303</td>
<td>(650) 324-1639</td>
<td>CAD09452057</td>
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<td>Ronic Environmental Technologies Corp (Southwest)</td>
<td>6760 West Allison Road</td>
<td>Chandler AZ</td>
<td>85226</td>
<td>(602) 796-1040</td>
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<td>Ross Environmental Services</td>
<td>36790 Giles Road</td>
<td>Grafton</td>
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<td>Stericycle, Inc. (Formerly BFI)</td>
<td>4135 W. Swift Avenue</td>
<td>Fresno</td>
<td>CA</td>
<td>93722</td>
<td>(562) 275-9991</td>
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<tr>
<td>Stericycle, Inc. (Formerly BFI)</td>
<td>90 N. Harbor Drive</td>
<td>North Salt Lake UT</td>
<td>84054</td>
<td>(801) 295-1555</td>
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<td>Systech Environmental Corp.</td>
<td>South Cement Road</td>
<td>Fedonia</td>
<td>KS</td>
<td>66736</td>
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<tr>
<td>SET Environmental INC. (Treatment One)</td>
<td>5743 Chestwood Blvd.</td>
<td>Houston</td>
<td>TX</td>
<td>77078</td>
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<tr>
<td>S. Filer Recovery Services (Nons Environmental)</td>
<td>5315 South Boyle Ave.</td>
<td>Los Angeles CA</td>
<td>90056</td>
<td>(213) 277-1500</td>
<td>CAD972030903</td>
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<tr>
<td>Von Roll America (WFT)</td>
<td>1247 West Allison Drive</td>
<td>East Rockwall OH</td>
<td>43920</td>
<td>(808) 403-4888</td>
<td>OHDD98015514</td>
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<tr>
<td>Waste Control Specialists (WCS)</td>
<td>1710 West Broadway</td>
<td>Andrews</td>
<td>TX</td>
<td>79714</td>
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</table>
PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. This Section includes, without limitation, the following:
   1. IAQ Submittals
   2. Quality Assurance
   3. IAQ Management During Construction
   4. Sequence of Finish Installation

B. Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division-1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Indoor Air Quality Procedures include:
   1. IAQ Management Plan During Construction:
      a. Prepare plan to comply with the requirements for LEED EQ 3.1 as specified in Section 01 8113, "Sustainable Design Requirements" and in this Section.
      b. Procedures to prevent indoor air quality problems resulting from the construction/renovation process in order to help sustain the comfort and well-being of construction workers and building occupants.
   2. Sequence of Finish Installation: Scheduling/sequencing requirements and procedures necessary to optimize Indoor Air Quality (IAQ) levels for the completed Project.

B. Related Work Specified in Other Sections:
   1. Section 01 8113, "Sustainable Design Requirements (for LEED Certification)" for additional requirements.
   2. Section 01 5000, "Construction Facilities and Temporary Controls" for environmental-protection measures during construction and location of waste containers at Project site.
   3. Section 01 7419, "Construction Waste Management" for handling requirements of construction waste.
   4. Application Sections for indoor air sampling prior to occupancy. (Sections to be identified)

1.3 IAQ SUBMITTALS

A. IAQ Construction Management Plan. Submit 5 copies of plan within 30 days of date established for commencement of the Work.
   1. Include a schedule of all IAQ-related construction activities in the IAQ Construction Management Plan submittal.
   2. Update plan as required during the construction process to reflect Project conditions.

B. Meeting Minutes: Submit minutes from Contractor meetings related to the execution and verification of the IAQ Construction Management Plan.

C. Project Photographs: Submit to document IAQ measures implemented.

D. Product Data: Submit cut sheets of filtration media proposed for use.
E. LEED Submittal: LEED letter template for Credit EQ 3.1, signed by Contractor, with copy of plan and a statement that requirements for the credit have been met.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Comply with the requirements of LEED Credit EQ 3.1, "Construction IAQ Management Plan During Construction."


C. IAQ Management Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Division 1 Section "Project Management and Coordination."
   1. Review methods and procedures related to IAQ management during construction.
   2. Review IAQ management requirements for each trade.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 IAQ MANAGEMENT DURING CONSTRUCTION

A. General: Contractor’s IAQ Construction Management Plan shall include procedures to prevent indoor air quality problems resulting from the construction/renovation process in order to help sustain the comfort and well-being of construction workers and building occupants.
   1. Prepare and submit an Indoor Air Quality (IAQ) Management Plan to comply with the requirements for LEED EQ 3.1, as specified in Section 01 81 13, "Sustainable Design Requirements" and in this Section.
   2. Contractor’s detailed plan shall be based on the particular characteristics of the Project, and include the items listed in this Section as a minimum.
   4. Subcontractors and their employees shall be provided instruction and training in the IAQ Management Plan.

B. Plan Implementation:
   1. Implement waste management plan. Provide handling, containers, storage, signage, transportation, and other items as required to implement waste management plan during the entire duration of the Contract.
   2. Comply with Section 01 5000 for operation, termination, and removal requirements.
C. Monitoring of IAQ Plan:

1. Hold weekly Contractor Site Co-ordination Meetings with the superintendents of all trade contractors. Review the appropriate components of the IAQ Construction Management Plan as a regular action topic at these meetings, and update the Plan as required. Document the implementation of the Plan in the meeting minutes. As a recording format, use SMACNA IAQ Guidelines Appendix C (Planning Checklist) and Appendix D (Inspection Checklist) as a guide.

2. Take a specific series of record photographs at the appropriate stages to document adherence with the IAQ requirements. Submit at least 18 photographs (six photos taken on three different occasions during construction) along with identification of the SMACNA approach featured by each photo, in order to show consistent adherence to the LEED Credit requirements.

D. HVAC Protection:

1. Store HVAC equipment in a clean, dry location. Until HVAC equipment (ducting, registers, air handler VAV boxes components, fans, and motors) has been installed, it shall be kept covered and secured with plastic film or in a location where it will not be exposed to moisture, dust, or other contaminants.

2. Seal off all louvers and air intake/discharge points to prevent construction dust and debris from entering.

3. Seal off all ductwork openings and air outlets with plastic sheeting to protect the duct system from dust and debris. Do not re-open until the end of activities that produce dust or pollution, such as drywall sanding, concrete cutting, masonry work, wood sawing, and so forth.

4. Seal all HVAC inlets and outlets. Use of the HVAC system shall be avoided during construction until drywall construction is complete. Temporary ventilation may be installed to remove contaminants. All air inlets and outlets shall be sealed securely with tape during construction. These include, but not limited to, outside air inlets, grilles, diffusers, supply ducts, return ducts, ceiling plenums, VAV (variable-air volume) plenum intakes, exhaust ducts, and window ventilator or air conditioning units. Openings shall be sealed with plastic film and tape that can be removed cleanly.

5. Seal HVAC components during installation. For ducting runs that require several days to install, sections shall be sealed off as they are completed. Seals shall be removed prior to continuing the ducting run. Other components of the HVAC system shall be subjected to the same requirements to protect them from contamination.

6. Use temporary filtration media. If the HVAC system is to be used while construction work is being done, temporary filtration media shall be installed on all intakes. Such filtration media shall have a minimum filtration efficiency (Minimum Efficiency Reporting Value-MERV per ASHRAE 52.2) of 8 or higher. For air intakes into parts of a building that are very sensitive to dust contamination, such as computer rooms, filtration media with a MERV rating of 13 or higher is required. New filtration with a MERV rating of 13 or higher shall be installed after construction.

7. If, for some unforeseen reason, there should arise a circumstance wherein the return air system is required to be used during the construction phase, install temporary MERV 8 filters or higher (as determined by ASHRAE Standard 52.2-1999) at each return air opening and provide frequent inspection and maintenance. If inspections by University Representatives reveal that the ductwork has become contaminated due to inadequate protection, the ductwork shall be cleaned professionally prior to the first phase of occupancy, using procedures established in ACR 2005 published by the National Air Duct Cleaners Association.

8. Under no circumstances shall air be returned from a construction area and then re-circulated through the permanent supply ductwork, unless and until the level of construction in the relevant area involves final finishes and trim and the construction has reached a point of complete building dry-in with no sanding and is free from dust, debris, and contaminants.

9. Do not use fan rooms to store construction or waste materials, and keep them clean and neat.
10. Inspect filters regularly. When the HVAC system is being used during construction and temporary filters are installed, filters shall be inspected weekly and replaced as needed.

11. Avoid contaminated air entry into enclosed parts of the building. When outdoor construction activities generate dust, combustion emissions, or other contaminants, operable windows and outside air supplies to enclosed portions of the building shall be closed.

E. Source Control:

1. Limit construction traffic and motor idling in the vicinity of air intake louvers when the HVAC systems are activated. Restrict motor vehicles to the loading dock area, well-removed from air intakes, preventing emissions from being drawn into the building.

2. Use electric or natural gas alternatives for gasoline and diesel equipment where possible and practical.

3. Cycle equipment off when not being used or needed.

4. Avoid the use of materials and products with high VOC and/or particulate levels. Use products and installation methods with low VOCs such as paints, sealers, sealants, filler materials, insulation, adhesives, caulking and cleaners. Comply with the requirements in other specification sections.

5. Keep containers of wet products closed as much as possible. Cover and seal waste materials which can release odor or dust.

6. Protect all materials, especially absorbent materials such as insulated ductwork, against moisture during delivery to and storage at the job site. Store materials inside the structure in a dry and clean environment pending installation. Building materials shall be kept dry to avoid the introduction of moisture into the building interior.

7. Avoid the use of moisture-damaged materials. Any porous materials that have been wetted shall be dried thoroughly before installation. Any porous materials that have been damaged, remained wet longer than 48 hours, or show signs of visible mold shall be discarded.

8. Ensure that the construction process will not result in moisture intrusion. In the event of rain or groundwater gaining entry to the building interior during construction, notify the University.

9. Avoid tracking pollutants into work areas.
   a. Once the framing and mechanical system installation starts, access to the building interior shall be controlled to minimize the tracking in of contaminants.
   b. Material deliveries and construction waste removal shall be routed via the most direct route to the building exterior of the building rather than through the space.
   c. Provide rough track-off grates or matting at the entryway to remove moisture and contaminants from workers shoes.
   d. Prevent the ingress of rodents and pests.
   e. Use procedures to ensure that there is no smoking inside the building.

F. Pathway Interruption:

1. Use dust curtains or temporary enclosures to prevent dust from migrating to other areas when applicable. During construction, isolate areas of work to prevent contamination of clean or occupied areas.

2. Keep pollutant sources as far away as possible from ductwork and areas occupied by workers when feasible.

3. Isolate work areas and/or create pressure differentials to prevent the migration of contaminants.

4. Use portable fan systems to exhaust contaminated air directly to the outside of the building, and discharge the air in a means to prevent it from re-entering.

G. Housekeeping:

1. Minimize accumulation of dust and other contaminants. Construction practices shall be used that minimize the production of dust and other contaminants from construction activities. Use integral dust-collection systems on drywall sanders, cut-off saws, and
burners. Confine dust-generation activities to areas where clean-up can be carried out easily and contaminants will not be tracked to other areas.

2. Suppress Dirt. Wetting agents or sweeping compounds shall be used to deep dust from becoming airborne.

3. Clean up dust. Wet clothes, damp mops, wet scrubbers, and vacuum cleaners with high-efficiency particulate (HEPA) filters shall be used to clean up dust generated by construction activities.
   a. Cleaning frequency shall be increased when dust accumulation is noted.
   b. Institute cleaning activities of building areas on a daily basis, and of HVAC equipment as required.

4. Keep all coils, air filters, dampers, fans, and ductwork clean during installation, and clean them as required prior to performing the testing, adjusting and balancing of the systems.

5. Clean up spills. All spills and excess applications of solvent-containing products should be cleaned up using approved methods as soon as practicable. Water spills shall be mopped up promptly.

6. Keep work area dry. Avoid accumulations of water inside the building, and promptly remove any that may occur.
   a. Especially protect porous materials such as insulation and ceiling tiles from exposure to moisture.
   b. The entire area shall be kept as dry as practicable by promptly repairing any leaks that allow rainwater entry and mopping up any water accumulation.
   c. Use dehumidification if necessary for prompt drying of wetted spaces. Unvented combustion (e.g., propane “salamander” space heaters) shall not be used.

7. Seal containers containing volatile liquids. Containers of fuel, paints, finishes, and solvents shall be kept tightly sealed and preferably stored outside of the building when not in use.

H. Scheduling:

1. Comply with the scheduling requirements of Article, "Sequence of Finish Installation" of this Section.
   a. Schedule the installation of porous materials only after closing in building.
   b. Porous materials, such as insulation, fireproofing, and drywall shall not be installed in a building open to the weather.
   c. To avoid potential contamination of porous or absorbent materials such as ceiling tiles, install furnishings after interior finishes (drywall, paint, and floor finishing) have cured.

2. Phased Completion: Implement IAQ control measures in each tenant area until construction in that area is complete. Do not allow contaminants from an area under construction to enter the HVAC ductwork systems or to migrate to completed areas.

3. Filters:
   a. Install new MERV 13 filters at the central fan system, immediately prior to the first phase of building occupancy.
   b. Install new MERV 13 filters at fan systems serving limited areas immediately prior to occupancy for each respective area.

I. Ventilation:

1. Provide adequate ventilation during curing period. To aid in curing of interior finishes and other products used during construction and to remove pollutants after drywall installation is complete, provide adequate ventilation with 100% outside air, and proper filtration. In humid periods or when very high-moisture materials are present, supplementary dehumidification may be required during this curing period.

2. Flush-Out: Comply with the requirements of LEED credit EA 3.2.
3.2 SEQUENCE OF FINISH INSTALLATION

A. Sequence of Finish Installation: Project schedule shall address construction scheduling/sequencing requirements and procedures necessary to optimize Indoor Air Quality (IAQ) levels for the completed Project.

1. Scheduling: Contractor’s Project Schedule for finish applications should allow for:
   a. Dissipation of high emissions from finishes that off-gas perceptible quantities of deleterious material during curing.
   b. Separation of off-gassing effects from the installation of adsorptive materials that would act as a “sink” for storage and subsequent release of these unwanted substances into building spaces and mechanical systems after project occupancy.

2. When Contractor’s “Project Schedule” requires less than optimal sequencing of finish installation, related to IAQ, provide supplemental filtered “fresh air” ventilation of work areas during construction and restrict / control the use of permanent building mechanical systems prior to Owner acceptance of building to prevent contamination of systems by construction wastes and other deleterious substances.

B. Finish Types:

1. Type 1 Finishes: Materials and finishes which have a potential for short-term levels of off-gassing from chemicals inherent in their manufacturing process, or which are applied in a form requiring vehicles or carriers for spreading which release a high level of particulate matter in the process of installation and/or curing. Type 1 Finishes include, but are not limited to the following:
   a. Composite wood products, specifically including particleboard from which millwork, wood paneling, doors or furniture may be fabricated.
   b. Adhesives, sealants, and glazing compounds, specifically those with petrochemical vehicles or carriers.
   c. Wood preservatives, finishes, and paint.
   d. Control and/or expansion joint fillers.
   e. All hard finishes requiring adhesive installation.
   g. Sealants and associated filler materials.

2. Type 2 Finishes: "Fuzzy" materials and finishes which are woven, fibrous, or porous in nature and tend to adsorb chemicals off-gassed by Type 1 finishes or may be adversely affected by particulates. These materials become "sinks" for deleterious substances which may be released much later, or collectors of contaminants that may promote subsequent bacterial growth. Type 2 Finishes include, but are not limited to the following:
   a. Carpet and padding.
   b. Fabric wallcovering.
   c. Insulation exposed to the airstream.
   d. Acoustic ceiling materials.
   e. Fabric covered acoustic wall panels.
   f. Upholstered furnishings.

3. Materials that can be categorized as both Type 1 and Type 2 materials shall be considered to be Type 1 materials.

C. Optimal Order of Installation: Apply all Type 1 interior finishes throughout the entire controlled air zone of each enclosed building or building segment and allow such finishes to completely cure according to intervals and times stated in respective finish manufacturer’s printed instructions before commencing installation of any Type 2 materials in the same area.

1. Do not store any Type 2 materials in areas where installation or curing of Type 1 materials is in progress.
D. Materials Test Data - Required For Substitutions Only:

1. All manufacturers/producers of materials listed below that are proposed for substitution on this Project are required to provide test data for their materials which show permanent, in-place Indoor Air Quality performance in accordance with requirements of this Specification.

2. Material Safety Data Sheets: Review all MSDS’s of materials to be submitted for testing as well as MSDS's for other products where specifically requested in this Project Manual and identify those classified as "Prohibited Materials".

3. Prohibited Materials:
   a. Any building materials or products that emit pollutants included on the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) "List of Chemical Carcinogens", the "Carcinogen List" of the National Toxicology Program, and the "Reproductive Toxin List" of the "Catalog of Teratogenic Agents" must have approval in writing from the Owner’s Representative before that building material or product may be used on this Project.
   b. Carcinogens: Use of materials emitting carcinogens will not be permitted unless a suitable substitute is not available. Do not proceed with procurement of any carcinogen emitting product or material without prior review and written approval of the University’s Representative.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 01 4100
REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1. SUMMARY

A. Section includes:

1. Applicable Codes, Regulations, and Authorities
2. Regulatory Notifications
3. Permit Requirements, Notifications, and Certificates
4. Fees

B. References in the Specifications to "code" or to "building code," not otherwise identified, shall mean the foregoing specified codes, together with the additions, changes, amendments, and interpretations adopted by the enforcing agency and in effect on the date of these Contract Documents. Nothing on the Drawings or in the Specifications shall be interpreted as requiring or permitting work that is contrary to these rules, regulations, and codes.

C. Where other regulatory requirements are referenced in these Specifications, the affected work shall meet or exceed the applicable requirements of such references.

D. Nothing stated in this Section of the Specifications or other Sections of the Specifications, the other Contract Documents or shown on the Drawings shall be construed as allowing Work that is not in strict compliance with all applicable Federal, State, regional, and local statutes, laws, regulations, rules, ordinances, codes and standards.

E. Regulatory requirements referred to shall have full force and effect as though printed in these Specifications.

F. Discrepancies between these codes/rules/etc. and the Contract Documents shall be brought to the attention of the University’s Representative for resolution. Unless otherwise directed by the University’s Representative, if a conflict exists between referenced regulatory requirements and the Contract Documents, comply with the one establishing the more stringent requirements.

1.2. APPLICABLE CODES, REGULATIONS, AND AUTHORITIES

A. All applicable federal, state, and local laws and the rules and regulations of governing utility districts and the various other authorities having jurisdiction over the construction and completion of the Project, including the latest rules and regulations of the state fire marshal, OSHA, and the California Labor Code, shall apply to the Contract throughout, and they shall be deemed to be included in the Contract the same as though printed in these Specifications.

B. Codes and regulations that apply to this Project include, but are not limited to, the following including additions, changes, and interpretations adopted by the enforcing agency in effect as of the date of these Contract Documents.

1. California Code of Regulations (CCR):
   a. Title 8, Industrial Relations
   b. Title 17, Public Health
   c. Title 19, Public Safety
   d. Title 20, Public Utilities and Energy
   e. Title 21, Public Works
f. Title 22, Environmental Health

g. Title 24: Building Standards Code
   (1) Part 2, California Building Code
   (2) Part 3, California Electric Code
   (3) Part 4, California Mechanical Code
   (4) Part 5, California Plumbing Code
   (5) Part 6, California Energy Code
   (6) Part 7, California Elevator Safety Construction Code
   (7) Part 9, California Fire Code
   (8) Part 11, California Green Building Standards Code
   (9) Part 12, California State Reference Standards

2. In addition to the above, work shall comply with the following:

   a. California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).
   c. California Occupational Safety and Health Act Standards (Cal-OSHA).
   f. Americans with Disabilities Act - Title II (ADA).
   g. Federal Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA).
   h. Federal Environmental Protection Agency – Clean Air Act.
   i. Storm Water Pollution Prevention Act.

3. All work shall meet or exceed code and regulatory requirements.

C. Copies of Regulations: Obtain copies of the following regulations and retain at the Project site to be available for reference by parties who have a reasonable need:

1. California Code of Regulations, Title 8, 9 and 19

2. California Code of Regulations, Title 24, including:
   a. Part 1, California Administrative Code
   b. Part 2, California Building Code, Volumes 1 and 2
   c. Part 3, California Electrical Code
   d. Part 4, California Mechanical Code
   e. Part 5, California Plumbing Code
   f. Part 6, California Energy Code
   g. Part 7, California Elevator Safety Construction Code
   h. Part 9, California Fire Code
   i. Part 11, California Green Building Standards Code
   i. Part 12, California Referenced Building Standards Code

   1. CAL/OSHA Construction Safety Orders.
   2. City of Riverside “Department of Public Works Standards and Specifications.
   4. National Fire Protection Association standards as referenced within the specifications

5. State of California, Department of Transportation, Division of Highways, “Materials Specifications.” [should keep this in]

6. State of California, Department of Transportation, Division of Highways, “Standard Specifications.” [should keep this in]

7. State of California, Office of State Fire Marshal Covered by Title 19 and Part 9


10. Uniform Mechanical Code

11. Uniform Plumbing Code

12. Standard Specifications for Public Works, (Greenbook), with local agency amendments.
D. 2010 ADA Accessibility Standards for Accessible Design

1.3. REGULATORY NOTIFICATIONS

A. Submit all required notifications to Federal, State of California, State in which disposal facility is located if not in California, regional, and local agencies with regulatory responsibilities associated with the Work activities that are included in the Contract. All notifications shall be served in writing, in the form required by the agency requiring notification, and in a timely manner so as not to negatively impact the Project schedule. Serve notifications at least 10 business days in advance (or earlier if required by agency) of activity requiring notice. The Contractor shall serve all required notifications in writing to all governmental and quasi-government agencies having notification requirements pertaining to any portion of the Work included in the Project.

B. Contractor shall file a Notice of Intent for coverage under State General Construction Activity Storm water Permit National Pollutant Discharge Eliminate System (NPDES). Contractor shall comply with applicable permit requirements including the project Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan.

1.4. PERMIT REQUIREMENTS, NOTIFICATIONS, AND CERTIFICATES

A. Permits, Licenses, and Certificates: For the University's records, submit copies of permits, licenses, certifications, inspection reports, releases, jurisdictional settlements, notices, receipts for fee payments, judgment, correspondence, records, and similar documents, established for compliance with standards and regulations bearing on performance of the Work.

B. Underground Service Alert (USA) Notifications: Prior to commencing clearing, excavation and trenching, coordinate with Underground Service Alert of Southern California for field verification and marking of utilities within the limits of Project site. Contractor shall be responsible for outlining limits of excavation with white chalk paint prior to coordination with USA. Coordination shall require 2 business days advance notification prior to start of excavation work. Provide USA notification permit number to the University's Representative prior to starting site Work.

C. In no event, shall the Contractor install materials that contain asbestos, PCB, lead or other known hazardous materials unless prior approval is obtained from the University.

D. Regulated Carcinogens by Title 8 California Code of Regulations (CCR), Subchapter 7, Group 16 (Control of Hazardous Substances), Article 110 (Regulated Carcinogens).

   1. Products containing chemicals regulated as carcinogens by the State of California are not allowed for use on University projects.

   2. Case-by-case exceptions may be considered for products containing the following Cal/OSHA recognized carcinogens:

      Methylene Chloride, 5202
      Cadmium, 1532, 5207
      Inorganic Arsenic, 5214
      Formaldehyde, 5217
      Benzene, 5218
3. Case-by-case exceptions may only be made when suitable alternative products are not available. Such exceptions are subject to written approval by the University's Representative.

4. Exceptions require that the Contractor shall have an established carcinogen program as required by Cal/OSHA (§5203. Carcinogen Report of Use Requirements) and shall submit to University's Representative, a copy of the Cal/OSHA Confirmation of Report for Cal/OSHA carcinogens.

5. When exceptions are granted, the Contractor is responsible for providing to the University's Representative a copy of the semi-annual Confirmation of Report received from Cal/OSHA or, in lieu of that, a copy of the Contractor's semi-annual report as submitted to Cal/OSHA at periods not to exceed 6 months, or at project closeout, whichever occurs first.

E. Fire Department and Additional Notifications, Manifests, and Requirements: As required by University and coordinated by Contractor with the University's Representative.

1.5. FEES – Not Used

PART 2 – PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 – EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

END OF SECTION
PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1. SUMMARY

A. Section includes:

1. Specification Format and Content Explanation
2. Definitions
3. Reference Standards
4. Abbreviations and Acronyms

1.2. SPECIFICATION FORMAT AND CONTENT EXPLANATION

A. Specification Format: These Specifications are organized into Divisions and Sections based on the 49-division format and CSI/CSC’s “Master Format” numbering system.

B. Specification Content: These Specifications use certain conventions for the style of language and the intended meaning of certain terms, words, and phrases when used in particular situations. These conventions are as follows:

1. Abbreviated Language: Language used in the Specifications and other Contract Documents is abbreviated. Words and meanings shall be interpreted as appropriate. Words implied, but not stated, shall be interpolated as the sense requires. Singular words shall be interpreted as plural and plural words interpreted as singular where applicable as the context of the Contract Documents indicates.

2. Imperative mood and streamlined language are generally used in the Specifications. Requirements expressed in the imperative mood are to be performed by the Contractor. At certain locations in the Text, subjective language is used for clarity to describe responsibilities that must be fulfilled indirectly by the Contractor or by others when so noted.
   a. The words “shall,” “shall be,” or “shall comply with,” depending on the context, are implied where a colon is used within a sentence or phrase.

1.3. DEFINITIONS

A. “Indicated”: The term “indicated refers to graphic representations, notes, or schedules on the Drawings; or to other paragraphs or schedules in the Specifications and similar requirements in the Contract Documents. Terms such as “shown,” “noted,” “scheduled,” “detailed” and “specified” are used to help the user locate the reference. Location is not limited.

B. “Directed”: Terms such as “directed,” “requested,” “authorized,” “selected,” “approved,” “required,” and “permitted” mean directed by the University’s Representative or University, requested by the University’s Representative or University, requested by the University’s Representative or University, and similar phrases.

C. “Approved”: The term “approved,” when used in conjunction with the University Representative’s action on the Contractor’s submittals, applications, and requests, is limited to the University Representative’s duties and responsibilities as stated in the Conditions of the Contract.

D. “Regulations,” “building code,” “code”: The terms “regulations,” “building code,” and “code” include laws, ordinances, statutes, and lawful orders issued by authorities having jurisdiction, as well as rules, conventions, and agreements within the construction industry that control performance of the Work.
E. “Furnish”: The term “furnish” means to supply and deliver to the Project site, ready for unloading, unpacking, assembly, installation, and similar operations.

F. “Install”: The term “install” describes operations at the Project site including the actual unloading, temporary storage, unpacking, assembling, erecting, placing, anchoring, applying, working to dimension, finishing, curing protecting, cleaning, and similar operations.

G. “Provide”: The term “provide” means to furnish and install, complete in place, operating, tested, approved, and ready for the intended use.

H. “Installer”: An installer is the Contractor or another entity engaged by the Contractor, either as an employee, subcontractor, or contractor of lower tier, to perform a particular construction activity, including installation, erection, application, or similar operations. Installers are required to be experienced in the operations they are engaged to perform.

1. Unless specified otherwise in other Sections, the term “experienced,” when used with the term “installer,” means having successfully completed a minimum of five previous projects similar in size and scope to this Project; being familiar with the special requirements indicated; and having complied with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.

2. Trades: Using a term such as “carpentry” does not imply that certain construction activities must be performed by accredited or unionized individuals of a corresponding generic name, such as “carpenter.” It also does not imply that requirements specified apply exclusively to tradespersons of the corresponding generic name.

I. “Project site” is the space available to the Contractor for performing construction activities, either exclusively or in conjunction with others performing other work as part of the Project. The extent of the Project site is shown on the Drawings and may or may not be identical with the description of the land on which the Project is to be built.

J. “Testing Agencies”: A testing agency is an independent entity engaged to perform specific inspections or tests, either at the Project site or elsewhere, and to report on and, if required, to interpret results of those inspections or tests.

K. “Similar”: The term “similar” means in the general sense and not necessarily identical.

L. See also the Instructions to Bidders and General Conditions.

1.4. REFERENCE STANDARDS

A. Applicability of Standards: Unless the Contract Documents include more stringent requirements, applicable construction industry standards have the same force and effect as if bound or copied directly into the Contract Documents to the extent referenced. Such standards are made a part of the Contract Documents by reference.

1. Requirements for packaging, packing, marking, and preparation for shipment or delivery included in referenced federal specifications are not mandatory for products provided for this Work.

B. Publication Dates: Comply with the standards in effect as of the date of the Contract Documents except where a specific publication date or issue is included with the reference in other Sections of these Specifications.

1. When a named or proposed product complies with a referenced standard of different publication date or issue than required by these Specifications, submit the product as a substitute under provisions of Division 1 Section “Substitutes.” Provide a detailed written summary of changes in product or workmanship quality and performance as a
result of the product complying with a different version of a standard from the version referenced.

C. Conflicting Requirements: Where compliance with two or more standards is specified and the standards establish different or conflicting requirements for minimum quantities or quality levels, comply with the most stringent requirement. Refer uncertainties and requirements that are different but apparently equal to the University's Representative for a decision before proceeding.

1. Minimum Quantity or Quality Levels: The quantity or quality level shown or specified shall be the minimum provided or performed. The actual installation may comply exactly with the minimum quantity or quality specified, or it may exceed the minimum within reasonable limits. To comply with these requirements, indicate numeric values are minimum or maximum, as appropriate, for the context of the requirements. Refer uncertainties to the University's Representative for a decision before proceeding.

2. Where a product is specified by both brand name and reference to 1 or more standards, provide that product only if it actually complies with the required standards. Listing of a product by brand or trade name in these Specifications is not a warranty that the product complies with the standards which may also be listed. If a named product does not comply with 1 or more of the required standards and no alternative product is listed which does comply, submit a substitute product under provisions of Division 1 Section "Substitutes" which complies with the required standards.

D. Copies of Standards: Each entity engaged in construction on the Project must be familiar with industry standards applicable to its construction activity. Copies of applicable standards are not bound with the Contract Documents.

1. Where copies of standards are needed to perform a required construction activity, the Contractor shall obtain copies directly from the publication source and make them available on request.

1.5. ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

A. Trade Abbreviations and Association Names: Trade association names and titles of general standards are frequently abbreviated. The following abbreviations and acronyms, as referenced in the Contract Documents, mean the associated names. Names and addresses are subject to change and are believed, but not assured, to be accurate and up-to-date as the date of the Contract Documents.

B. Federal Government Agencies: Names and titles of Federal Government standards- or specification-producing agencies are often abbreviated. The following abbreviations and acronyms referenced in the Contract Documents indicate names of standards- or specification-producing agencies of the Federal Government. Names and addresses are subject to change and are believed, but are not assured, to be accurate and up-to-date as of the date of the Contract Documents.

C. The following are commonly used abbreviations which may appear in the Project Manual. Refer to Construction Specifications Institute Document TD-2-4 "Abbreviations" for explanation of other abbreviations.

C  degree Centigrade
Co.  Company
Corp.  Corporation
F  degree Fahrenheit
ft.  foot (feet)
ga.  gage or gauge
gal.  gallon(s)
in.    inch(es)
Inc.  Incorporated
HVAC Heating, Ventilating and Air Conditioning
lb(s). pound(s)
o.c.  on center
psi  pounds per square inch
psf  pounds per square foot
sq.  square
yd.  yard(s)

PART 2 – PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 – EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

END OF SECTION
PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes, without limitation, the following:

1. Access to the Work
2. Testing and Approval
3. University’s Inspectors
4. Inspection Requests
5. Inspection Request Form
6. Nonconforming Work Notice

B. The University will provide a Project Inspector or Inspector of Record (IOR) for this project. Contractor shall not cover any work requiring inspection until the IOR has inspected and approved the subject work. For uncovering of work, refer to General Conditions, Article 12.

1.2 ACCESS TO THE WORK

A. In addition to the requirements of the General Conditions, University, University’s Representative and their representatives shall at all times have access to the Work wherever it is in preparation or progress and Contractor shall provide safe and proper facilities for such access and for inspection. The inspection and written acceptance of material and workmanship, unless otherwise stated in these Specifications, shall be final except as provided in Article 12.2 of the General Conditions.

1.3 TESTING AND APPROVAL

A. In addition to the requirements of the General Conditions, if any law, ordinance or public authority or the Specifications or University’s Representative’s instructions require any work to be specially tested or approved (including use of ionizing radiation for radiography), Contractor shall give University’s Representative timely notice of its readiness for inspection, and if the inspection is by another authority, other than University’s Representative, of the date fixed for such inspection.

B. Re-examination of questioned work may be ordered by University’s Representative.

1.4 UNIVERSITY’S INSPECTORS

A. The IOR shall report to University’s Representative. The IOR shall observe construction in progress and shall have the following responsibilities and limitations on authority.

1. Act under the direction of University’s Representative.

2. Observe installation and work in progress as a basis for determining conformance of the work, materials and equipment with the Contract Documents. IOR will report any discrepancies observed to University’s Representative and Contractor. Only University’s Representative has the final authority to make approvals or rejections.

3. Only University’s Representative shall interpret the requirements of the Contract Documents. If any item is ambiguous, University’s Representative shall make a written interpretation. If Contractor requests changes or modifications to the Contract Documents, University’s Representative shall make a written determination on the requested changes or modifications.

4. Prepare and submit an inspection report to University’s Representative for each
inspection performed.

5. Review application for payments.

6. Assist University’s Representative in reviewing the test and inspection results of testing laboratories.

7. The IOR is not authorized to permit deviations from the requirements of the Contract Documents unless such deviation has been approved by University’s Representative in writing.

8. The IOR shall not supervise, coordinate, or direct the Work. The IOR has no responsibility or control over Contractor’s construction means, methods, techniques, sequences, procedures, or coordination of any portions of the Work, or over any safety programs in connection with the Project.

B. The failure of University, University’s Representative and its representatives and consultants, or University’s IOR to observe or inspect the Work, or to detect deficiencies in the Work, or to inform Contractor of any deficiencies which may be discovered, shall not relieve Contractor, its subcontractors regardless of tier, or suppliers from their responsibility for construction means, methods, techniques, sequences and procedures, construction safety, nor from their responsibilities to carry out the work in accordance with the Contract Documents and to detect and correct defective work as defined in the General Conditions.

1.5 INSPECTION REQUESTS

A. Contractor shall request inspection of completed portions of the Work through University’s Representative. Contractor shall submit a request for inspection using University’s Inspection Request Form attached to the end of this Section.

1. Contractor shall submit an Inspection Request at least 3 working days prior to the time the work will be ready for inspection.

2. For work to be inspected by a third party testing laboratory, whether Contractor’s or University’s, Contractor shall submit an Inspection Request at least 3 working days prior to the time the work will be ready for inspection.

3. For work not in conformance with the Contract Documents, the IOR shall submit to the Contractor a Nonconforming Work Notice.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

2.1 Refer to the Inspection Request Form attached at the end of this Section.

2.2 Refer to the Nonconforming Work Notice form attached at the end of this Section.

END OF SECTION
NONCONFORMING WORK NOTICE
NUMBER: ____________
DATE: ______________

TO: ____________________  FROM: ____________________

SPEC. SEC. REF.: ____________ PARA: ____________ DWG REF.: ____________ DETAIL: ______

DESCRIPTION OF DEFECTIVE CONDITION (IOR):

____________________________________________________________________________________
____________________________________________________________________________________
____________________________________________________________________________________

REPORTED BY (IOR): __________________________________________________________

CORRECTIVE ACTION SHOULD BE TAKEN AS SOON AS POSSIBLE AND COORDINATED WITH THE
INSPECTOR OF RECORD (IOR). IF FURTHER INFORMATION IS NEEDED, ADVISE THE
UNIVERSITY’S REPRESENTATIVE IMMEDIATELY.

DESCRIPTION OF CORRECTIVE ACTION TAKEN (CONTRACTOR):

____________________________________________________________________________________
____________________________________________________________________________________
____________________________________________________________________________________

ACCEPTED BY (CONTRACTOR): ____________________ DATE: ____________________

UCR USE ONLY

ACCEPTANCE OF CORRECTED DEFECTIVE CONDITION (IOR):

____________________________________________________________________________________
____________________________________________________________________________________
____________________________________________________________________________________

ACCEPTED BY (IOR): ____________________ DATE: ____________________

COPIES: [ ] UNIVERSITY  [ ] CONSULTANT  [ ] CONTRACTOR
LEFT BLANK

INTENTIONALLY
**INSPECTION REQUEST**

**INSPECTION REQUEST INSTRUCTIONS USING CFORMS**


2. Complete Automated Inspection Request Form

3. Select your Permit # from the drop down menu and request the inspection you are in need of

4. An e-mail will be sent to the IOR for that project, advising them that you are requesting inspection

5. Once that inspection is conducted, the IOR will input the disposition into CForms (approved, disapproved, corrections, etc.) and may add photos, documents, etc.

6. Results of the inspection is known immediately by those assigned to the project via email. Inspectors can also upload photos and other documents and attach them to the inspection file in CForms

7. Completed "As-Built" plans of project shall be provided to Inspector of Record (IOR) prior to final inspection signature

8. Once the work is completed, request a final inspection and a final inspection will be conducted. If approved, the permit will be signed as approved and complete.

*Access to CForms must be granted by Inspection Group prior to accessing CForms.*
SECTION 01 4500
QUALITY CONTROL

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for quality-control services, without limitation, the following:

1. Contractor’s Responsibilities
2. Tests and Inspections
3. Test Reports
4. Geotechnical Engineer and Other Inspection and Testing
5. Repair and Protection

B. Quality-control services include inspections, tests, and related actions, including reports performed by Contractor, by independent agencies, and by governing authorities. They do not include contract enforcement activities performed by University's Representative.

C. Inspection and testing services are required to verify compliance with requirements specified or indicated. These services do not relieve Contractor of responsibility for compliance with Contract Document requirements.

D. Requirements of this Section relate to customized fabrication and installation procedures, not production of standard products.

1. Specific quality-control requirements for individual construction activities are specified in the Sections that specify those activities. Requirements in those Sections may also cover production of standard products.
2. Specified inspections, tests, and related actions do not limit Contractor's quality-control procedures that facilitate compliance with Contract Document requirements.
3. Requirements for Contractor to provide quality-control services, required by University's Representative, are not limited by provisions of this Section.

E. Related Sections: The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:

1. Division 1 Section "Cutting and Patching" specifies requirements for repair and restoration of construction disturbed by inspection and testing activities.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

A. The term "University's Testing Laboratory" means a testing laboratory retained and paid for by the University for the purpose of performing the testing services required by the Contract Documents except where specifically noted to be done by contractor, reviewing material and product reports, and performing other services as determined by University's Representative.

B. The term "Contractor's Testing Laboratory" means a testing laboratory retained and paid for by Contractor to perform the testing services which are required by the Contract Documents to be performed by Contractor. Contractor's Testing Laboratory shall be an organization other than University's Testing Laboratory and shall be acceptable to University's Representative. It may be a commercial testing organization or the testing laboratory of a trade association. Contractor's Testing Laboratory shall have performed testing of the type specified for at least five (5) years and shall maintain a separate General and Professional Liability Insurance, (Errors and Omissions,) in amount not less than one million dollars ($1,000,000) each.
C. Tests, inspections, and acceptances of portions of the Work required by the Contract Documents or by Applicable Code Requirements shall be made at the appropriate times. Contractor shall give University's Representative timely notice of when and where tests and inspections are to be made and/or required regardless whose Testing Laboratory will perform the tests and inspections.

D. If such procedures for testing, inspection, or acceptance reveal failure of the portions of the Work to comply with requirements established by the Contract Documents, Contractor shall bear all costs made necessary by such failure including those of repeated procedures and compensation for University's Representative's services and expenses.

E. If University's Representative is to observe tests, inspections, or make acceptances required by the Contract Documents, University's Representative will do so promptly upon 3 days advance written notice and, where practicable, at the normal place of testing.

F. Tests or inspections conducted pursuant to the Contract Documents shall be made promptly to avoid unreasonable delay in the Work.

1.3 CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

A. Secure and deliver to Contractor’s Testing Laboratory adequate quantities of representative samples of materials proposed for use as specified.

B. Submit to University's Testing Laboratory the preliminary design mixes proposed to be used for concrete and other materials which require review by University's Testing Laboratory.

C. Submit copies of product test reports as specified.

D. Furnish incidental labor and facilities, as required:
   1. To provide University's Testing Laboratory access to the Work to be tested.
   2. To obtain and handle samples at the Project site or at the source of the product to be tested.
   3. To facilitate inspections and tests.
   4. For storage and curing of test samples.

E. Provide written notice to University's Representative sufficiently in advance (a minimum of 3 days) of operations to allow for University's Testing Laboratory assignment of personnel and scheduling of tests.

F. When tests or inspections are not performed after such notice, Contractor shall reimburse University for University's Testing Laboratory personnel and travel expenses incurred.

1.4 TESTS AND INSPECTIONS

A. Certain portions of the Work will be tested, inspected, or both, at various stages. Nothing in any prior acceptance or satisfactory test result shall govern, if at any subsequent time the Work, or portion thereof, is found not to conform to the requirements of the Contract Documents.

B. If initial tests or inspections made by University's Testing Laboratory's Geotechnical Engineer reveal that any portion of the Work does not comply with Contract Documents, or if University's Representative determines that any portion of the Work requires additional testing or inspection, additional tests and inspections shall be made as directed.

C. If such additional tests or inspections establish that such portion of the Work fails to comply with the Contract Documents, all costs of such additional tests and inspections, and all
other costs resulting from such failure, including compensation for University's Representative and University Representative's Consultants shall be deducted from the Contract Sum.

D. Fixtures, equipment, materials, and other items removed, demolished, abandoned, or capped and left in place, shall be tested to verify that there is no damage caused after the items have been covered by construction.

1.5 TEST REPORTS

A. University's Testing Laboratory and Contractor's Testing Laboratory shall submit five (5) copies of all reports to University's Representative, indicating observations and results of tests and indicating compliance or non-compliance with the Contract Documents.

1.6 GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER AND OTHER INSPECTION AND TESTING

A. The University shall retain and pay the expenses of a Geotechnical Engineer and materials testing, inspection and observation services consultant ("TIO Consultant") to perform inspection, testing, and observation functions specified by the University. Geotechnical Engineer and such other TIO Consultant shall communicate only with University and University's Representative. University's Representative shall then give notice to Contractor, with a copy to the University, of any action required of Contractor.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 REPAIR AND PROTECTION

A. General: Upon completion of inspection, testing, sample taking and similar services, repair damaged construction and restore substrates and finishes. Comply with Contract Document requirements for Division 1 Section "Cutting and Patching."

B. Protect construction exposed by or for quality-control service activities, and protect repaired construction.

C. Repair and protection is Contractor's responsibility, regardless of the assignment of responsibility for inspection, testing, or similar services.

END OF SECTION
PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. This Section includes, without limitation, the following:
   1. Quality Control Program
   2. Submittals
   3. Qualifications of Quality Control Manager
   4. Reporting Procedures
   5. Implementation

B. Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section describes the requirements for implementation of a Quality Control Program by the Contractor to assure performance of the Work in conformance with the provisions of the Contract Documents.

B. Related Work Specified Elsewhere:
   1. Testing and Inspection Services of Quality Control are specified in Section 01 4500, "Quality Control."

1.3 QUALITY CONTROL PROGRAM

A. The Contractor shall prepare and submit within thirty (30) days after the issuance of Notice to Proceed, the Quality Control Program (QCP) they intend to implement for the Work for approval by the University. This Program shall be tailored to the specific requirements of the Work and shall become an active part of the construction procedures. The Quality Control Program shall include the procedures, instructions, reports and forms to be used throughout the performance of the Work. The University reserves the right to review and reject all or part of the Quality Control Program as proposed by the Contractor. The Contractor shall revise and resubmit as appropriate until satisfactory to the University. The basic objectives of the Quality Control Program are as follows:
   1. To ensure that all Work adheres strictly to all provisions of the Contract Documents and governing agencies.
   2. To produce good quality workmanship.
   3. To prevent deficiencies through pre-construction quality control coordination.
   4. To detect and correct deficiencies in a timely manner.
   5. To provide an auditable record of all tests, inspections, procedures, non-compliance and corrections, and any other pertinent data as required by the University.

B. The Contractor shall notify the University in writing of any proposed change to their Quality Control system and changes shall not be permitted if they would, in the opinion of the University, result in nonconformance with the Contract requirements.

C. The Contractor may select either an outside "agency" or in-house personnel to administer the program. In either case, the Quality Control staff on-site shall be responsible only for Quality Control and the Quality Control Manager shall report directly to the Contractor's highest ranking Corporate Officer involved in the Work. Quality Control staff members shall interface with the University, its Inspectors and Consultants, as required and appropriate.
1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. The Quality Control Program submittal shall include, as a minimum, the following:

1. The Quality Control organization chart, beginning with the Quality Control Manager, shall include Quality Control personnel as may be necessary to accomplish complete and adequate inspection of the Work.
2. Names and qualifications of personnel and firms selected to implement the Quality Control Program on-site and off-site.
3. Authority and responsibility of the Quality Control Staff.
4. Methods of Quality Control inspection including subcontractor’s work and describing name of qualified testing laboratory to be used, if applicable.
5. Documents to be used to record inspections and tests, including those specified in the Contract.
6. Formats for documentation and reports.
7. Model agenda for Quality Control Meetings
8. A letter signed by the Responsible Managing Officer of the Contractor’s firm outlining the authority of the Quality Control Manager to include, among other things, the authority as described herein. Clerical personnel sufficient to accomplish timely submittal of Quality Control Reports and other required documentation shall be provided.

1.5 QUALIFICATION OF QUALITY CONTROL MANAGER

A. The minimum qualifications required of the Quality Control Manager are as follows:

1. Has recent construction experience in projects of similar size and nature.
2. Has ten (10) years’ experience performing construction-related work on Type I or II buildings.
3. Has seven (7) years’ experience performing Quality Control services on Type I or II multi story projects. At least 3 years must be on projects in California.
OR
4. Has recent construction experience in projects of similar size and nature.
5. Possess current certification issued by State of California OSHPD Class A level or DSA Class 1 level.
6. Has seven (7) years’ experience performing Quality Control work or inspection services on multi story Type I or II projects. At least 3 years must be on projects in California.
OR
7. Possess an undergraduate degree in architecture, civil engineering or construction management.
8. Has five years (5) performing Quality Control services or inspection experience on Type I or II multi story buildings. At least 3 years must be on projects in California.
9. Possess at least four special inspector current certifications issued by ICC.

B. Responsibilities and Duties of the Quality Control Staff:

1. The Quality Control Manager shall have the authority to stop work, reject work, order work removed, initiate remedial work, propose solutions, and reject material not in compliance with the Contract Documents.
2. Responsibilities of the Quality Control Manager shall include, but are not limited to the following:
   a. Present on-site during all working hours and assigned "full time" to this Project. Contractor shall designate alternate individual(s) to assume responsibilities in the temporary absence of the Quality Control Manager or when overtime work is being performed.
   b. Have complete familiarity with the Drawings and Specifications.
   c. Establish and implement Quality Control Programs for the Contractor and with the various Subcontractors and monitor their conformance.
   d. Present samples, mock-ups and test panels to be used as standards of quality for review by the University and their Consultants.
   e. Inspect existing conditions prior to the start of new work segments.
f. Perform in-progress and follow-up inspections on each work segment to ensure compliance with the Contract Documents. Accompany the University and their Consultants on such inspections.

g. Coordinate required tests, inspections, and demonstrations with the University's IOR inspectors, consultants and any other authority having jurisdiction.

h. Inspect all materials and equipment arriving at the job site to ensure conformance to the provisions of the Contract Documents. Prepare and submit to the University written reports as required by the Contract Documents.

i. Identify, report and reject defective Work or Work not in conformance with the Contract Documents. Monitor the repair or reconstruction of rejected Work.

j. Develop checklists to be used for the inspection of each Division of the Work.

k. Retain specialists or outside firms for inspection of Work in areas where additional technical knowledge is required (mechanical, electrical, electronics, controls, communications, security, welding, structural, security hardware, etc.).

l. Schedule additional site visits where appropriate.

m. Verify and report that all materials and equipment manufactured off-site are in conformance with the Contract Documents.

n. Prior to the start of each Division, Section and/or major item of Work required by the Contract Documents, conduct a preconstruction Quality Control meeting with responsible field and office representative and the University and their Consultants. Provide the University and their Consultants minutes of these meetings within forty-eight (48) hours.

o. Work closely with the University to ensure optimum Quality Control. Attend Project meetings as required by the University.

1.6 REPORTING PROCEDURES

A. As a minimum, develop forms, logs and reporting procedures consisting of the following:

1. A Quality Control meeting shall be held at least monthly between the University, Consultants and the Quality Control Manager during which only Quality related topics will be reviewed.

2. A monthly written report published at month end providing an overview of Quality Control activities, problems found and/or solved, status of remedial work, status of mock-ups, anticipated problems and planned activities for the coming month, etc.

3. Deficiency reports: Plan of action by the Contractor for correcting any known contract deficiencies including delay in scheduled progress.

4. Weekly reports (including reports from Contractor and Subcontractors) to the University describing:
   a. Equipment and material received.
   b. Tests and inspections performed with submittal information.
   c. Deficiencies noted and/or corrected.
   d. Quality Control concerns and problems.
   e. Record keeping (as required).

1.7 IMPLEMENTATION

A. The Contractor's Quality Control program shall be adequate to cover all operations, including both on-site and off-site and will be keyed to the proposed sequence of work and shall include as a minimum at least three (3) phases of inspection for all definable items or segments of work, as follows:

1. Preparatory inspection shall be performed prior to beginning any work on any definable segment of the Work and shall include a review of Contract requirements; verification that all materials and/or equipment have been tested, submitted, and accepted; verification that provisions have been made to provide required control testing; examination of the work area to ascertain that all preliminary work has been completed; and a physical examination of materials and equipment to assure that they conform to accepted shop drawings or submittal data and that all material and/or equipment are available. As a part of this preparatory work, Contractor's Quality Control organization will review and verify that all
documents, including but not limited to; shop drawings, submittal data, method of Quality Control, product data sheets, test reports, affidavits, certification and manufacturer's instructions have been submitted and accepted by the University as required herein. Each submittal to the University shall bear the date and the signature of the Contractor's Quality Control Manager indicating that he has reviewed the submittal and certified it to be in compliance with Drawings and Specifications or showing the required changes.

2. Initial Inspection: To be performed as soon as a representative segment of the particular item of work has been accomplished and to include examination of the quality or workmanship and a review of control testing for compliance with Contract requirements, exclusion of defective or damaged materials, omissions, and dimensional requirements.

3. Follow-up Inspection: To be performed daily or as frequently as necessary to ensure continuing compliance with Contract requirements, including control testing, until completion.

4. The Contractor shall maintain daily current records with information as described above, in an appropriate format of all inspections and tests that the required inspection or tests have been performed. These records must cover both conforming and defective items and must include a statement that all supplies and materials, incorporated in the Work, are in full compliance with the terms of the Contract. Two legible copies must be furnished to the University. The report will cover all work performed or completed subsequent to the previous report.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 01 5300
TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1. SUMMARY

A. Section includes:
   1. Temporary Stairs, Scaffold, and Runways
   2. Trenching and Shoring
   3. Temporary Bridges
   4. Temporary Decking
   5. Temporary Overpasses
   6. Temporary Ramps
   7. Temporary Runarounds

1.2. TEMPORARY STAIRS, SCAFFOLD, AND RUNWAYS

A. Provide all scaffolds, stairs, hoist plant, runways, platforms, and similar temporary construction as may be necessary for the performance of the Contract. Such facilities shall be of the type and arrangement as required for their specific use, substantially constructed throughout and strongly supported, well secured and complying with all applicable rules and regulations of the Industrial Accident Commission of the State of California and all applicable laws and ordinances. Refer to Section 01 41002, Regulatory Requirements.

B. Arrange for construction equipment access to areas which may be partly blocked by existing obstructions.

1.3. TRENCHING AND SHORING

A. All Work shall be in full accordance, but not necessarily limited to the following codes and regulations: Titles 8, 19, 21, 22 and 24, State of California, California Code of Regulations (CCR), California Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA).

B. Protection. Pursuant to Labor Code Sections 6705 and 6707, Contractor shall include in its base bid all costs incident to the provision of adequate sheeting, shoring, bracing or equivalent method for the protection of Life and Limb which shall conform to the applicable Federal and State Safety Orders.

C. Before beginning excavation five feet or more in depth, Contractor shall submit to University’s Representative a detailed plan showing the design or shoring, bracing, sloping, or other provisions to be made for worker protection from the hazards of caving ground during the excavation. The proposed plan shall comply with the State of California Construction Safety Orders, Title 8 and Title 24 of the California Code of Regulations (CCR). If the detailed plan varies from such shoring system standards, it shall be prepared by a registered civil or structural engineer registered in the State of California, University’s Representative’s determination of the matter shall be final and conclusive on Contractor. The cost of required engineering services shall be borne by Contractor and shall be deemed to have been included in the amount bid for the Work as stated in the Agreement.

D. Neither the review nor approval of any plan showing the design of shoring, bracing, sloping, or other provisions for worker protection, shall relieve Contractor from its obligation to comply with Construction Safety Orders Standards and Title 24 CCR for the design and construction of such protective Work, and Contractor shall indemnify University and University’s Representative from any and all claims, liability, costs, action and causes of action arising out of or related to the failure of such protective systems. Contractor shall
defend University, its officers, employees, and agents and University’s Representative in any litigation of proceeding brought with respect to the failure of such protective systems.

E. Comply with State of California Construction Safety Orders, Article 6 - Excavations, Trenches, Earthwork - whether or not the excavation, trench, or earthwork is five feet or more in depth.

1.4. TEMPORARY BRIDGES

1.5. TEMPORARY DECKING

1.6. TEMPORARY OVERPASSES

1.7. TEMPORARY RAMPS

1.8. TEMPORARY RUNAROUNDS

PART 2 – PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 – EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

END OF SECTION
SECTION 01 5400
CONSTRUCTION AIDS

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1. SUMMARY – Not Used

1.2. TEMPORARY ELEVATORS – Not Used

1.3. TEMPORARY LIFTS AND HOISTS
   A. Provide facilities for hoisting materials and employees. Truck cranes and similar devices used for hoisting materials are considered "tools and equipment" and not temporary facilities.

1.4. TEMPORARY CRANES

1.5. TEMPORARY SWING STAGING

PART 2 – PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 – EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

END OF SECTION
SECTION 01 5500
VEHICULAR ACCESS AND PARKING

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1. SUMMARY

A. Section includes:

1. Temporary Access Roads
2. Haul Routes
3. Temporary Parking Areas
4. Temporary Roads
5. Traffic Control
6. Staging Areas

B. Submittals:

1. Submittals shall be submitted in accordance with Section 01 3300, "Submittals."
   a. Submit Traffic Control Plan for Project Construction prior to the start of construction activities for approval by University’s Representative.
   b. Submit Pedestrian Access Plan for Project Construction prior to the start of construction activities for approval by University’s Representative.

1.2. TEMPORARY ACCESS ROADS

1.3. HAUL ROUTES

1.4. TEMPORARY PARKING AREAS

A. Parking: Limited parking for workers employed on the Work may be provided on the Project Site to the extent that space for that purpose is available without interference with activities of University or activities related to performance of the Work.

1. All vehicles are required to display a parking permit while parked on campus. Transportation and Parking Services will sell parking permits to contractors, their employees and sub-contractors in parking lots where spaces are currently available for purchase. 2019-20 monthly permit rates are $45/Gold, $56/Blue and $78/Red. All rates are subject to change. Monthly permits are available at the Parking Service Building located at 683 Linden Street. Daily permits can be purchased in the Parking Service Building, at information kiosks at campus entrances, and in posted visitor parking lots. Parking permits are lot specific. All vehicles entering the campus are required to adhere to the University’s parking policies and the California Vehicle Code.

2. Contractor may use available space within its Project Site fence limits for parking without a permit.

1.5. TEMPORARY ROADS

1.6. TRAFFIC CONTROL

A. Prior to the start of construction activities, determine the routing of construction vehicles and the measures necessary to control traffic during construction. Provide measures including, but not limited to, the following:
1. Contractor is responsible for controlling construction traffic on and adjacent to the site, including public right-of-ways. Comply with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction for traffic controls in public right-of-ways.
   a. Provide necessary measures including, but not limited to, flag personnel, barricades, sufficient lights, reflectors, warning signals, warning signs indicating closures, directional, and detour instructions.

2. Route construction equipment, trucks, and similar vehicles through the campus to Big Springs Road and existing public streets to and from the site as approved by the University's Representative and as specified in Section 01 3540 Environmental Mitigation.

3. Schedule deliveries to minimize disruption of University traffic and duration of on-site storage.

B. Traffic Control Plan for Project Construction.

1. Contractor and all subcontractors shall ensure that the construction site and access road speed limits are established and enforced during the Contract Time until Substantial Completion. Post and enforce traffic speed limits of 15 miles per hour or less on all unpaved roads.

2. Contractor and all subcontractors shall comply with the Traffic Control Plan for project construction prepared by Contractor and approved by University's Representative prior to the commencement of construction activities.

3. To the extent reasonable, Contractor and all subcontractors shall maintain at least one unobstructed lane in both directions on campus roadways. At any time only a single lane is available, Contractor and all subcontractors shall provide a temporary traffic signal, signal carriers (i.e., flag persons), or other appropriate traffic controls, as approved by University's Representative, to allow travel in both directions. If construction activities require the complete closure of a roadway segment, contractor and all subcontractors shall provide appropriate signage indicating alternative routes as approved by University's Representative.

4. To maintain adequate access for emergency vehicles when construction activities would result in roadway closures, Contractor shall give 14-days notice to the University's Representative, so that the University's Representative can consult with the UCPD, EH&S, and Riverside Fire Dept. as appropriate to disclose closures and identify alternative travel routes.

5. The hauling and disposal of any excess clean soil excavated from or already stockpiled on the site will be the responsibility of the contractor to transport and stockpile it at the UCR Ag Ops area located near Lot 13 as directed by the University Representative. Refer to Section 31 2000 Earth Moving for additional information regarding the collection and disposal of unsatisfactory material and debris.

6. All construction traffic will access the Project Site from the west and through the campus. Construction traffic will avoid using Valencia Hill Drive, Watkins Drive and Big Springs Road. There are two existing, posted construction traffic warning signs at the corner of Watkins Drive and Valencia Hill Drive which shall remain in place and maintained by the Contractor for the duration of the Project and will be the Contractor’s responsibility to remove and dispose of the signs at the completion of the Work.

C. Pedestrian Access Plan for Project Construction.

1. Contractor and all subcontractors shall comply with the Pedestrian Access Plan for project construction prepared by the Contractor and approved by University's Representative, prior to the commencement of construction activities.
1.7. STAGING AREAS

PART 2 – PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)
PART 3 – EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

END OF SECTION
PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1. SUMMARY

A. This Section includes:

1. General Cleaning and Protection
2. Temporary Fire Protection
3. Temporary Barricades, Warning Signs, Signals and Lights
4. Temporary Fencing
5. Temporary Protective Walkways

1.2. GENERAL CLEANING AND PROTECTION

A. Clean and protect construction in progress and adjoining materials in place, during handling and installation. Apply protective covering where required to assure protection from damage or deterioration at Substantial Completion.

B. Clean and provide maintenance on completed construction as frequently as necessary through the remainder of the construction period. Adjust and lubricate operable components to assure operability without damaging effects.

C. Limiting Exposures: Supervise construction operations to assure that no part of the construction completed or in progress, is subject to harmful, dangerous, damaging, or otherwise deleterious exposure during the construction period. Where applicable, such exposures include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. Excessive static or dynamic loading.
2. Excessive internal or external pressures.
3. Excessively high or low temperatures.
4. Thermal shock.
5. Excessively high or low humidity.
6. Air contamination or pollution.
7. Water or ice.
8. Solvents.
10. Light.
11. Radiation.
12. Puncture.
13. Abrasion.
14. Heavy traffic.
15. Soiling, staining, and corrosion.
16. Bacteria.
17. Rodent and insect infestation.
19. Electrical current.
20. High-speed operation.
21. Improper lubrication.
22. Unusual wear or other misuse.
23. Contact between incompatible materials.
24. Destructive testing.
25. Misalignment.
26. Excessive weathering.
27. Unprotected storage.
28. Improper shipping or handling.
29. Theft.
30. Vandalism.

1.3. TEMPORARY FIRE PROTECTION

A. Except for use of permanent fire protection as soon as available, do not change over from use of temporary security and protection facilities to permanent facilities until Substantial Completion, or longer, as requested by the University's Representative.


1. Locate fire extinguishers where convenient and effective for their intended purpose.
2. Store combustible materials in containers in fire-safe locations.
3. Maintain unobstructed access to fire extinguishers, fire hydrants, temporary fire-protection facilities, stairways, and other access routes for fighting fires. Prohibit smoking in all buildings and anywhere on site.
4. Provide supervision of welding operations, combustion-type temporary heating units, and similar sources of fire ignition.

1.4. TEMPORARY BARRICADES, WARNING SIGNS, SIGNALS AND LIGHTS

A. Comply with standards and code requirements for erection of structurally adequate barricades. Paint with appropriate colors, graphics, and warning signs to inform personnel and the public of the hazard being protected against. Where appropriate and needed, provide lighting, including flashing red or amber lights.

1. Enclose excavations and openings with proper barricades.
2. Clearly identify hazards on and adjacent to the Project site. Maintain clearly visible and, if applicable, audible identification on a continuous 24-hour-per-day basis.
3. Illuminate barricades, warning signs, obstructions, and other hazards at night. Provide adequate light for clear visibility from sunset to sunrise.
4. Where appropriate, provide audible warning signals.

1.5. TEMPORARY FENCING – Not Used

1.6. TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE WALKWAYS – Not Used

PART 2 – PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 – EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

END OF SECTION
SECTION 01 5700
TEMPORARY CONTROLS

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1. SUMMARY

A. This Section Includes:

1. Control of Construction Water
2. Dust Control, Air Pollution, and Odor Control
3. Noise Control
4. Temporary Erosion and Sediment Control (SWPPP)
5. Temporary Environmental Controls
6. Temporary Pest Control
7. Biological Resources
8. Cultural Resources
9. Aesthetics
10. Air Quality

1.2. CONTROL OF CONSTRUCTION WATER

A. Provide impermeable floor coverings and suitable dams to prevent damage by water used for the Work. Immediately clean up and remove all surplus water and water spilled in non-working areas. Do not allow water to overflow gutters, flood streets or parking lots.

1.3. DUST CONTROL, AIR POLLUTION, AND ODOR CONTROL

A. The Contractor shall employ measures to prevent the creation of dust, air pollution and odors.

1. Unpaved areas where vehicles are operated shall be periodically wetted down or given an equivalent form of treatment as defined in South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) Rule 403 to eliminate dust formation.

2. All volatile liquids including fuels or solvents shall be stored in closed containers.

3. No open burning of debris, lumber or other scrap will be permitted.

4. Equipment shall be maintained in a manner to reduce gaseous emission.

5. Low sulfur fuel shall be used for construction equipment.

6. Stockpiles of excavated materials shall be covered with material approved by University’s Representative.

7. Contractor shall provide street sweeping whenever silt from construction site is carried over to adjacent streets.

B. Provide measures, including regular watering, necessary to minimize air-borne dust.

1. Exposed surfaces should be watered twice daily.
2. Stockpiles of excavated materials should be covered.
3. A berm shall be erected on the downslope of the project site to prevent silt-laden water from running off site.
4. Trucks carrying excavated materials from the site shall be covered and shall have their tires and undercarriages washed prior to exiting the site as required to remove material that may fall or blow off later.
5. Paving of exposed dirt surfaces should be done as quickly as is reasonably possible.
6. Streets affected by fugitive dust shall be swept regularly.
7. The Contractor shall assign a person to be responsible for monitoring dust levels, reviewing conditions with the University's Representative, and suggesting appropriate additional control measures when required.
8. Uncovered soil shall be bound by grass or similar ground cover as soon as is reasonably possible.
9. Excavation should not be conducted when surface winds exceed 11 miles per hour.
10. Unnecessary idling of construction vehicles and equipment shall be avoided.

C. All contractors, and overseen by the General Contractor, shall implement dust control measures consistent with South Coast Air management District (SCAQMD) Rule 403 – Fugitive Dust during the construction phases on the project development.

1. Apply water and/or non-toxic chemical soil stabilizers according to manufacturer's specifications to all inactive construction areas (previously graded areas that have been inactive for 10 or more days).
2. Replace ground cover in disturbed areas as quickly as possible.
3. Enclose, cover, water twice daily, or apply approved chemical soil binders to exposed piles with 5 percent or greater silt content.
4. Water active grading sites at least twice daily.
5. Suspend all excavating and grading operations when wind speeds (as instantaneous gusts) exceed over 25 mile per hour over a 30-minute period.
6. All trucks hauling dirt, sand, soil, or other loose material are to be covered or should maintain at least two feet of freeboard (i.e., minimum vertical distance between top of the load and top of the trailer) in accordance with section23114 of the California Vehicle Code.
7. Sweep streets at the end of the day if visible soil material is carried over to adjacent roads.
8. Install wheel washers where vehicles enter and exit unpaved roads onto paved roads, or wash off trucks and any equipment leaving project site for each trip.
9. Apply water three times daily of chemical soil stabilizers according to manufacturer's specifications to all unpaved parking or staging areas or unpaved road surfaces.

1.4. NOISE CONTROL

A. Noise control shall be maintained by the contractor in all areas of construction, guarding against any undue noise which may impair proper use of existing facilities. Activities with the highest noise potential shall be scheduled for the times when background ambient noise levels are highest (i.e., during peak commute hours). Contractor shall use noise suppressed equipment available and/or shall muffle/control noise on equipment to the maximum extent possible. Noisy construction-related operations (e.g., mixing concrete) shall be accomplished on-site to the extent feasible. Those noisy, construction-related operations shall be performed on those areas of the site furthest from noise sensitive receptors i.e. residence halls, off-site community, etc.”

OR

Noise control shall be maintained by the contractor in all areas of construction, guarding against any undue noise, which may impair proper use of existing facilities. Contractor shall use noise
suppressed equipment available and control noise on equipment to the maximum extent possible.

B. The following noise control procedures shall be employed:

1. Maximum Noise: The Contractor shall use equipment and methods during the course of this work that are least disruptive to adjacent offices or residences. Noise levels for trenchers, graders, trucks and pile drivers shall not exceed 90 dBA at 50 feet as measured under the noisiest operating conditions. For all other equipment, noise levels shall not exceed 85 dBA at 50 feet.

   OR

   Noise control shall be maintained by the contractor in all areas of construction, guarding against any undue noise, which may impair proper use of existing facilities. Contractor shall use noise suppressed equipment available and control noise on equipment to the maximum extent possible.

2. Equipment: Jack hammers shall be equipped with exhaust mufflers and steel muffling sleeves. All diesel equipment shall have exhaust muffled. Air compressors shall be of a quiet type such as a "whisperized" compressor.

   OR

   Equipment: Jack hammers shall be equipped with exhaust mufflers and steel muffling sleeves. All diesel equipment shall have exhaust muffled. Air compressors shall be of a quiet type such as a "whisperized" compressor. Require contractors to use the quietest among alternative equipment or to muffle/control noise from available equipment to the maximum extent possible.

   AND/OR

   Require Mufflers and Other Noise Attenuators on Project Construction Equipment: All contractors, and overseen by the General Contractor, shall ensure that noise-producing construction equipment and vehicles using internal combustion engines will be equipped with mufflers; air-inlet silencers where appropriate; and any other shrouds, shields, or other noise-reducing features in good operating condition that meet or exceed original factory specification. Mobile or fixed “package” equipment (e.g., arc-welders, air compressors) will be equipped with shrouds and noise-control features that are readily available for that type of equipment. Stationary construction equipment, material and vehicle staging shall be placed to direct noise away from sensitive receptors.

   AND

   OR

   Require Use of Electrically Powered Equipment: All contractors, and overseen by the General Contractor, shall ensure that work use electrically powered equipment instead of pneumatic or internal combustion–powered equipment, where feasible.

3. Operations: Machines shall not be left idling. Electric power shall be used in lieu of internal combustion engine power wherever possible. Equipment shall be maintained to reduce noise from vibration, faulty mufflers, or other sources.

   OR

   Operations: Machines shall not be left idling. Electric power shall be used in lieu of internal combustion engine power wherever possible. Equipment shall be maintained to reduce noise from vibration, faulty mufflers, or other sources.
4. Scheduling: Noisy operations shall be scheduled so as to minimize the disturbance and duration to adjacent neighborhoods and nearby student Housing complexes.

OR

Scheduling: Noisy operations shall be scheduled so as to minimize their disturbance to occupied adjacent areas and duration at any given location. Schedule activities with highest noise potential for times when background ambient noise levels are highest.

5. Location: Consider noise sensitive areas around the site when planning locations of operations which cause higher levels of noise, and perform those tasks in less sensitive areas when possible. Schedule work that will generate vibrations, uncontrolled dust, noise levels in excess of 65 dBA, interior-85 dBA, exterior and potentially hazardous conditions for time periods that are the least disruptive to the University and the surrounding residential neighborhood.

6. Use of High Vibration Construction Equipment near SRC

a. All contractors, and overseen by the General Contractor, shall schedule construction activity entailing use of high-vibration generating equipment within 75 feet of Residence Halls during periods when students are not in residence, to the extent feasible.

Prohibit Noise-producing Signals: All contractors, and overseen by the General Contractor, shall prohibit the use of noise-producing signals, including horns, whistles, alarms, and bells, except for safety purposes only. Public address or music systems will also be prohibited.

1.5. TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL – NOT USED

1.6. TEMPORARY ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS

A. Environmental Protection: Provide protection, operate temporary facilities, and conduct construction in ways and by methods that comply with environmental regulations, and minimize the possibility that air, waterways, and subsoil might be contaminated or polluted or that other undesirable effects might result. Avoid use of tools and equipment that produce levels of harmful noise. Restrict use of noise-making tools and equipment to hours that will minimize complaints from persons or firms near the site.

B. See also Section 01 3543, Environmental Procedures.

1.7. TEMPORARY PEST CONTROL – Not Used

1.8. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES – Not Used

1.9. CULTURAL RESOURCES – Not Used
1.10. AESTHETICS

A. Strict adherence to the approved Detailed Planting Plans to Maintain Existing View Corridors.

1.11. AIR QUALITY

A. All construction vehicles and equipment containing an internal combustion engine and operating on the project site shall meet EPA-certified Tier 2 emission standards or higher. Contractor shall maintain on-going verification records of equipment certification as new equipment is delivered to the site for University Representatives to review for compliance.

B. Low NOx diesel fuel and construction equipment shall be used to the extent that is readily available at the time of construction. Contractor shall maintain on-going, updated records for University Representatives to review for compliance.

C. The following Air Quality reduction procedures shall be implemented throughout the construction process:

a. Compliance with all SCAQMD rules and regulations.

b. Maintenance programs to assure vehicles remain in good operating condition.

c. Avoid unnecessary idling of construction vehicles and equipment.

d. Use of alternative fuel vehicles.

e. Provision of electrical power to site to eliminate the need for on-site generators.

D. All off-road equipment operating on project site, as well as on-road heavy-duty vehicles (including hauling and material delivery trucks) traveling to and from the project site will be fitted with an oxides catalyst. Contractor shall maintain on-going verification records of equipment certification as equipment is delivered to the site for University Representatives to review for compliance.

E. Limited on-campus parking outside the project site boundaries will be made available for construction workers. The University will provide contractors’ workers with limited, free, on-campus parking in a designated portion of Lot 13 across Big Springs Rd from the project site.

1. Confining parking to the construction site or specifically designated areas of Lot 13. Vehicles parked elsewhere are subject to Campus parking fees or fines. Campus parking permits are available through Parking Services of $56.00 per month (check with Parking Services for daily and weekly rates) per vehicle. Rate is subject to change.

2. Contractor may use available space within its Project fence limits for parking without a permit.

3. Provide 3 parking spaces within the staging area for University’s Representative and its Consultants use.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 – EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

END OF SECTION
SECTION 01 6000
PRODUCT REQUIREMENTS

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1. SUMMARY

A. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements governing the Contractor's selection of products for use in the Project:

1. Quality Assurance
2. Product Delivery, Storage, and Handling
3. Product Selection
4. Product Installation

B. Definitions: The Definitions used in this Article are not intended to change the meaning of other terms used in the Contract Documents, such as "specialties," "systems," "structure," "finishes," "accessories," and similar terms. Such terms are self-explanatory and have well-recognized meanings in the construction industry.

1. "Products" are items purchased for incorporation in the Work, whether purchased for the Project or taken from previously purchased stock. The term "product" includes the terms "material," "equipment," "system," and terms of similar intent.
   a. "Named Products" are items identified by the manufacturer's product name, including make or model number or other designation, shown or listed in the manufacturer's published product literature that is current as of the date of the Contract Documents.
   b. "Foreign Products," as distinguished from "domestic products," are items substantially manufactured (50 percent or more of value) outside the United States and its possessions. Products produced or supplied by entities substantially owned (more than 50 percent) by persons who are not citizens of, nor living within, the United States and its possessions are also considered to be foreign products.

2. "Materials" are products substantially shaped, cut, worked, mixed, finished, refined or otherwise fabricated, processed, or installed to form a part of the Work.

3. "Equipment" is a product with operational parts, whether motorized or manually operated, that requires service connections, such as wiring or piping.

1.2. QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Source Limitations: To the fullest extent possible, provide products of the same kind from a single source.

B. Compatibility of Options: When the Contractor is given the option of selecting between 2 or more products for use on the Project, the product selected shall be compatible with products previously selected, even if previously selected products were also options.

1. Each prime contractor is responsible for providing products and construction methods that are compatible with products and construction methods of other prime or separate contractors.

2. If a dispute arises between prime contractors over concurrently selectable, but incompatible products, the University's Representative will determine which products shall be retained and which are incompatible and must be replaced.
C. Foreign Product Limitations: Except under one or more of the following conditions, provide domestic products, not foreign products, for inclusion in the Work:

1. No available domestic product complies with the Contract Documents.

2. Domestic products that comply with the Contract Documents are available only at prices or terms substantially higher than foreign products that comply with the Contract Documents.

D. Nameplates: Except for required labels and operating data, do not attach or imprint manufacturer's or producer's nameplates or trademarks on exposed surfaces of products that will be exposed to view in occupied spaces or on the exterior.

1. Labels: Locate required product labels and stamps on concealed surfaces or, where required for observation after installation, on accessible surfaces that are not conspicuous.

2. Equipment Nameplates: Provide a permanent nameplate on each item of service-connected or power-operated equipment. Locate on an easily accessible surface that is inconspicuous in occupied spaces. The nameplate shall contain the following information and other essential operating data:
   a. Name of product and manufacturer.
   b. Model and serial number.
   c. Capacity.
   d. Speed.
   e. Ratings.

3. UL Label: Provide products bearing appropriate UL label as indicated.

1.3. PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Refer to Section 01 5200, Paragraph 1.5.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS

2.1. PRODUCT SELECTION

A. General Product Requirements: Provide products that comply with the Contract Documents, that are undamaged and, unless otherwise indicated, new at the time of installation, except where salvaged materials are indicated.

1. Provide products complete with accessories, trim, finish, safety guards, and other devices and details needed for a complete installation and the intended use and effect.

2. Standard Products: Where available, provide standard products of types that have been produced and used successfully in similar situations on other projects.

B. Product Selection Procedures: The Contract Documents and governing regulations govern product selection. Procedures governing product selection include the following:

1. Nonproprietary Specifications: When Specifications list products or manufacturers that are available and may be incorporated in the Work, but do not restrict the Contractor to use of these products only, the Contractor may propose any available product that complies with Contract requirements. Comply with Contract
Document provisions concerning "substitutions" to obtain approval for use of an
unnamed product.

2. Compliance with Standards, Codes, and Regulations: Where Specifications only
require compliance with an imposed code, standard, or regulation, select a product
that complies with the standards, codes, or regulations specified.

3. Visual Matching: Where Specifications require matching an established Sample,
the University Representative’s decision will be final on whether a proposed
product matches satisfactorily.

   a. Where no product available within the specified category matches
      satisfactorily and complies with other specified requirements, comply with
      provisions of the Contract Documents concerning "substitutions" for
      selection of a matching product in another product category.

4. Visual Selection: Where specified product requirements include the phrase "...as
selected from manufacturer's standard colors, patterns, textures..." or a similar
phrase, select a product and manufacturer that complies with other specified
requirements. The University's Representative will select the color, pattern, and
texture from the product line selected.

PART 3 – EXECUTION

3.1 PRODUCT INSTALLATION

   A. Comply with manufacturer's instructions and recommendations for installation of products
      in the applications indicated. Anchor each product securely in place, accurately located
      and aligned with other Work.

      1. Clean exposed surfaces and protect as necessary to ensure freedom from damage
         and deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 01 7100
EXAMINATION AND PREPARATION

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1. SUMMARY

A. This Section includes:

1. Mobilization
2. Acceptance of Conditions
3. Construction Layout
4. Construction Surveying
5. Protection of Adjacent Construction
6. Non-Destructive Concrete Examination

1.2. MOBILIZATION – Not Used

1.3. ACCEPTANCE OF CONDITIONS

1. Prior to commencing the Work, the Contractor and University's Representative shall tour together the Project site (and areas immediately surrounding the site) to examine and record damage to existing buildings and improvements constructed under a prior contract. As such the Contractor accepts the work constructed on site “as–is” and must finish what is installed into a complete and functional system.

2. This record shall serve as a basis for determination of subsequent damage due to Contractor's operations and shall be signed by all parties making the tour. Any cracks, sags, or damage to the adjacent buildings, improvements and landscaping elements not noted in the original survey, but subsequently discovered, shall be reported to University's Representative within 15 days from Notice to Proceed.

3. The Contractor shall prepare a report of the survey, including:
   a. DVD recording of existing conditions.
   b. 8" x 10" glossy photographs of significant features requested by University's Representative.
   c. Key plan with references to video/photographs

4. The Contractor and University Representative shall periodically monitor conditions of existing buildings and installations for signs of movement, settlement, or other damage related to construction.

5. Contractor is solely responsible for repairing damage to existing construction and finishes and for replacing damaged components, which cannot be repaired.

6. Contractor is solely responsible for maintaining and watering existing landscaping within the Project site and for replacing landscaping elements, which are damaged or destroyed during the course of the Work.

1.4. CONSTRUCTION LAYOUT

1.5. CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING
1.6. PROTECTION OF ADJACENT CONSTRUCTION

1.7. NON-DESTRUCTIVE CONCRETE EXAMINATION

PART 2 – PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 – EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

END OF SECTION
PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1. SUMMARY

A. This Section includes general administrative and procedural requirements for cutting and patching, including without limitation, the following:

1. Submittals
2. Quality Assurance
3. Warranty
4. Materials
5. Inspection
6. Preparation
7. Performance
8. Cleaning

B. Requirements of this Section apply to mechanical and electrical installations. Refer to Specification Divisions 20-28 for other requirements and limitations applicable to cutting and patching mechanical and electrical installations.

C. Refer to other applicable Sections for specific requirements and limitations applicable to cutting and patching individual parts of the Work.

D. Cutting and Patching, in addition to requirements of the General Conditions, includes removing, altering, and repairing portions of the Work as required to accomplish the following:

1. Make several parts fit properly.
2. Uncover work to provide for installation of ill-timed work.
3. Remove and replace defective work.
4. Remove samples of installed work as specified or requested by the University’s Representative for testing.
5. Install new construction penetrations of or connections to existing construction.

1.2. SUBMITTALS

A. Cutting and Patching Proposal: Submit written notice to the University’s Representative requesting permission to proceed with cutting which could affect structural safety of the project 10 days in advance of starting cutting. Request approval to proceed. Include the following information, as applicable, in the proposal:

1. Describe the extent of cutting and patching required. Show how it will be performed and indicate why it cannot be avoided.
2. Describe anticipated results in terms of changes to existing construction. Include changes to structural elements and operating components as well as changes in the building’s appearance and other significant visual elements.
3. List products to be used and firms or entities that will perform Work.
4. Indicate dates when cutting and patching will be performed.
5. Utilities: List utilities that cutting and patching procedures will disturb or affect. List utilities that will be relocated and those that will be temporarily out-of-service. All utility shut downs shall be kept to a minimum. Contractor shall coordinate for all shut downs to occur during weekend hours without change to the contract sum. Identify date, time and expected duration (no more than 8 hours duration) of all utility shutdowns. There will be no shut downs for sewer services, must do bypass.
6. Approval by the University’s Representative to proceed with cutting and patching does not waive the University’s Representative right to later require complete removal and replacement of unsatisfactory work.

B. Changed Conditions Notice: Submit written recommendations to the University’s Representative should conditions of work or schedule indicate change of materials or methods, including the following:

1. Conditions indicating change.
2. Recommendations for alternative materials and methods.
3. Information required for substitution.

1.3. QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Requirements for Structural Work:

1. Obtain approval of the cutting and patching proposal before cutting and patching structural elements including, but not limited to, the following:

   a. Foundation construction.
   b. Structural concrete.
   c. Miscellaneous structural metals.
   d. Piping and equipment.

B. Operational Limitations: Do not cut and patch operating elements or related components in a manner that would result in reducing their capacity to perform as intended. Do not cut and patch operating elements or related components in a manner that would result in increased maintenance or decreased operational life or safety.

1. Obtain approval of the cutting and patching proposal before cutting and patching the following operating elements or safety related systems

   a. Primary operational systems and equipment.
   b. Fire protection systems.
   c. Communication systems.
   d. Electrical wiring systems.
   e. Security systems

C. Visual Requirements: Do not cut and patch construction in a manner that would result in visual evidence of cutting and patching. Remove and replace construction cut and patch in a visually unsatisfactory manner.

1.4. WARRANTY

A. Existing Warranties: Replace, patch, and repair material and surfaces cut or damaged by methods and with materials in such a manner as not to void any warranties required or existing.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS

2.1. MATERIALS

A. Use materials identical to existing materials. For exposed surfaces, use materials that visually match existing adjacent surfaces to the fullest extent possible if identical materials are unavailable or cannot be used. Use materials whose installed performance will equal or surpass that of existing materials.
3.1 INSPECTION
A. Examine surfaces to be cut and patched and conditions under which cutting and patching is to be performed before cutting. If unsafe or unsatisfactory conditions are encountered, take corrective action and notify University’s Representative before proceeding.

1. Before proceeding, meet at the Project Site with parties involved in cutting and patching, including mechanical and electrical trades. Review areas of potential interference and conflict. Coordinate procedures and resolve potential conflicts before proceeding.

2. Provide drawings and calculations signed by a licensed California Structural Engineer for shoring, bracing and support to maintain structural integrity.

3. Protect other portions of the Project.

4. Protect Project from the element.

3.2 PREPARATION
A. Temporary Support: Provide temporary support of work to be cut.

B. Protection: Protect existing construction during cutting and patching to prevent damage. Provide protection from adverse weather conditions for portions of the Project that might be exposed during cutting and patching operations.

C. Avoid interference with use of adjoining areas or interruption of free passage to adjoining areas.

D. Avoid cutting existing pipe, conduit, or ductwork serving the building but scheduled to be removed or relocated until provisions have been made to bypass them.

3.3 PERFORMANCE
A. General: Employ skilled workmen to perform cutting and patching. Proceed with cutting and patching at the earliest feasible time and complete without delay.

1. Cut existing construction to provide for installation of other components or performance of other construction activities and the subsequent fitting and patching required to restore surfaces to their original condition.

B. Cutting: Cut existing construction using methods least likely to damage elements retained or adjoining construction. Where possible, review proposed procedures with the original Installer; comply with the original Installer’s recommendations.

1. In general, where cutting, use hand or small power tools designed for sawing or grinding, not hammering and chopping. Cut holes and slots as small as possible, neatly to size required, and with minimum disturbance of adjacent surfaces. Temporarily cover openings when not in use.

2. To avoid marring existing finished surfaces, cut or drill from the exposed or finished side into concealed surfaces.

3. Cut through concrete and masonry using a cutting machine, such as a Carborundum saw or a diamond-core drill.

4. Comply with requirements applicable Division 2 Sections where cutting and patching requires excavating and backfilling.

5. Where services are required to be removed, relocated, or abandoned, by-pass utility services, such as pipe or conduit, before cutting. Cut-off pipe or conduit in walls or partitions to be removed. Cap, valve, or plug and seal the remaining portion of pipe or conduit to prevent entrance of moisture or other foreign matter after by-passing and cutting.
C. Patching: Patch with durable seams that are as invisible as possible. Comply with specified tolerances.

1. Where feasible, inspect and test patched areas to demonstrate integrity of the installation.
2. Restore exposed finishes of patched areas and extend finish restoration into retained adjoining construction in a manner that will eliminate evidence of patching and refinishing.
3. Patch, repair, or rehang existing ceilings as necessary to provide an even-plane surface of uniform appearance.

3.4 CLEANING

A. Clean areas and spaces where cutting and patching are performed. Completely remove paint, mortar, oils, putty, and similar items. Thoroughly clean piping, conduit, and similar features before applying paint or other finishing materials. Restore damaged pipe covering to its original condition.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 01 7400
CLEANING AND WASTE MANAGEMENT

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1. SUMMARY

A. This Section includes:
1. Progress Cleaning and Site Maintenance
2. Construction Waste Management and Disposal
3. Final Cleaning
4. Contractor C&D Waste Monitoring Form and Green Waste Monitoring Form, copies of which are attached at the end of this Section.

B. Cleaning Agents: Use cleaning materials and agents recommended by the manufacturer or fabricator of the surface to be cleaned. Do not use cleaning agents that are potentially hazardous to health or property or that might damage finished surfaces.

C. Environmental Requirements: Conduct cleaning and waste-disposal operations in compliance with local laws and ordinances. Comply fully with federal and local environmental and antipollution regulations.
   1. Do not dispose of volatile wastes, such as mineral spirits, oil, or paint thinner, in streams, storm or sanitary drains.
   2. Burning or burying of debris, rubbish, or other waste material on the premises is not permitted.
   3. Comply with requirements of Southern California Air Quality Management District in effect at the time of construction.
   4. Comply with governing regulations and safety standards for cleaning operations. Remove waste materials from the site and dispose of lawfully.

D. Submittal: Prior to requesting inspection for Substantial Completion and Final Completion, submit written certification to the University's Representative that final cleaning has been performed in accordance with the Contract Documents.

1.2. PROGRESS CLEANING AND SITE MAINTENANCE

A. Collection and Disposal of Waste: Contractor shall furnish all labor, equipment, containers, transportation, materials, supplies and related expenses to provide the University with comprehensive waste collection and waste recycling services for the Project. Contractor shall collect waste from construction areas and elsewhere daily. Comply with requirements of NFPA 241 for removal of combustible waste material and debris. Enforce requirements strictly. Do not hold materials more than 7 days during normal weather or 3 days when the temperature is expected to rise above 80 degrees F (27 degrees C). Handle hazardous, dangerous, or unsanitary waste materials separately from other waste by containerizing properly.

1. Do not burn waste materials. Do not bury debris or excess materials on the University's property. Do not discharge volatile, harmful, or dangerous materials into drainage systems or streams. Remove waste materials from the site and dispose of lawfully.

2. Where extra materials of value remain after completion of associated Work, they become the University's property. Dispose of these materials as directed by the University's Representative.
3. Provide on-site containers for collection of waste materials, debris, and rubbish, and empty at least weekly. Maintain containers in such condition so as to ensure they are clean and sanitary, to prevent odor and insect infestation, and ensure no unsightly presentation. Perform maintenance on the containers as required to ensure proper function for the intended purpose.

4. Handle waste materials in a controlled manner. Do not drop or throw materials from heights.

5. Remove combustible debris from the building daily and store in covered, non-combustible containers located not less than 40 feet from any building.

B. Cleaning During Construction Period: Comply with regulations of the University and safety standards for cleaning.

1. Schedule cleaning operations so that dust and other contaminants resulting from cleaning operations will not settle on wet paint, or other coatings or finishes during their cure period.

2. Comply with manufacturer's instructions for cleaning the surfaces and parts of finishes and equipment. Use only those cleaning materials and procedures recommended by the manufacturer of the item to be cleaned.

3. Provide cleaning during construction as necessary to ensure operations can proceed on schedule and that finish materials can be installed properly and viewed for determination of aesthetic characteristics.

1.3. CONSTRUCTION WASTE MANAGEMENT AND DISPOSAL

A. The University has established that this Project shall generate the least amount of waste possible and that processes that ensure the generation of as little waste as possible shall be employed to enable the University to meet a minimum 95% percent diversion of construction and demolition (C&D) waste (including green waste) from the landfill.

B. Contractor shall be responsible for monitoring and maintaining a written log using the C&D Waste Monitoring Form and Green Waste Monitoring Form, copies of which are attached at the end of this Section, to report when actual container deliveries and waste pickups occur, the types of C&D waste material included, weight of each type (in Tons) diverted or landfilled and total percentage of waste diverted from landfill, and any other data required to be reported on the respective forms. Contractor shall submit completed forms with the required data to University's Representative, or designee, with each Application for Payment. Such written information shall be used as backup to support payment of Contractor's scheduled value for Division 1, General Requirements.

C. C&D waste is a combination of concrete, lumber, plaster, cardboard, glass, various metals, paper, PVC, ABS, HDPE, PP, PDPE, PET, white foam, paint buckets, carpet, green waste, and dirt.

1. C&D waste accepted for recycling:
   a. Card Board.
   b. Mixed metals.
   c. PVC Pipe.
   d. ABS Pipe.
   e. H.D.P.E. Pipe.
   f. Carpet.
   g. Carpet Pad.
   h. Mixed Plastics.
   i. Glass.
j. Bottles & Cans – CRV.
k. H.D.P.E Plastics.
l. H.D.P.E Pipe.
m. Foam – White.
o. Plastic Buckets – Paint (empty) & Landscapers.
p. Drywall.
q. Wood.
r. Particle Board.
s. Green Waste:
  (1) Green Waste refers to waste resulting from removal of vegetation; it is a combination of brush, branches, leaves, flowers, shrubs and small trees and other items listed on the Green Waste Monitoring Form.
  (2) Green Waste accepted for recycling and/or compost:
      (a) Grass Clippings.
      (b) Trees – Tree trunks shall be cut into 4’ and 10” pieces.
      (c) Branches – Branches shall be cut into 4’ and 10” pieces.
      (d) Tree Trimmings – All other material other than trunks, branches, and leaves.
      (e) Wood.
      (f) Mulch.
      (g) Brush.
      (h) Leaves.
      (i) Flowers.
      (j) Shrubs.
      (k) Palm Fronds.
t. Inert Material – Soil, Asphalt, Brick, Concrete

1.4. FINAL CLEANING

A. This Section includes the administrative and procedural requirements for final cleaning at Substantial Completion and Final Inspection.

B. Provide final cleaning operations when indicated. Employ experienced workers or professional cleaners for final cleaning. Clean each surface or unit of Work to the condition expected from a commercial cleaning and maintenance program. Comply with manufacturer's instructions.

C. Complete the following cleaning operations before requesting inspection for certification of Substantial Completion for the entire Project or a portion of the Project.

1. Clean the Project Site, yard and grounds, in areas disturbed by construction activities, including landscape development areas, of rubbish, waste material, litter, and foreign substances.

2. Sweep paved areas broom clean. Rake grounds that are neither planted nor paved to a smooth, even-textured surface.

3. Remove petrochemical spills, stains, and other foreign deposits.

4. Remove tools, construction equipment, machinery, and surplus material from the site.

5. Remove snow and ice, if any, to provide safe access to the building.

6. Clean exposed exterior and interior hard-surfaced finishes to a dirt-free condition, free of stains, films, and similar foreign substances. Avoid disturbing natural weathering of exterior surfaces. Restore reflective surfaces to their original condition.
7. Remove debris and surface dust from limited access spaces, including trenches, equipment vaults, manholes and similar spaces.


9. Remove labels that are not permanent labels.

10. Touch up and otherwise repair and restore marred, exposed finishes and surfaces. Replace finishes and surfaces that cannot be satisfactorily repaired or restored or that already show evidence of repair or restoration.
   
a. Do not paint over "UL" and similar labels, including mechanical and electrical nameplates.

11. Wipe surfaces of electrical equipment, and similar equipment. Remove excess lubrication, paint and mortar droppings, and other foreign substances.

12. Remove grease, dust, dirt, stains, and other marks from surfaces exposed-to-view.

13. Leave the Project clean.

D. Pest Control: Engage an experienced, licensed exterminator to make a final inspection and rid the Project of rodents, insects, and other pests. Comply with regulations of local authorities.

E. Removal of Protection: Remove temporary protection and facilities installed during construction to protect previously completed installations during the remainder of the construction period.

F. Where extra materials of value remain after completion of associated Work, they become the University's property. Dispose of these materials as directed by the University's Representative at no additional cost to the University.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 – EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

END OF SECTION
## Contractor C&D Waste Monitoring Form

**Project Name & No.:**

**Contractor:**

**Prepared by:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date/Time of Pick up</th>
<th>Size of Bin</th>
<th>R/L&lt;sup&gt;1&lt;/sup&gt;</th>
<th>Concrete</th>
<th>Metals</th>
<th>Wood</th>
<th>Glass</th>
<th>Clay/Brick</th>
<th>Paper</th>
<th>Gypsum</th>
<th>Paint</th>
<th>Insulation</th>
<th>Green Waste&lt;sup&gt;2&lt;/sup&gt;</th>
<th>Dirt&lt;sup&gt;2&lt;/sup&gt;</th>
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**Bin Makeup: Recycled or Landfill Materials (Provide quantity of each in Tons.)**

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<th>Concrete</th>
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<th>Glass</th>
<th>Clay/Brick</th>
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<th>Paint</th>
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<th>Green Waste&lt;sup&gt;2&lt;/sup&gt;</th>
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**Column Totals:**

- Total C&D Waste to Landfill:
- % of C&D Waste Recycled:

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**SRC North Cooling Tower Replacement**

Project Number: 957448

Contract Number: 957448-LF-2020-52

UCR 2014-09-08 MF/LF

Cleaning and Waste Management, Contractor C&D Waste Monitoring Form

01 7400
1 Indicate whether R=Recycled or L=Landfill.
2 For waste diversion numbers, Green Waste and dirt are not included. Complete Green Waste Monitoring Form.
## Contractor Green Waste Monitoring Form

### Project Name & No.:  

### Contractor:  

### Prepared by:  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date/Time of Pick up</th>
<th>Size of Bin</th>
<th>R/L&lt;sup&gt;1&lt;/sup&gt;</th>
<th>Grass Clippings</th>
<th>Small Tree</th>
<th>Tree Trunks</th>
<th>Branches</th>
<th>Tree Trimmings</th>
<th>Wood</th>
<th>Mulch</th>
<th>Brush</th>
<th>Leaves</th>
<th>Flowers</th>
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### Column Totals:  

- Total Green Waste to Landfill:  
- % of Green Waste Recycled:

<sup>1</sup> Indicate whether R=Recycled or L=Landfill.
SECTION 01 7700
CONTRACT CLOSEOUT

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1. SUMMARY

A. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for contract closeout including, but not limited to, the following:

1. Substantial Completion
2. Final Inspection Acceptance
3. Closeout Procedures
4. Instruction and Evaluation of University's Personnel
5. Training Tools and Materials
6. Qualifications of Instructors
7. Operation and Maintenance Manuals and Instructions
8. Spare Parts and Extra Stock Materials
9. Warranties

B. Closeout requirements for specific construction activities are included in the appropriate Sections in Divisions 2 through 33.

1.2. SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION

A. Preliminary Procedures: Before requesting inspection for certification of Substantial Completion, complete the following. List exceptions in the request.

1. In the Application for Payment that coincides with, or first follows, the date Substantial Completion is claimed, show 100 percent completion for the portion of the Work claimed as substantially complete.
   a. Include supporting documentation for completion as indicated in these Contract Documents and a statement showing an accounting of changes to the Contract Sum.
   b. If 100 percent completion cannot be shown, include a list of incomplete items, the value of incomplete construction, and reasons the Work is not complete.
2. Advise the University of pending insurance changeover requirements.
3. Submit specific warranties, workmanship bonds, maintenance and service agreements, final certifications, and similar documents.
4. Obtain and submit releases enabling the University unrestricted use of the Work and access to services and utilities. Include occupancy permits, operating certificates, and similar releases.
5. Submit record drawings, operation and maintenance manuals, final project photographs, damage or settlement surveys, property surveys, and similar final record information.
6. Deliver tools, spare parts, extra stock, and similar items.
7. Make final changeover of permanent locks and transmit keys and key schedule to the University. Advise the University's personnel of changeover in security provisions.
8. Complete startup testing of systems and instruction of the University's operation and maintenance personnel. Discontinue and remove temporary facilities from the site, along with mockups, construction tools, and similar elements.
9. Complete final cleanup requirements, including touchup painting.
10. Touch up and otherwise repair and restore marred, exposed finishes.
11. Adjust and balance all systems and adjust all valves.
12. Check fluid and gas carrying pipe systems, roofs, flashings, gutters, and
13. Lubricate all moving parts of machinery and equipment as recommended by the manufacturers of the machinery and equipment.

14. Submit certification required in Section 01 7400 for “Final Cleaning."

B. Inspection Procedures: On receipt of a request for inspection, the University's Representative will either proceed with inspection or advise the Contractor of incomplete or incorrect work. The University's Representative will prepare the Punchlist following inspection or advise the Contractor of what must be completed or corrected before the certificate will be issued.

1. The University's Representative will repeat inspection when requested and assured that the Work is substantially complete.
2. Results of the completed inspection will form the basis of requirements for final acceptance.
3. Allow 3 weeks for the University's Representative to prepare the list of items to be corrected.

1.3. FINAL INSPECTION ACCEPTANCE

A. Preliminary Procedures: Before requesting final inspection for certification of final acceptance and final payment, complete the following. List exceptions in the request.

1. Submit the final payment request with releases and supporting documentation not previously submitted and accepted. Include insurance certificates for products and completed operations where required.
2. Submit an updated final statement, accounting for final additional changes to the Contract Sum.
3. Submit a certified copy of the University Representative's final inspection list of items to be completed or corrected, endorsed and dated by the University's Representative. The certified copy of the list shall state that each item has been completed or otherwise resolved for acceptance and shall be endorsed and dated by the University's Representative.
4. Submit final meter readings for utilities, a measured record of stored fuel, and similar data as of the date of Substantial Completion or when the University took possession of and assumed responsibility for corresponding elements of the Work.
5. Submit consent of surety to final payment.
6. Submit a final liquidated damages settlement statement.
7. Submit evidence of final, continuing insurance coverage complying with insurance requirements.
8. Completed Punchlist.

B. Reinspection Procedure: The University's Representative will reinspect the Work upon receipt of notice that the Work, including inspection list items from earlier inspections, has been completed, except for items whose completion is delayed under circumstances acceptable to the University's Representative.

1. Upon completion of reinspection, the University's Representative will prepare a certificate of final acceptance. If the Work is incomplete, the University's Representative will advise the Contractor of Work that is incomplete or of obligations that have not been fulfilled but are required for final acceptance.
2. If necessary, reinspection will be repeated and related costs of University's Representative and University Representative's Consultants will be deducted from final retention payment.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 – EXECUTION
3.1 CLOSEOUT PROCEDURES

A. Operation and Maintenance Instructions: Arrange for each Installer of equipment that requires regular maintenance to meet with the University's personnel to provide instruction in proper operation and maintenance. Provide instruction by manufacturer's representatives if installers are not experienced in operation and maintenance procedures. Include a detailed review of the following items:

1. Operation and Maintenance manuals.
2. As-Built documents.
3. Spare parts and materials.
4. Tools.
5. Lubricants.
6. Fuels.
7. Identification systems.
8. Control sequences.
9. Hazards.
10. Cleaning.
11. Warranties and bonds.
12. Maintenance agreements and similar continuing commitments.

B. As part of instruction for operating equipment, demonstrate the following procedures:

1. Startup.
2. Shutdown.
3. Emergency operations.
5. Safety procedures.
7. Effective energy utilization.

3.2 INSTRUCTION AND EVALUATION OF UNIVERSITY’S PERSONNEL

A. Perform hands-on demonstrations and instruction for University's designated personnel in the operation, adjustment and maintenance of products, equipment, and systems, as required and at agreed upon times.

B. Instruction Before Final Inspection: Before Final Inspection, and after work under this contract is completed, tested and prior to acceptance by the University; and not less than five (5) days after submittal of the Operation and Maintenance Data, operate all the systems for a period of three (3) 8-hour periods during which time a qualified factory trained representative familiar with the items installed shall instruct and supervise the University's Personnel in the operation and maintenance of the equipment and systems. This instruction period is in addition and subsequent to any period of operation, testing and adjustment called for elsewhere in these specifications.

C. Instruction by Manufacturer's Representatives: Any instructions from manufacturer's representatives required under other sections of this specification shall be conducted during this period. This instruction period shall be conducted after completion of all piping and equipment labeling required by the Contract.

D. Time of Instructions: Make all arrangements and notices for operation and instruction periods though the University's Representative.

E. Seasonal Operation: For equipment requiring seasonal operation, perform demonstrations and instructions for each required season and at agreed upon times.

F. Evaluation: During and after demonstrations and instructions for University's designated personnel, evaluate their ability to perform the necessary maintenance and operation
functions required to properly operate and maintain each piece of equipment. Make sure that at the end of the training session, the University's designated personnel are reasonably proficient in the operations and maintenance of products, systems, and equipment.

3.3 TRAINING TOOLS AND MATERIALS

A. Use operation and maintenance manuals as basis for instruction. Review contents of manual with personnel in detail to explain all aspects of operation and maintenance. For all systems requiring operation and maintenance training from factory representative, written authorization from the University is required. All systems of more than one manufacturer, a factory representative from each will be required.

B. Prepare and insert additional data in Operation and Maintenance Manual when need for such data becomes apparent during instruction.

3.4 QUALIFICATIONS OF INSTRUCTORS

A. Instructions for the University's Personnel. For instruction of the University's operating and maintenance personnel, use experienced instructors thoroughly trained and experienced in the operation and maintenance of the building equipment or system involved.

3.5 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUALS AND INSTRUCTIONS

A. Assemble and furnish a minimum of 3 complete sets (unless otherwise indicated in a specific section) of all mechanical and electrical systems data, except that noted to be mounted in frames, in three-ring loose-leaf binders, complete with index, with indexed dividers permanently attached and exterior labels on cover and back of binders.

B. Data Required:
   1. Manufacturers’ Manuals: Provide complete installation, operation, maintenance, and service manuals and printed instructions and parts lists for all materials and equipment, where such printed matter is regularly available from the manufacturer. This includes but is not limited to such service manuals as may be sold by the manufacturer covering the operation and maintenance of items, and complete replacement parts lists sufficiently detailed for parts replacement ordering to manufacturer. Bound publications need not be assembled in binders.

   2. Equipment Nameplate Data: A typewritten list of all mechanical and electrical equipment showing all equipment nameplate data exactly. Identify equipment by means of names, symbols, and numbers used in the Contract Documents.

   3. System Operating Instructions: Typewritten instructions covering operation of the entire system as installed (not duplicating manufacturers’ instructions for operating individual components). Include schematic flow and control diagrams as appropriate and show, locate, or list system valves, control-elements, and equipment components using identification symbols and numbers. List rooms, area of equipment served, and show proper settings for valves, controls, and switches.

   4. System Maintenance Instructions: Typewritten instructions covering routine maintenance of systems. List each item of equipment requiring inspection, lubrication, or service and briefly describe such maintenance, including types of lubricants and frequency of service. It is not intended that these instructions duplicate manufacturers’ detailed instructions. Give name, address, and phone number of nearest firm authorized or qualified to service equipment or provide parts.

   5. Warranty, Bonds, and Service Contracts: Provide a copy of each warranty, bond, and service contract issued. These should be accompanied by a sheet which outlines procedures to take in the event of failure and the circumstances which might affect the validity of warranties or bonds.
6. Wall Mounted Data: Frame one set of typewritten system instructions and diagrams as required under Paragraphs 3. and 4. above, covered with plexiglass and mount in locations as directed by the University's Representative.

3.6 SPARE PARTS AND EXTRA STOCK MATERIALS

3.7 WARRANTIES

A. General Provisions:

1. This subsection includes administrative and procedural requirements for warranties required by the Contract Documents, including manufacturers' standard warranties on products and special warranties.
   a. Refer to the General Conditions for terms of the Contractor's period for correction of the Work.
   b. Refer to Divisions 2 through 33 for specific requirements for warranties on products and installations specified to be warranted.
   c. Certifications and other commitments and agreements for continuing services to University are specified elsewhere in the Contract Documents.

2. Disclaimers and Limitations: Manufacturer's disclaimers and limitations on product warranties do not relieve the Contractor of the warranty on the Work that incorporates the products. Manufacturer's disclaimers and limitations on product warranties do not relieve suppliers, manufacturers, and subcontractors required to countersign special warranties with the Contractor.

3. Effective Date: Warranties shall begin on the date of Final Acceptance unless specifically designated differently or a different date is mutually agreed upon in writing by the parties involved.

4. General Conditions require all items to be under warranty for a period of one (1) year from date of final completion (Notice of Completion) unless otherwise indicated. Warranties for more than one year required by individual Sections require a written warranty by Contractor and Subcontractor. Refer to individual Section of the Specifications to verify if longer warranties are required.

B. Definitions:

1. Standard product warranties are preprinted written warranties published by individual manufacturers for particular products and are specifically endorsed by the manufacturer to the University.

2. Special warranties are written warranties required by or incorporated in the Contract Documents, either to extend time limits provided by standard warranties or to provide greater rights for the University.

C. Warranty Requirements

1. Related Damages and Losses: When correcting failed or damaged warranted construction, remove and replace construction that has been damaged as a result of such failure or must be removed and replaced to provide access for correction of warranted construction.
2. Reinstatement of Warranty: When Work covered by a warranty has failed and been corrected by replacement or rebuilding, reinstate the warranty by written endorsement. The reinstated warranty shall be equal to the original warranty with an equitable adjustment for depreciation.

3. Replacement Cost: Upon determination that Work covered by a warranty has failed, replace or rebuild the Work to an acceptable condition complying with requirements of the Contract Documents. The Contractor is responsible for the cost of replacing or rebuilding defective Work regardless of whether the Regents have benefited from use of the Work through a portion of its anticipated useful service life.

4. Regents' Recourse: Expressed warranties made to the Regents are in addition to implied warranties and shall not limit the duties, obligations, rights, and remedies otherwise available under the law. Expressed warranty periods shall not be interpreted as limitations on the time in which the Regents can enforce such other duties, obligations, rights, or remedies.

   a. Rejection of Warranties: The Regents reserve the right to reject warranties and to limit selection to products with warranties not in conflict with requirements of the Contract Documents.

   b. The Regents reserve the right to reuse to accept Work for the Project where a special guarantee, certification, or similar commitment is required on such Work or part of the Work, until evidence is presented so that entities required to countersign such commitments are willing to do so.

5. Where the Contract Documents require a special warranty, or similar commitment on the Work or part of the Work, the University reserves the right to refuse to accept the Work, until the Contractor presents evidence that entities required to countersign such commitments are willing to do so.

6. Disclaimers and Limitations: Manufacturer's disclaimers and limitations on standard product warranties shall not relieve the Contractor of the Contractor's warranty on the Work that incorporates the products, and shall also not relieve suppliers, manufacturers, and subcontractors required to counter-sign special warranties with the Contractor.

D. Warranty Submittals

1. Submit written warranties to the University's Representative prior to the date certified for Substantial Completion. If the University Representative's Certificate of Substantial Completion designates a commencement date for warranties other than the date of Substantial Completion, or a designated portion of the Work, submit written warranties upon request of the University's Representative.

   a. When a designated portion of the Work is completed and occupied or used by the University, by separate agreement with the Contractor during the construction period, submit properly executed warranties to the University's Representative within 10 days of completion of that designated portion of the Work.

2. Forms for special warranties are included at the end of this Section. Prepare a written document utilizing the appropriate form, ready for execution by the Contractor, or by the Contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or manufacturer. Submit a draft to the University, through the University's Representative, for approval prior to final execution.

   a. Refer to Divisions 2 through 33 for specific content requirements and particular requirements for submitting special warranties.

3. Form of Submittal: At Final Completion compile 3 copies of each required warranty, in the form included at the end of this Section, properly executed by the Contractor, or by the
Contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or manufacturer. Organize the warranty documents into an orderly sequence based on the table of contents of the Project Manual.

4. Assemble required guarantees, bonds, and service and maintenance contracts.

5. Number of original signed copies required: Three (3) sets, each on 8-1/2 inch x 11 inch sheets, 3-hole punched in 3-ring binders. Fold larger sheets to fit into binders. Submit in commercial quality, 3-ring binders, with durable, cleanable plastic covers. Each set of binders shall include:

   a. Cover: Identify each binder on the cover with typed or printed title, "WARRANTIES", University’s Project Name and Number, Name of General Contractor, and binder number, such as “Set 1, Volume 1 of 2”, etc.

   b. Table of Contents: in a spreadsheet/table format, neatly typed and in orderly sequence by CSI number, based on Specifications Table of Contents in the Bidding-Contract Documents, with the following information:

      (1) CSI Number.
      (2) Name of Product or Work item.
      (3) Brief Scope Description.
      (4) Firm name, address, telephone number, and name of principal with email address.
      (5) Date of beginning of guarantee, bond, or service and maintenance contract.
      (6) Duration and expiration date of warranty or service and maintenance contract.

   c. When warranted, construction requires operation and maintenance manuals, provide additional copies of each required warranty, as necessary, for inclusion in each required manual.

   d. Except when a special warranty is required by the provisions of a specific Section of these Specifications, or a standard warranty is not offered as a matter of record by the manufacturer of a specified product, submit the manufacturer's standard warranty for each product incorporated in the Work.

   e. When a manufacturer does not offer a standard warranty, provide a written form listing the product and indicating "Standard Product Warranty Not Available."

6. Special Warranty Forms: Attached at the end of this Section.

END OF SECTION
SPECIAL WARRANTY FORM

When required in Sections of the Specifications, Special Warranties shall be in the following form and written on Contractor’s own letterhead:

"Warrant ____________________________________________

(portion of work warranted)

Project: ____________________________________________

Address: ____________________________________________

Date: ______________________________

We, the undersigned hereby warrant to the Regents of the University of California ("Regents") that the portion of the work identified, which we have installed in the above-named Project has been performed in accordance with the Contract Documents and that the work, as installed, will fulfill the requirements of the warranty included in this Specification. We agree to repair or replace any or all of our work, together with any other work which may be damaged or displaced by so doing, that may prove to be defective in its workmanship, materials, operation, or failure to conform to Contract provisions and requirements within a period of year(s) from date of Substantial Completion of the stipulated below for the above-named Project, without any expense whatever to the said Regents, ordinary wear and tear and unusual abuse or neglect excepted. In the event of our failure to comply with the above-mentioned conditions within ten (10) calendar days after being notified in writing by the Regents, we collectively or separately do hereby authorize the Regents to proceed to have said defects repaired and made good at our expense, including all collection cost and reasonable attorney fees, and we will honor and pay the costs and charges therefore upon demand."

WARRANTY PERIOD: ____________ STARTING: ____________ TERMINATING ____________

Name of General Contractor

_________________________________

Name of Subcontractor

_________________________________

Signature of General Contractor

_________________________________

Signature of Subcontractor

_________________________________

Address

_________________________________

Address

_________________________________

Phone Number

_________________________________

Phone Number

_________________________________

State License Number

_________________________________

State License Number

_________________________________

Name of Manufacturer

_________________________________

Manufacturer Phone Number

_________________________________

Signature of Manufacturer
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INTENTIONALLY
GUARANTEE

Project Name: ________________________________     Date: __________

Project Location: ________________________________

Project Number: ________________________________

GUARANTEE FOR _____ __________________________ (the “Contract”), between

The (Specification SECTION and Contract No.)

The Regents of the University of California (“University”) and

________________________________________________________

(“Contractor”)

________________________________________________________

(Name of Contractor or Subcontractor)

hereby guarantees to University that the portion of the Work described as follows:

________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________

which it has provided for the above referenced Project, is of good quality; free from defects; free from any liens,

claims, and security interests; and has been completed in accordance with Specification SECTION and the other

requirements of the Contract.

The undersigned further agrees that, if at any time within _____ months after the date of the guarantee the

undersigned receives notice from University that the aforesaid portion of the Work is unsatisfactory, faulty, deficient,

incomplete, or not in conformance with the requirements of the Contract, the undersigned will, within 10 days after

receipt of such notice, correct, repair, or replace such portion of the Work, together with any other parts of the

Work and any other property which is damaged or destroyed as a result of such defective portion of the Work or

the correction, repair, or replacement thereof; and that it shall diligently and continuously prosecute such correction,

repair, or replacement to completion.

In the event the undersigned fails to commence such correction, repair, or replacement within 10 days after such

notice, or to diligently and continuously prosecute the same to completion, the undersigned, collectively and

separately, do hereby authorize University to undertake such correction, repair, or replacement at the expense of

the undersigned; and Contractor will pay to University promptly upon demand all costs and expenses incurred

by University in connection therewith.

SUBCONTRACTOR

Signed: ________________________________     Title: _____________________________

Typed Name: ___________________________________________________________________

Name of Firm: _________________________________________________________________

Contractor License Classification and Number: __________________________________________

Address: ________________________________________________________________

Telephone Number: ________________________________

CONTRACTOR

Signed: ________________________________     Title: _____________________________

Typed Name: ___________________________________________________________________

Name of Firm: _________________________________________________________________

____________________________________________________________________________

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INTENTIONALLY
SECTION 01 7839
AS-BUILT DOCUMENTS

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1. SUMMARY

A. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for As-Built Documents, including without limitation, the following:

1. As-Built Drawings
2. As-Built Specifications
3. As-Built Product Data
4. As-Built Sample Submittal
5. Miscellaneous As-Built Submittals
6. Recording

B. As-Built Documents required include the following:

1. Marked-up copies of Drawings.
2. Marked-up copies of Shop Drawings.
3. Newly prepared drawings.
5. Marked-up Product Data submittals.
6. Samples.
7. Field records for variable and concealed conditions.
8. Record information on Work that is recorded only schematically.
10. Miscellaneous submittals.

C. Maintenance of Documents and Samples: Store As-Built Documents and Samples in the field office apart from the Contract Documents used for construction. Do not use As-Built Documents for construction purposes. Maintain As-Built Documents in good order, legible condition, and in a clean, dry, secure, fire-safe location. Make As-Built Documents and Samples available at all times for the University's Representative's inspections.

1. Maintain 1 set of all As-Built Documents at the Project site for the entire duration of construction.

2. Clearly label each document or item "AS-BUILT DRAWING," "AS-BUILT SAMPLE," "AS-BUILT SPECIFICATION," or similarly as appropriate and applicable.

D. Do not conceal Work requiring verification for As-Built Documents until such information has been verified and recorded.
1.2. AS-BUILT DRAWINGS

A. Markup Procedure: During construction, maintain a clean, undamaged set of blue- or black-line white prints of Contract Drawings and Shop Drawings for As-Built Document purposes.

1. Mark these Drawings to show the actual installation where the installation varies from the installation shown originally. Give particular attention to information on concealed elements that would be difficult to identify or measure and record later. Items required to be marked include, but are not limited to, the following:

   a. Dimensional changes to the Drawings.
   b. Revisions to details shown on the Drawings.
   c. Depths of foundations below the first floor. Indicate foundation elevations relative to first floor elevation.
   d. Horizontal locations and vertical depths of underground utilities and appurtenances, including both site utilities and those under buildings and structures, referenced to permanent surface improvements.
   e. Revisions to routing of piping and conduits.
   f. Revisions to electrical circuitry.
   g. Changes made by change order or field order.
   h. Changes made following the University Representative's written orders and pertinent graphic and written responses to RFI's.
   i. Details not on original Contract Drawings.

2. Mark As-Built prints of Contract Drawings or Shop Drawings, whichever is most capable of showing actual physical conditions, completely and accurately. Where Shop Drawings are marked, show cross-reference on Contract Drawings location.

3. Mark As-Built sets with red erasable colored pencil. Use other colors to distinguish between changes for different categories of the Work at the same location.

4. Mark important additional information that was either shown schematically or omitted from original Drawings. Mark new information that is important to the University but was not shown on Contract Drawings or Shop Drawings.

5. Note field order numbers, alternate numbers, change order numbers, RFI numbers, AS1 numbers, and similar identification.

6. Identify and date each drawing; include the printed designation "AS-BUILT DRAWING" in a prominent location on each drawing.

B. Responsibility for Markup: The individual or entity who obtained As-Built data, whether the individual or entity is the installer, subcontractor, or similar entity, shall prepare the markup on As-Built drawings.

1. Accurately information in an understandable drawing technique.

2. Record data as soon as possible after obtaining it, but within 24 hours maximum. Record and check the markup prior to enclosing concealed installations.

3. At time of Substantial Completion, submit As-Built drawings to the University's Representative for the University's records. Organize into sets and bind and label sets for the University's continued use. Bind each set with durable-paper cover sheets. Include appropriate identification, including titles, dates, and other information on the cover sheets.

C. Newly Prepared As-Built Drawings: Prepare new drawings instead of following procedures specified for preparing As-Built drawings where new drawings are required, and the University's
Representative determines that neither original Contract Drawings nor Shop Drawings are suitable to show the actual installation.

D. Consult with the University's Representative for the proper scale and scope of detailing and notations required to record the actual physical installation and its relation to other construction. When completed and accepted, integrate newly prepared Drawings with procedures specified for organizing, copying, binding and submittal of As-Built drawings.

1.3. AS-BUILT SPECIFICATIONS

A. During the construction period, maintain 3 copies of the Specifications, including addenda and modifications issued, for As-Built Document purposes.

1. Mark the Specifications to indicate the actual installation where the installation varies from that indicated in Specifications and modifications issued. Note related project record drawing information, where applicable. Give particular attention to substitutions, selection of product options, and information on concealed installations that would be difficult to identify or measure and record later.

a. In each Specification Section where products, materials, or units of equipment are specified or scheduled, mark the copy with the proprietary name and model number of the product furnished.

b. Record the name of the manufacturer, supplier, installer, and other information necessary to provide a record of selections made and to document coordination with As-Built Product Data submittals and maintenance manuals.

c. Note related As-Built Product Data, where applicable. For each principal product specified, indicate whether As-Built Product Data has been submitted in maintenance manual instead of submitted as As-Built Product Data.

d. Use pen and black ink so marks will reproduce clearly.

2. Upon completion of markup, submit As-Built Specifications to the University's Representative for the University's records.

1.4. AS-BUILT PRODUCT DATA

A. During the construction period, maintain one copy of each Product Data submittal for As-Built Document purposes.

1. Mark Product Data to indicate the actual product installation where the installation varies substantially from that indicated in Product Data submitted. Include significant changes in the product delivered to the site and changes in manufacturer's instructions and recommendations for installation.

2. Give particular attention to information on concealed products and installations that cannot be readily identified and recorded later.

3. Note related change orders and markup of As-Built Drawings, where applicable.

4. Upon completion of markup, submit a complete set of As-Built Product Data to the University's Representative for the University's records.

5. Where As-Built Product Data is required as part of maintenance manuals, submit marked-up Product Data as an insert in the manual instead of submittal as As-Built Product Data.
1.5. AS-BUILT SAMPLE SUBMITTAL

A. Immediately prior to date of Substantial Completion meet with the University's Representative and the University's personnel at the site to determine which of the Samples maintained during the construction period shall be transmitted to the University for record purposes. Comply with the University Representative's instructions for packaging, identification marking, and delivery to the University's Sample storage space. Dispose of other Samples in a manner specified for disposing surplus and waste materials.

1.6. MISCELLANEOUS AS-BUILT SUBMITTALS

A. Refer to other Specification Sections for miscellaneous record-keeping requirements and submittals in connection with various construction activities. Immediately prior to Substantial Completion, complete miscellaneous As-Built records and place in good order, properly identified and bound or filed, ready for use and reference. Submit to the University's Representative for the University's records.

1. Categories of requirements resulting in miscellaneous As-Built Documents include, but are not limited to, the following:
   a. Field records on excavations and foundations.
   b. Field records on underground construction and similar work.
   c. Survey showing locations and elevations of underground lines.
   d. Invert elevations of drainage piping.
   e. Surveys establishing building lines and levels.
   f. Authorized measurements utilizing unit prices or allowances.
   g. Records of plant treatment.
   h. Ambient and substrate condition tests.
   i. Certifications received in lieu of labels on bulk products.
   j. Batch mixing and bulk delivery records.
   k. Testing and qualification of tradesmen.
   l. Documented qualification of installation firms.
   m. Load and performance testing.
   n. Inspections and certifications by governing authorities.
   o. Leakage and water-penetration tests.
   p. Final inspection and correction procedures.
   q. Field test reports.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 – EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

3.1 RECORDING

A. Post changes and modifications to the As-Built Documents as they occur. Do not wait until the end of the Project. The University's Representative and IOR will periodically review As-Built Documents to determine compliance with this requirement.

B. Current updated As-Built Documents shall be made available to the University's Representative and IOR for review at the time of submitting applications for payment.

C. Per the General Conditions, the University has the right to withhold payment until As-Built Documents are completed and current to date as of the latest application for payment.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 09 9600

HIGH-PERFORMANCE COATINGS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. Section includes surface preparation and field application of high-performance coating systems to items and surfaces scheduled.

1.02 DEFINITIONS

A. Standard coating terms defined in ASTM D16 apply to this Section.

B. Gloss ranges used in this Section include the following:
   1. Semigloss refers to medium-sheen finish with a gloss range between 30 and 65 when measured at a 60-degree meter.
   2. High gloss refers to high-sheen finish with a gloss range more than 65 when measured at a 60-degree meter.

1.03 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each coating system indicated. Include block fillers and primers.

   1. Material List: An inclusive list of required coating materials. Indicate each material and cross-reference the specific coating, finish system, and application. Identify each material by manufacturer's catalog number and general classification.

   2. Manufacturer's Information: Manufacturer's technical information, including label analysis and instructions for handling, storing, and applying each material specified.

B. Certification by manufacturer that products supplied comply with requirements indicated that limit the amount of VOCs in coating products.

C. Samples for Initial Selection: Manufacturer's color charts showing the full range of colors available for each type of finish-coat material indicated.

   1. After color selection, University's Representative will furnish color chips for surfaces to be coated.

D. Samples for Verification: For each color and material to be applied, with texture to simulate actual conditions, on representative samples of the actual substrate.

   1. Provide stepped Samples defining each separate coat, including block fillers and primers. Use representative colors when preparing Samples for review. Resubmit until required sheen, color, and texture are achieved.
2. List of material and application for each coat of each sample. Label each sample for location and application.

3. Submit samples on the following substrates if being used on the project for University’s Representative’s review of color and texture:
   a. Concrete: Provide two 4-inch-square samples for each color and finish.
   b. Concrete Masonry: Provide two 8-inch-square samples of masonry, with mortar joint in the center, for each finish and color.
   c. Ferrous and Nonferrous Metal: Provide two 4-inch-square samples of flat metal and two 8-inch-long samples of solid metal for each color and finish.

E. Qualification Data: For firms and persons specified in "Quality Assurance" Article to demonstrate their capabilities and experience. Include lists of completed projects with project names and addresses, names and addresses of architects and owners, and other information specified.

1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Applicator Qualifications: Engage an experienced applicator who has completed high-performance coating system applications similar in material and extent to those indicated for Project and whose work has a record of successful in-service performance.

B. Source Limitations: Obtain primers and undercoat materials for each coating system from the same manufacturer as the finish coats.

C. Benchmark Samples (Mockups): Provide a full-coat benchmark finish sample of each type of coating and substrate required. Comply with procedures specified in PDCA P5. Duplicate finish of approved sample Submittals.

1. University's Representative will select one room, area, or surface to represent surfaces and conditions for application of each type of coating and substrate.
   a. Wall Surfaces: Provide samples on at least 100 square feet of wall surface.
   b. Small Areas and Items: University's Representative will designate items or areas required.

2. After permanent lighting and other environmental services have been activated, apply coatings in this room or to each surface as specified. Provide the required sheen, color, and texture of each surface.
   a. After finishes are accepted, University's Representative will use the room or surface to evaluate coating systems of a similar nature.

3. Final approval of colors will be from benchmark samples.

1.05 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Deliver materials to Project site in manufacturer's original, unopened packages and containers bearing manufacturer's name and label with the following information:
1. Name or title of material.
2. Product description (generic classification or binder type).
3. Manufacturer’s stock number and date of manufacture.
4. Contents by volume, for pigment and vehicle constituents.
5. Thinning instructions.
6. Application instructions.
7. Color name and number.
8. Handling instructions and precautions.

B. Store materials not in use in tightly covered containers in a well-ventilated area at a minimum ambient temperature of 45°F. Maintain containers used in storage in a clean condition, free of foreign materials and residue.

1. Keep storage area neat and orderly. Remove oily rags and waste daily. Take necessary measures to ensure that workers and work areas are protected from fire and health hazards resulting from handling, mixing, and applying coatings.

1.06 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Apply coatings only when temperature of surfaces to be coated and surrounding air temperatures are between 45 and 95°F.

B. Do not apply coatings in rain, fog, or mist; when relative humidity exceeds 85 percent; at temperatures less than 5°F above the dew point; or to damp or wet surfaces.

1. Allow wet surfaces to dry thoroughly and attain temperature and conditions specified before proceeding with or continuing coating operation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MANUFACTURERS

A. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products indicated in the coating system descriptions. Products listed are based on products produced by Tnemec Company, Inc.

1. Only coatings that meet or exceed the performance of those identified in this Section will be considered.
2. Where the manufacturer’s coating recommendations exceed those listed, use the more stringent requirement. The coating thickness and coverage rate shall not be less than specified in this Section.
3. Or Equal: Where products are specified by manufacturers name and accompanied by the term "or equal", comply with provisions in Division 01 Section “Product Requirements”, Part 2 “Product Substitutions” Article. Specific procedures must be followed before use of an unnamed product or manufacturer.

B. Manufacturers’ Names: The following manufacturers are referred to in the coating system descriptions by shortened versions of their names shown in parenthesis:
1. Carboline Company (Carboline).
3. ICI Dulux Paints; Devoe Coatings (ICI).
4. International Protective Coatings; Courtaulds Coatings (International).
7. Rust-Oleum Corporation (R-O).
8. Sherwin-Williams; Industrial and Marine Coatings (S-W).
10. Or Equal.

2.02 COATINGS MATERIALS, GENERAL

A. Material Compatibility: Provide primers, undercoats, and finish-coat materials that are compatible with one another and substrates indicated under conditions of service and application, as demonstrated by manufacturer based on testing and field experience.

B. Material Quality: Provide manufacturer's highest grade of the various high-performance coatings specified. Materials not displaying manufacturer's product identification are not acceptable.

C. Chemical Components of Interior Coatings: Provide products that comply with most current South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) regulations.

2.03 COLORS

A. Colors: Match University's Representative's samples if available or as selected by University's Representative from manufacturer's full range.

2.04 HIGH-PERFORMANCE COATING SYSTEMS

A. Exterior Exposed Steel: Non-galvanized ferrous metal surfaces exposed to sunlight or public contact.

   a. Surface Preparation: SSPC SP-6 Commercial Blast Cleaning.
      1) Spot repair surface preparation: SSPC-SP-11 Power Tool Clean to Bare Metal.
   b. Shop or Field Primer: Tnemec Series 90-97 Tneme-Zinc at 2.5 – 3.5 mils DFT.
   c. Shop-Only Primer: Tnemec Series 90-H2O Tneme-Zinc at 2.5 – 3.5 mils DFT
   d. Intermediate Coat: Tnemec Series L69 Hi Build Epoxoline II at 4.0 – 6.0 mils DFT.
   e. Color Finish Coat: Tnemec Series 1080 Endura-Shield W.B. at 2.0 – 3.0 mils DFT.

2. Quality Assurance Standards:
a. ASTM B117: System shall pass 5,000 hours salt fog corrosion test.
b. ASTM G63: Finish shall pass with 100 percent gloss retention and no more than 2.25 MacAdam Units color change after 5,000 hours exposure.
c. ASTM D3363: Finish coat hardness shall show no gouging or scratching with a 2H or less pencil.
d. ASTM D4060 (CS17 Wheel, 500 gram load): Finish coat shall pass no more than 23 mg loss after 1,000 cycles.

B. Exposed Factory-Primed or Previously Coated Steel:


   a. Surface Preparation:

      1) SSPC SP1, followed by SSPC SP-2 and SSPC SP-3 at all surfaces to remove loose previous coating, rust or millscale.
      2) Verify compatibility with existing coating by applying a test patch of Series 530 Omnithane at 2.0 – 4.0 mils DFT.
      3) Touch-up Repairs: Apply Series 530 Omnithane to bare metal surfaces at 2.0 – 4.0 mils DFT. Where the shop primer is incompatible with the finish system, the same spot primer shall be used as a tie-coat.

   b. Spot Primer: Tnemec Series 530 Omnithane at 2.0 – 4.0 mils DFT.
   c. Tie Coat: Where the existing primed surface is incompatible with the finish system, apply Tnemec Series 530 Omnithane at 3.0 mils DFT over the entire surface.
   d. Finish Coat: Tnemec Series 1080 Endura Shield at 2.0 – 3.0 mils DFT.
   e. Total dry film thickness shall not exceed 7.0 mils.

2. Quality Assurance Standards:

   a. ASTM D3363: Finish coat hardness shall show no gouging or scratching with a 2H or less pencil.
   b. ASTM D4060 (CS 17 Wheel, 500 gram load): Finish coat shall show no more than 23 mg loss after 1,000 cycles (average of three tests).
   c. Coating compatibility shall be tested per manufacturer’s requirements prior to application.
   d. ASTM B117: No blistering, cracking, rusting, or delamination of film. System shall show no more than 1/32-inch rust creepage at scribe after 5,000 hours salt fog corrosion test.
   e. ASTM G53: Finish shall show no more than 2 percent loss of gloss and 2.25 DED FMCII color change after 5,000 hours of exposure.
   f. ASTM D4585: No blistering, cracking, rusting, or delamination of film after 2,000 hours exposure.
PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

A. With Applicator present, examine substrates and conditions under which high-performance coatings will be applied, for compliance with coating application requirements.

1. Apply coatings only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected and surfaces to receive coatings are thoroughly dry.
2. Start of application is construed as Applicator's acceptance of surfaces within that particular area.

B. Coordination of Work: Review other Sections in which primers or other coatings are provided to ensure compatibility of total systems for various substrates. On request, furnish information on characteristics of specified finish materials to ensure compatible primers.

1. If a potential incompatibility of primers applied by others exists, obtain the following from the primer Applicator before proceeding:
   a. Confirmation of primer’s suitability for expected service conditions.
   b. Confirmation of primer’s ability to be top coated with materials specified.
2. Notify University’s Representative about anticipated problems before using the coatings specified over substrates primed by others.

3.02 PREPARATION

A. General: Remove plates, machined surfaces, and similar items already in place that are not to be coated. If removal is impractical or impossible because of size or weight of item, provide surface-applied protection before surface preparation and coating.

1. After completing coating operations, reinstall items that were removed; use workers skilled in the trades involved.

B. Cleaning: Before applying high-performance coatings, clean substrates of substances that could impair bond of coatings. Remove oil and grease before cleaning.

1. Schedule cleaning and coating application so dust and other contaminates from cleaning process will not fall on wet, newly coated surfaces.

C. Surface Preparation: Clean and prepare surfaces to be coated in accordance with manufacturer’s written instructions for each substrate condition and as specified. Refer to Part 2 Article “High-Performance Coating Systems” for additional requirements.

1. Provide barrier coats over incompatible primers or remove primers and reprime substrate.
2. Cementitious Substrates: Prepare concrete, brick, concrete masonry block, and cement plaster surfaces to be coated. Remove efflorescence, chalk, dust, dirt, grease,
oils, and release agents. Roughen as required to remove glaze. If hardeners or sealers have been used to improve curing, use mechanical methods to prepare surfaces.

a. Use abrasive blast-cleaning methods if recommended by coating manufacturer.
b. Determine alkalinity and moisture content of surfaces by performing appropriate tests. If surfaces are sufficiently alkaline to cause the finish paint to blister and burn, correct this condition before application. Do not coat surfaces if moisture content exceeds that permitted in manufacturer’s written instructions.

3. Ferrous-Metal Substrates: Clean ungalvanized ferrous-metal surfaces that have not been shop coated; remove oil, grease, dirt, loose mill scale, and other foreign substances. Use solvent or mechanical cleaning methods that comply with SSPC recommendations.

a. Blast-clean steel surfaces as recommended by coating manufacturer and in accordance with SSPC-SP 10/NACE No. 2.
b. Treat bare and sandblasted or pickled clean metal with a metal treatment wash coat before priming.
c. Touch up bare areas and shop-applied prime coats that have been damaged. Wire brush, solvent clean, and touch up with same primer as the shop coat.

4. Nonferrous-Metal Substrates: Clean nonferrous and galvanized surfaces in accordance with manufacturer’s written instructions for the type of service, metal substrate, and application required.

a. Remove pretreatment from galvanized sheet metal fabricated from coil stock by mechanical methods.

D. Material Preparation: Carefully mix and prepare coating materials in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions.

1. Maintain containers used in mixing and applying coatings in a clean condition, free of foreign materials and residue.
2. Stir materials before applying to produce a mixture of uniform density. Stir as required during application. Do not stir surface film into the material. Remove film and, if necessary, strain coating material before using.
3. Use only the type of thinners approved by manufacturer and only within recommended limits.

E. Tint each undercoat a lighter shade to facilitate identification of each coat if multiple coats of the same material are to be applied. Tint undercoats to match color of finish coat and provide sufficient difference in shade of undercoats to distinguish each separate coat.

3.03 APPLICATION

A. General: Apply high-performance coatings in accordance with manufacturer’s written instructions.
1. Use applicators and techniques best suited for the material being applied.
2. Do not apply high-performance coatings over dirt, rust, scale, grease, moisture, scuffed surfaces, or conditions detrimental to forming a durable coating film.
3. Coating colors, surface treatments, and finishes are indicated in the coating system descriptions.
4. Provide finish coats compatible with primers used.
5. The term "exposed surfaces" includes areas visible when permanent or built-in fixtures, convector covers, grilles, covers for finned-tube radiation, and similar components are in place. Extend coatings in these areas, as required, to maintain system integrity and provide desired protection.
   a. Coat surfaces behind movable equipment and furniture the same as similar exposed surfaces. Before final installation, coat surfaces behind permanently fixed equipment or furniture with prime coat only.
   b. Coat back sides of access panels, removable or hinged covers, and similar hinged items to match exposed surfaces.

B. Scheduling Coating: Apply first coat to surfaces that have been cleaned, pretreated, or otherwise prepared for coating as soon as practicable after preparation and before subsequent surface deterioration.

1. The number of coats and film thickness required is the same regardless of application method.
   a. Omit primer on metal surfaces that have been shop primed and touchup painted.
   b. Do not apply succeeding coats until previous coat has cured as recommended by manufacturer.
   c. Where manufacturer's written instructions require sanding, sand between applications to produce a smooth, even surface.
   d. Allow sufficient time between successive coats to permit proper drying. Do not recoat surfaces until coating has dried to where it feels firm, does not deform or feel sticky under moderate thumb pressure, and application of another coat does not cause undercoat to lift or lose adhesion.

2. If undercoats or other conditions show through final coat, apply additional coats until cured film has a uniform coating finish, color, and appearance. Give special attention to edges, corners, crevices, welds, exposed fasteners, and similar surfaces to ensure that they receive a dry film thickness equivalent to that of flat surfaces.

C. Application Procedures: Apply coatings by brush, roller, spray, or other applicators in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions.

1. Brush Application: Use brushes best suited for material applied and of appropriate size for the surface or item being coated.
   a. Apply primers and first coats by brush unless manufacturer's written instructions permit using roller or mechanical applicators.
b. Brush out and work brush coats into surfaces in an even film.

   c. Eliminate cloudiness, spotting, holidays, laps, brush marks, runs, sags, ropiness, or other surface imperfections. Neatly draw glass lines and color breaks.

2. Rollers: Use rollers of carpet, velvet back, or high-pile sheep's wool as recommended by manufacturer for the material and texture required.

3. Spray Equipment: Use mechanical methods to apply coating if permitted by manufacturer's written instructions and governing regulations.

   a. Use spray equipment with orifice size recommended by manufacturer for material and texture required.

   b. Apply each coat to provide the equivalent hiding of brush-applied coats.

   c. Do not double back with spray equipment building-up film thickness of two coats in one pass, unless recommended by manufacturer.

D. Minimum Coating Thickness: Apply each material no thinner than manufacturer’s recommended spreading rate. Provide total dry film thickness of the entire system as recommended by manufacturer.

E. Block Fillers: Apply block fillers to concrete masonry block at a rate to ensure complete coverage with pores filled.

F. Prime Coats: Before applying finish coats, apply a prime coat of material, as recommended by manufacturer, to material required to be coated or finished that has not been prime coated by others.

   1. Reccoat primed and sealed substrates if there is evidence of suction spots or unsealed areas in first coat, to ensure a finish coat with no burn-through or other defects caused by insufficient sealing.

G. Completed Work: Match approved Samples for color, texture, and coverage. Remove, refinish, or recoat work that does not comply with specified requirements.

3.04 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. University reserves the right to invoke the following procedure at any time and as often as University's Representative deems necessary during the period when coatings are being applied:

   1. University will engage the services of a qualified testing agency to sample coating material being used. Samples of material delivered to Project site will be taken, identified, sealed, and certified in presence of Contractor.

   2. Testing agency will perform appropriate tests for the following characteristics as required by University's Representative:

      a. Quantitative materials analysis.

      b. Absorption.

      c. Accelerated weathering.
d. Accelerated yellowness.
e. Color retention.
f. Alkali and mildew resistance.
g. Abrasion resistance.
h. Apparent reflectivity.
i. Washability.
j. Dry opacity.
k. Recoating.
l. Skinning.

3. University's Representative may direct Contractor to stop applying coatings if test results show materials being used do not comply with specified requirements. Contractor shall remove noncomplying coating materials from Project site, pay for testing, and recoat surfaces coated with rejected materials. If necessary, Contractor may be required to remove rejected materials from previously coated surfaces if, on recoating with specified materials, the two coatings are not compatible.

3.05 CLEANING

A. Cleanup: At end of each workday, remove rubbish, empty cans, rags, and other discarded materials from Project site.

1. After completing coating application, clean spattered surfaces. Remove spattered coatings by washing, scraping, or other methods. Do not scratch or damage adjacent finished surfaces.

3.06 PROTECTION

A. Protect work of other trades, whether being coated or not, against damage from coating operation. Correct damage by cleaning, repairing, replacing, and recoating, as approved by University's Representative, and leave in an undamaged condition.

1. Provide "Wet Paint" signs to protect newly coated finishes. After completing coating operations, remove temporary protective wrappings provided by others to protect their work.

2. At completion of construction activities of other trades, touch up and restore damaged or defaced coated surfaces. Comply with procedures specified in PDCA P1.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 23 0500

COMMON WORK RESULTS FOR HVAC

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01  SUMMARY

A.  Section includes the following:

1.  Piping materials and installation instructions common to most piping systems.
2.  Transition fittings.
3.  Mechanical demolition.
4.  Equipment installation requirements common to equipment sections.
5.  Painting and finishing.
6.  Concrete bases.
7.  Supports and anchorages.

1.02  DEFINITIONS

A.  Exposed, Exterior Installations:  Exposed to view outdoors or subject to outdoor ambient temperatures and weather conditions.  Examples include rooftop locations.

B.  The following are industry abbreviations for rubber materials:

1.  EPDM:  Ethylene-propylene-diene terpolymer rubber.
2.  NBR:  Acrylonitrile-butadiene rubber.

1.03  SUBMITTALS

A.  Welding certificates:  Certificates shall be applicable for materials to be joined at the job-site.

1.04  QUALITY ASSURANCE

A.  Steel Support Welding:  Qualify processes and operators according to AWS D1.1, "Structural Welding Code--Steel" and ASME Section VIII.

B.  Steel Pipe Welding:  Qualify processes and operators according to ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code:  Section IX, "Welding and Brazing Qualifications."

1.  Comply with provisions in ASME B31 Series, "Code for Pressure Piping."
2.  Certify that each welder has passed AWS qualification tests for welding processes involved and that certification is current.

C.  Electrical Characteristics for Mechanical Equipment:  Equipment of higher electrical characteristics may be furnished provided such proposed equipment is approved in writing and connecting electrical services, circuit breakers, and conduit sizes are appropriately
modified. If minimum energy ratings or efficiencies are specified, equipment shall comply with requirements.

D. Piping penetration through fire-rated construction assemblies, including accessory components; sleeves, sealants, packing materials and methods, and installation shall meet the requirements of the CBC, and shall be California State Fire Marshal approved. Firestopping details shall bear the UL label, indicate F-rating, T-rating, and shall meet the requirements of the California Building Code.

E. Groove-less clamps, cut groove pipe and fittings, reducing couplings, mechanical tees or saddle fittings are prohibited.

1.05 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Deliver pipes and tubes with factory-applied end caps. Maintain end caps through shipping, storage, and handling to prevent pipe end damage and to prevent entrance of dirt, debris, and moisture.

1.06 COORDINATION

A. Arrange for pipe spaces, chases, slots, and openings in building structure during progress of construction, to allow for mechanical installations.

B. Coordinate with other sections of the specifications for the applicability of materials specified in this section. Not every product or material listed may be used.

C. Coordinate requirements of this section with actual work to be performed. This section is general in scope for basic materials and methods, some of which may not actually apply to this project.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the manufacturers specified.

1. Or Equal: Where products are specified by manufacturers name and accompanied by the term "or equal", comply with provisions in Division 01. Specific procedures must be followed before use of an unnamed product or manufacturer.

2.02 PIPE, TUBE, AND FITTINGS

A. Refer to individual Division 23 piping Sections for pipe, tube, and fitting materials and joining methods.

B. Pipe Threads: ASME B1.20.1 for factory-threaded pipe and pipe fittings.
2.03 JOINING MATERIALS

A. Refer to individual Division 23 piping Sections for special joining materials not listed below.

B. Pipe-Flange Gasket Materials: Suitable for chemical and thermal conditions of piping system contents.
   1. ASME B16.21, nonmetallic, flat, asbestos-free, 1/8-inch maximum thickness unless thickness or specific material is indicated.
      a. Full-Face Type: For flat-face, Class 125, cast-iron and cast-bronze flanges.
      b. Narrow-Face Type: For raised-face, Class 250, cast-iron and steel flanges.
   2. AWWA C110, rubber, flat face, 1/8 inch thick, unless otherwise indicated; and full-face or ring type, unless otherwise indicated.

C. Flange Bolts and Nuts: Bolts shall be United States Customary System bolts and nuts (e.g. ¾”). Metric bolts and nuts are prohibited. Bolts and nuts shall be SAE Grade 5 hot-dip galvanized steel or stainless steel with heavy hex nuts. For underground or where used with non-ferrous flanges, provide stainless steel.

D. Solder Filler Metals: ASTM B 32, lead-free alloys. Include water-flushable flux according to ASTM B 813.

E. Brazing Filler Metals: AWS A5.8, BCuP Series, copper-phosphorus alloys for general-duty brazing, unless otherwise indicated; and AWS A5.8, BAg1, silver alloy for refrigerant piping, unless otherwise indicated.

F. Welding Filler Metals: Comply with AWS D10.12 for welding materials appropriate for wall thickness and chemical analysis of steel pipe being welded.

2.04 TRANSITION FITTINGS

A. AWWA Transition Couplings: Same size as, and with pressure rating at least equal to and with ends compatible with, piping to be joined.
   1. Manufacturers:
      b. Dresser Industries, Inc.; DMD Div.
      c. Ford Meter Box Company, Incorporated (The); Pipe Products Div.
      d. JCM Industries.
      e. Smith-Blair, Inc.
      f. Viking Johnson.
      g. Or equal.
   2. .
   3. Aboveground Pressure Piping: Pipe fitting.
2.05 DIELECTRIC FITTINGS

A. Description: Kit of parts for isolating pipes of dissimilar metals.

B. Insulating Material: Suitable for system fluid, pressure, and temperature.

C. Dielectric Unions: Are prohibited. Provide 6" long brass nipple with brass unions, or brass union and bronze ball valve on ends of nipple.

D. Dielectric-Flange Kits: Isolating gasket kit and stainless steel bolts for a complete assembly for field installation assembly. Include full-face- or ring-type neoprene or phenolic gasket, phenolic or polyethylene bolt sleeves, phenolic washers, and stainless steel backing washers.

1. Manufacturers:
   a. Advance Products & Systems, Inc.
   b. Calpico, Inc.
   c. Central Plastics Company.
   d. Pipeline Seal and Insulator, Inc.
   e. Or equal.

E. Dielectric Couplings: Galvanized-steel coupling with inert and noncorrosive, thermoplastic lining; threaded ends; and 300-psig minimum working pressure at 225 deg F.

1. Manufacturers:
   a. Calpico, Inc.
   b. Lochinvar Corp.
   c. Or equal.

F. Dielectric Nipples: hot-dip galvanized steel nipple with inert and noncorrosive, thermoplastic lining; plain, or threaded ends, and 300-psig minimum working pressure at 225 deg F.

1. Manufacturers:
   a. Perfection Corp.
   b. Precision Plumbing Products, Inc.
   c. Sioux Chief Manufacturing Co., Inc.
   d. Or equal.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 MECHANICAL DEMOLITION

A. Refer to Division 01 Cutting and Patching and Division 02 "Selective Demolition" for general demolition requirements and procedures.
B. Disconnect, demolish, and remove mechanical systems, equipment, and components indicated to be removed.

1. Piping to Be Removed: Remove portion of piping indicated to be removed and cap or plug remaining piping with same or compatible piping material.
2. Piping to Be Abandoned in Place: Prohibited. Remove completely.
3. Equipment to Be Removed: Disconnect and cap services and remove equipment.
4. Equipment to Be Removed and Reinstalled: Disconnect and cap services and remove, clean, and store equipment; when appropriate, reinstall, reconnect, and make equipment operational.
5. Equipment to Be Removed and Salvaged: Disconnect and cap services and remove equipment and deliver to University’s Representative.

C. If pipe, or equipment to remain is damaged in appearance or is unserviceable, remove damaged or unserviceable portions and replace with new products of equal capacity and quality.

3.02 PIPING SYSTEMS - COMMON REQUIREMENTS

A. Install piping according to the following requirements and Division 23 Sections specifying piping systems.

B. Drawing plans, schematics, and diagrams indicate general location and arrangement of piping systems. Indicated locations and arrangements were used to size pipe and calculate friction loss, expansion, pump sizing, and other design considerations. Install piping as indicated unless deviations to layout are approved on Coordination Drawings.

C. Install piping to permit valve servicing and replacement.

D. Install piping at indicated slopes.

E. Install piping free of sags and bends in straight runs.

F. Install fittings or custom bends for changes in direction and branch connections.

G. Install piping to allow application of insulation.

H. Select system components with pressure rating equal to or greater than system operating pressure.

I. Mounting hardware, including nuts, bolts and washers for outdoor applications and below grade applications must be of stainless steel materials.

J. Sleeves are not required for core-drilled holes, except where spill control is required.

K. Aboveground, Exterior-Wall Pipe Penetrations: Seal penetrations using sleeves and mechanical sleeve seals. Select sleeve size to allow for 1-inch annular clear space between pipe and sleeve for installing mechanical sleeve seals.
1. Install steel pipe for sleeves.
2. Mechanical Sleeve Seal Installation: Select type and number of sealing elements required for pipe material and size. Position pipe in center of sleeve. Assemble mechanical sleeve seals and install in annular space between pipe and sleeve. Tighten bolts against pressure plates that cause sealing elements to expand and make watertight seal.

L. Refer to equipment specifications in other Sections of these Specifications for roughing-in requirements.

### 3.03 PIPING JOINT CONSTRUCTION

A. Join pipe and fittings according to the following requirements and Division 23 Sections specifying piping systems.

B. Ream ends of pipes and tubes and remove burrs. Bevel plain ends of steel pipe.

C. Remove scale, slag, dirt, and debris from inside and outside of pipe and fittings before assembly.

D. Oxyacetylene torch welding and cutting of structural steel or bolt holes is prohibited.

E. Install main and branch piping using specified fittings.

F. “T-drill”, “welded nozzles”, or “Side-Tap” or similar fitting substitution style connections are prohibited.

G. Soldered Joints: Apply ASTM B 813, water-flushable flux, unless otherwise indicated, to tube end. Construct joints according to ASTM B 828 or CDA’s "Copper Tube Handbook," using lead-free solder alloy complying with ASTM B 32.


I. Threaded Joints: Thread pipe with tapered pipe threads according to ASME B1.20.1. Cut threads full and clean using sharp dies. Ream threaded pipe ends to remove burrs and restore full ID. Join pipe fittings and valves as follows:

   1. Apply appropriate tape or thread compound to external pipe threads unless dry seal threading is specified.
   2. Damaged Threads: Pipe or pipe fittings with threads that are corroded or damaged are prohibited. Pipe sections that have cracked or open welds are prohibited.

J. Welded Joints: See Section 23 0511 "Welding Pressure Piping."

K. Flanged Joints: Select appropriate gasket material, size, type, and thickness for service application. Install gasket concentrically positioned. Use suitable lubricants on bolt threads.

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3.04 PIPING CONNECTIONS

A. Make connections according to the following, unless otherwise indicated:

1. Install shut-off valves at final connection to each piece of equipment.
2. Install unions, in piping NPS 2½ and smaller, adjacent to each valve and at final connection to each piece of equipment.
3. Install flanges, in piping NPS 3 and larger, adjacent to each valve and at final connection to each piece of equipment.
4. Wet Piping Systems: Install brass union, ball valve and minimum 6-inch long brass nipple fitting or dielectric flanges to connect piping materials of dissimilar metals.

3.05 EQUIPMENT INSTALLATION - COMMON REQUIREMENTS

A. Install equipment level and plumb, parallel and perpendicular to other building systems and components in exposed interior spaces, unless otherwise indicated.

B. Install mechanical equipment to facilitate service, maintenance, and repair or replacement of components. Connect equipment for ease of disconnecting, with minimum interference to other installations. Grease fittings shall be installed in accessible locations. Extended lube lines are prohibited.

C. Install equipment to allow right of way for piping installed at required slope.

3.06 PAINTING

A. Damage and Touchup: Repair marred and damaged factory-painted finishes with materials and procedures to match original factory finish.

3.07 CONCRETE BASES

A. Concrete Bases: Anchor equipment to concrete base according to equipment manufacturer's written instructions and according to CBC.

1. Construct concrete bases of dimensions indicated, but not less than 4 inches larger in both directions than supported unit, vibration isolator, or seismic restraint. Provide 1 inch chamfer or half-inch radius round over at corners.
2. Install dowel rods to connect concrete base to concrete floor. Install dowel rods on 18-inch centers around the full perimeter of the base.
3. Install epoxy-coated anchor bolts for supported equipment that extend through concrete base, and anchor into structural concrete floor.
4. Place and secure anchorage devices. Use supported equipment manufacturer's setting drawings, templates, diagrams, instructions, and directions furnished with items to be embedded. Minimum embedment shall comply with seismic engineer's calculations.
5. Install anchor bolts to elevations required for proper attachment to supported equipment.
6. Install anchor bolts according to anchor-bolt manufacturer's written instructions.
7. Use 3000-psi, 28-day compressive-strength concrete and reinforcement as specified in Division 03 Section "Cast-in-Place Concrete."

3.08 ERECTION OF METAL SUPPORTS AND ANCHORAGES

A. Refer to Division 05 Section "Metal Fabrications" for structural steel.

B. Cut, fit, and place miscellaneous metal supports accurately in location, alignment, and elevation to support and anchor mechanical materials and equipment.

C. Field Welding: Comply with AWS D1.1.

D. Outdoor Applications: Outdoor support assemblies and accessories shall be of “stainless steel material”, or “hot-dip galvanized carbon steel”, as noted below:

1. Stainless steel: Mounting hardware such as bolts, nuts, washers, straps, brackets, fastening hardware etc., shall be stainless steel.
2. Hot-dip galvanized steel: Carbon steel support assemblies, including metal fabrications for use outdoors shall comply with each paragraph listed below:
   a. Assemblies must be shop-fabricated and pre-assembled for one-piece hot-dip galvanized coating process

E. Rooftop Applications: Rooftop support assemblies and accessories shall be fabricated for outdoor applications as noted above, and shall be designed per SMACNA design requirements.

1. SMACNA Clearances: Pipes, pipe racks, and equipment shall be installed high enough above roofing surfaces to allow roofing access for maintenance and repair. Install piping and equipment at a minimum height as shown in Table 4-1 of SMACNA Architectural Sheet Metal Manual – 5th Edition.
2. SMACNA Support Systems: Piping systems and equipment supports, unless otherwise shown, use round column supports to tie-in to structure with lead jacks for built-up roofs, and single-ply preformed jacks for single-ply roofs, lead flashing, and lead umbrellas with stainless steel draw band per Figure 4-16A, or Figure 4-16B, of SMACNA Architectural Sheet Metal Manual – 5th Edition.

3.09 SHEET METAL

A. Exposed edges shall be completely deburred and smooth or folded over (hemmed)

B. Eliminate sharp corners through rounding, folding over, trimming, or other acceptable means.

C. Sheet metal ducting shall not “oil can” or visibly deflect in service. Add additional reinforcement(s) as needed to eliminate these issues if observed.
SECTION 23 0510

VARIABLE FREQUENCY DRIVES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. This specification is to cover a complete Variable Frequency Drive (VFD) consisting of a pulse width modulated (PWM) inverter designed for use with both asynchronous and permanent magnet motors.

B. This specification is intended to supplement a drive schedule. The drive schedule identifies the optimized BOM for the project and includes quantity, size, voltage, enclosure rating, options, and harmonic mitigation requirements of the drives. IEEE 519-2014 is an electrical system standard for harmonic mitigation and not intended to be applied to an individual piece of equipment. Drives are only one of many sources of harmonics, thus verification of system IEEE 519-2014 compliance is beyond the VFD manufacturer’s scope. The EOR (Engineer of Record) is responsible for conducting an electrical system study and verifying the drive schedule has specified proper harmonic mitigation for the drives.

1.02 DEFINITIONS

A. PWM: Pulse-width modulated.

B. VFD: Variable frequency drive (may be referred to as “VSD” or “variable speed drive”, in other sections).

1.03 SUBMITTALS

A. Submittals shall include the following information:

   1. Outline dimensions, conduit entry locations and weights.

   2. Customer connection and power wiring diagrams.

   3. Complete technical product description with complete list of options provided. Any portions of this specification not met must be clearly indicated or the supplier and contractor shall be liable to provide all additional components required to meet this specification.

   4. Building Information Modeling (BIM) objects shall be available online.

1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Referenced Standards and Guidelines:
1. Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers (IEEE)
   a. IEEE 519-2014, IEEE Recommended Practice and Requirements for Harmonic Control in Electric Power Systems

2. Underwriters Laboratories (as appropriate)
   a. UL 508, 508A, 508C
   b. UL 61800, 61800-5-1, 61800-5-2
   c. UL 1995

3. The Association of Electrical Equipment and Medical Imaging Manufacturers (NEMA)
   a. NEMA ICS 7-2014, Adjustable Speed Drives

4. International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC)
   a. EN/IEC 61800

5. National Electric Code (NEC)
   a. NEC 430.120, Adjustable-Speed Drive Systems

6. CSA Group
   a. CSA C22.2 No. 274

   a. IBC 2018 Seismic – referencing ASCE 7-16 and ICC AC-156

B. Qualifications:

1. Drives shall be UL labeled as a complete assembly. The base VFD shall be UL listed for 100 kA SCCR when installed in accordance with the manufacturer’s guidelines.

2. CE Mark – The base drive shall conform to the European Union Electromagnetic Compatibility directive, a requirement for CE marking. The base drive shall meet product standard EN 61800-3 for the First Environment restricted distribution (Category C2).

3. The base drive shall be seismically certified and labeled as such in accordance with the 2018 International Building Code (IBC):
   a. Seismic importance factor of 1.5, and minimum 2.5 SDS rating is required.
b. Ratings shall be based upon actual shake test data as defined by ICC AC-156, via all three axis of motion.

c. Seismic certification of equipment and components shall be provided by OSHPD preapproval.

4. The base drive shall be SEMI-F47 certified. The drive must tolerate voltage sags to 50% for up to 0.2 seconds, sags to 70% for up to 0.5 seconds, and sags to 80% for up to one second.

5. Acceptable Manufacturers

a. ABB ACH Series.

b. Alternate manufacturer’s requests shall be submitted in writing to the Engineer for approval at least 20 working days prior to bid. Approval does not relieve the supplier of specification requirements.

1.05 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Store VFDs indoors in clean, dry space with uniform temperature to prevent condensation. Protect VFDs from exposure to dirt, fumes, water, corrosive substances, and physical damage.

B. If stored in areas subject to weather, cover VFDs to protect them from weather, dirt, dust, corrosive substances, and physical damage. Remove loose packing and flammable materials from inside controllers; install electric heating of sufficient wattage to prevent condensation.

1.06 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate layout and installation of VFDs with other construction including conduit, piping, equipment, and adjacent surfaces. Maintain required workspace clearances and required clearances for equipment access doors and panels.

B. Coordinate features of VFDs, installed units, and accessory devices with pilot devices and control circuits to which they connect.

C. Coordinate features, accessories, and functions of each VFD and each installed unit with ratings and characteristics of supply circuit, motor, required control sequence, and duty cycle of motor and load.

D. Coordinate with Division 26 on location of VFDs and disconnect switch. Coordinate flexible electrical connections, and travel requirements, on spring/rubber isolated equipment such as fans, pumps, and other equipment. Avoid unnecessary duplication of a disconnect switch since lockable integral disconnect with fuses shall be provided with VFDs. Separate non-fused lockable disconnect is only required if VFD is not in line of sight of motor.
PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.

1. Or Equal: Where products are specified by manufacturers name and accompanied by the term "or equal", comply with provisions in Division 01. Specific procedures must be followed before use of an unnamed product or manufacturer.

2.02 VARIABLE FREQUENCY CONTROLLERS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:


2. Or equal.

B. The drive package as specified herein and defined on the drive schedule shall be enclosed in a UL Type enclosure (enclosures with only NEMA ratings are not acceptable), completely assembled and tested by the manufacturer to ISO9001 standards.

C. The drive shall provide full rated output from a line of +10% to -15% of nominal voltage. The drive shall continue to operate without faulting from a line of +25% to -35% of nominal voltage.

1. Drives shall be capable of continuous full load operation under the following environmental operating conditions:

   a. Ambient temperature -15 to 40° C (5 to 104° F).

   b. Altitude 0 to 1000 m (0 to 3,300 ft) above sea level.

   c. Humidity 5 to 95%, non-condensing.

D. All drives shall utilize the same Advanced Control Panel (kepad) user interface.

1. Plain English text

   a. The display shall be in complete English words for programming and fault diagnostics (alpha-numeric codes are not acceptable).

   b. Safety interlock and run permissive status shall be displayed using predetermined application specific nomenclature, such as: Damper end switch, smoke alarm, vibration trip, and overpressure.
c. Safety interlock, run permissive, and external fault status shall have the option of additional customized project specific terms, such as: AHU-1 End Switch, Office Smoke Alarm, CT-2 Vibration.

2. The control panel shall include at minimum the followings controls:
   a. Four navigation keys (Up, Down, Left, Right) and two soft keys to simplify operation and programming.
   b. Hand-Off-Auto selections and manual speed control without having to navigate to a parameter.
   c. Fault Reset and Help keys. The Help key shall include assistance for programming and troubleshooting.

3. Multiple Home View screens shall be capable of displaying up to 21 points of information. Customizable modules shall include bar charts, graphs, meters, and data lists. Displays shall provide real time graphical trending of output power, frequency, and current within selectable intervals of 15/30/60 minutes and 24 hours.

4. The control panel shall display the following items on a single screen; output frequency, output current, reference signal, drive name, time, and operating mode (Hand vs Auto, Run vs Stop). Bi-color (red/green) status LED shall be included. Drive (equipment) name shall be customizable.

5. There shall be a built-in time clock in the control panel. The clock shall have a battery backup with 10 years minimum life span. Daylight savings time shall be selectable.

6. I/O Summary display with a single screen shall indicate and provide:
   a. The status/values of all analog inputs, analog outputs, digital inputs, and relay outputs. Drives that require access to internal or live components to measure these values, are not acceptable.
   b. The programmed function of all analog inputs, analog outputs, digital inputs, and relay outputs.
   c. The ability to force individual digital I/O high or low and individual analog I/O to desired value, for increased personal protection during drive commissioning and troubleshooting. Drives that require access to internal or live components to perform these functions, are not acceptable.

7. The drive shall automatically backup parameters to the control panel. In addition to the automatic backup, the drive shall allow two additional unique backup parameter sets to be stored. Backup files shall include a time and date stamp. In the event of a drive failure, the control panel of the original drive can be installed on the replacement drive, and parameters from that control panel can be downloaded into the replacement drive.
8. The control panel shall display local technical support contact information as part of drive fault status.

9. The control panel shall be removable, capable of remote mounting.

10. The control panel shall have the ability to store screen shots that are downloadable via USB.

11. The control panel shall have the ability to display a QR code for quick access to drive information.

12. The LCD screen shall be backlit with the ability to adjust the screen brightness and contrast, with inverted contrast mode. A user-selectable timer shall dim the display and save power when not in use.

13. The control panel shall include assistants specifically designed to facilitate start-up. Assistants shall include: First Start Assistant, Basic Operation, Basic Control, and PID Assistant.

14. Primary settings for HVAC shall provide quick set-up of all parameters and customer interfaces to reduce programming time.

15. The drive shall be able to operate with the control panel removed.

16. The drive shall be able to support a Bluetooth Advanced Control Panel. The Bluetooth control panel shall be FCC and QDL (Qualified Design Listing) certified.
   a. A free app (iOS and Android) shall replicate the control panel on a mobile device or tablet. The control panel’s programming and control functionality shall function on the device. Customizing text, such as AHU-1 End Switch, shall be supported by the device’s keyboard.
   b. Bluetooth connectivity shall allow uploading, downloading, and emailing of parameter sets.
   c. Bluetooth connectivity shall include two pairing modes: Always discoverable with a fixed passcode, and manual discovery with a unique generated passcode every pairing.
   d. The Bluetooth antenna shall be in the control panel. Antennas that are integrated in the drive’s control board, must include an external antenna, on all drives mounted inside cabinets.
   e. Bluetooth connectivity shall be capable of being switched off.

E. All drives shall have the following hardware features/characteristics as standard:
1. Two (2) programmable analog inputs shall accept current or voltage signals. Current or Voltage selection configured via control panel. Drives that require access to internal components to perform these functions, are not acceptable.

2. Two (2) programmable analog outputs. At least one of the analog outputs shall be adjustable for current or voltage signal, configured via control panel. Drives that require access to internal components to perform these functions, are not acceptable.

3. Six (6) programmable digital inputs. All digital inputs shall be programmable to support both active high and active low logic, and shall include adjustable on/off time delays. The digital input shall be capable of accepting both 24 VDC and 24 VAC.

4. Three (3) programmable Form-C relay outputs. The relay outputs shall include programmable on/off time delays. The relays shall be rated for a continuous current rating of 2 Amps. Maximum switching voltage of 250 VAC / 30 VDC. Open collector and Form-A relays are not acceptable. Drives that have less than (3) Form-C relay outputs shall provide an option card to provide additional relay outputs.

5. Drive terminal blocks shall be color coded for easy identification of function.

6. The drive shall include an isolated USB port for interface between the drive and a laptop. A non-isolated USB port is not acceptable.

7. An auxiliary power supply rated at 24 VDC, 250 mA shall be included.

8. At a minimum, the drives shall have internal impedance equivalent to 5% to reduce the harmonics to the power line. 5% impedance may be from dual (positive and negative DC link) chokes, or AC line reactor. Drives with only one DC link choke shall add an AC line reactor integral to the drive enclosure. Reference the drive schedule to determine if additional harmonic mitigation is required for the system to comply with IEEE 519-2014. If Active Front End (Ultra Low Harmonic) drives are specified on the schedule, they must meet the following characteristics:

   a. An IGBT based active front end shall be used for mitigation of low frequency harmonics. A LCL filter shall be installed in front of the IGBTs to remove high frequency harmonics.

   b. Limit the current distortion to 3% total harmonic current distortion, when measured at the lugs of the drive.

   c. The drive shall provide full motor nameplate voltage while operating the motor at nameplate RPM. The output IGBTs must be modulating and in control of the motor during this 100% speed/load operating condition. The specified 3% current distortion and 1.0 displacement power factor shall be achievable during this operating condition.
d. The hardware structure of the front end shall boost the DC bus voltage by 10% during low line conditions.

e. Displacement power factor shall be 1.0 throughout the speed range.

9. The drive shall have cooling fans that are designed for field replacement. The primary cooling fan shall operate only when required and be variable speed for increased longevity and lower noise levels. Drives whose primary cooling fans are not variable speed, shall include a spare cooling fan.

10. The overload rating of the drive shall be 110% of its normal duty current rating for 1 minute every 10 minutes, 130% overload for 2 seconds every minute. The minimum current rating shall meet or exceed the values in the NEC/UL table 430.250 for 4-pole motors.

11. The input current rating of the drive shall not be greater than the output current rating. Per NFPA 70 430.122, drives with higher input current ratings may require the upstream wiring, protection devices, and source transformers to be upsized.

12. Circuit boards shall be coated per IEC 60721-3-3; Chemical gasses Class 3C2 and Solid particles Class 3S2.

13. Earth (ground) fault detection shall function in both modulating (running) and non-modulating modes.

14. Coordinated AC transient surge protection system consisting of 4 MOVs (phase-to-phase and phase-to-ground), a capacitor clamp, and internal chokes. The MOVs shall comply with UL 1449 4th Edition. Drives that do not include coordinated AC transient surge protection shall include an external TVSS/SPD (Transient Voltage Surge Suppressor/Surge Protection Device).

15. The drive shall include a robust DC bus to provide short term power-loss ride through. The DC bus Joule to drive kVA ratio shall be 4.5 J/kVA or higher. An inertia-based ride through function should help maintain the DC bus voltage during power loss events. Drives with control power ride through only, are not acceptable.

F. All drives shall have the following software features as standard:

1. A Fault Logger that stores the last 16 faults in non-volatile memory.
   a. The most recent 5 faults save at least 9 data points, including but not limited to: Time/date, frequency, DC bus voltage, motor current, DI status, temperature, and status words.
   b. The date and time of each fault and fault reset attempt shall be stored in the Fault Logger.
2. An Event Logger that stores the last 16 warnings or events that occurred, in non-volatile memory.
   a. Events shall include, but not limited to: Warning messages, checksum mismatch, run permissive open, start interlock open, and automatic reset of a fault.
   b. The date and time of each event’s start and completion points shall be stored in the Event Logger.
3. Programmable start method. Start method shall be selectable based on the application: Flying-start, Normal-start, and Brake-on-start.
4. Programmable loss-of-load (broken belt / coupling) indication. Indication shall be selectable as a control panel warning, relay output, or over network communications. This function to include a programmable time delay to eliminate false loss-of-load indications.
5. Motor heating function to prevent condensation build up in the motor. Motor heating adjustment, via parameter, shall be in “Watts.” Heating functions based only on “percent current” are not acceptable.
6. Advanced power metering abilities shall be included in the drive. Drives without these data points, must include a separate power meter with each drive.
   a. Instantaneous output power (kW)
   b. Total power broken down by kWh, MWh, and GWh units of measurement. Power meters that only display kWh and roll over or “max out” once the maximum kWh value is reached, are not acceptable. There shall be resettable and non-resettable total power meters within the drive.
   c. Time based kWh metering for: current hour, previous hour, current day, and previous day.
   d. Energy saving calculation shall be included that shows the energy and dollars saved by the drive.
7. The drive shall include a motor flux optimization circuit that will automatically reduce applied motor voltage to the motor to optimize energy consumption and reduce audible motor noise.
8. Run permissive circuit - There shall be a run permissive circuit for damper or valve control. Regardless of the source of a run command, the Drives shall provide a dry contact closure that will signal the damper to open. When the damper is fully open, an end-switch shall close, allowing the drive to run the motor.
a. The drive shall also include a programmable start delay, for when an end-switch is not provided.

9. Start interlock circuit - Four separate start interlock (safety) inputs shall be provided. When any safety is opened, the motor shall be commanded to stop. The control panel will display the specific safety(s) that are open. The status of each safety shall be transmitted over the network communications. Wiring multiple safeties in series is not acceptable.

10. External fault circuit – Three separate external fault inputs shall be provided. This circuit shall have the same features and functionality as the start interlock circuit, except it shall require a manual reset before the drive is allowed to operate the motor.

11. The drive shall include a switching frequency control circuit that reduces the switching frequency based on actual drive temperature, and allows higher switching frequency settings without derating the drive. It shall be possible to set a minimum and a target switching frequency.

12. Visual function block adaptive programming allowing custom control schemes, minimizing the need for external controllers. I.e. cooling tower staging logic. A free software tool shall be used to configure adaptive programming.

13. The ability to automatically restart after an over-current, over-voltage, under-voltage, external fault, or loss of input signal protective trip. The number of restart attempts, trial time, and time between attempts shall be programmable. Each of these faults may have automatic restart individually disabled via a parameter selection.

14. Three (3) programmable critical frequency lockout ranges to prevent the drive from operating the load continuously at an unstable speed/load.

15. Seven (7) programmable preset frequencies/speeds.

16. Two independently adjustable accel and decel ramps with 1 – 1800 seconds adjustable time ramps.

17. PID functionality shall be included in the drive.
   a. Programmable “Sleep” and “Wake up” functions to allow the drive to be started and stopped based on the level of a process feedback signal.
   b. The drive shall include an independent PID loop for customer use, assigned to an analog output. This PID loop may be used for cooling tower bypass valve control, chilled water valve, etc.

18. At least 4 parameter user sets that can be saved to the permanent memory and recalled using a digital input, timed function, or supervision function.
19. Drive shall be compatible with an accessory that allows the control board to be powered from an external 24 VDC/VAC source, allowing the drive control to remain powered by a UPS during an extended power outage.

20. A computer-based software tool shall be available to allow a laptop to program the drive. The drive shall be able to support programming without the need for line voltage. All necessary power shall be sourced via the laptop USB port.

21. The drive shall include a fireman’s override mode. Upon receipt of a contact closure from the Fire Alarm Life Safety system, the drive shall operate in a dedicated Override mode distinct and separate from the drive’s Normal operation mode. The following features will be available in the drive override function:
   a. The Override mode shall be secured by password to prevent changes once programmed.
   b. The drive shall ignore external inputs and commands not defined as part of the override function.
   c. Override operation mode shall be selectable between: single frequency, multiple fixed frequencies, follow an analog input signal, PID control, or come to a forced stop.
   d. High priority safeties shall stop the drive and lower priority safeties shall be ignored in Override mode.
   e. Drive faults shall be defined in Critical and Low priority groups. Critical faults shall stop the drive. Low priority faults shall be reset. Reset trials and timing shall be programmable.
   f. The drive shall be configurable to receive from 1 to 3 discrete digital input signals and operate at up to three discrete speeds.

22. The drive shall have multi-pump functionality and an intelligent master/follower configuration for controlling up to 8 parallel pumps equipped with drives. The drive shall have a parameter synchronization feature to program the PID, multi-pump, and AI parameters in all parallel drives. The functionality to start and stop the pumps based on capacity, operating time or efficiency of the pump to ensure each pump is operated regularly.
   a. The multi-pump functionality shall control:
      1) Flow Control
      2) Pressure Control
      3) Pump Alternation
G. Security Features

1. The drive manufacture shall clearly define cybersecurity capabilities for their products.

2. The drive shall include password protection against parameter changes.
   a. There shall be multiple levels of password protection including: End User, Service, Advanced, and Override.
   b. The drive shall support a customer generated unique password between 0 and 99,999,999.
   c. The drive shall log an event whenever the drive password has been entered.
   d. The drive shall provide a security selection that prevents any “back door” entry. This selection even prevents the drive manufacturer from being able to bypass the security of that drive.
   e. A security level shall be available that prevents the drive from being flashed with new firmware.

3. A checksum feature shall be used to notify the owner of unauthorized parameter changes made to the drive. The checksum feature includes two unique values assigned to a specific programming configuration.
   a. One checksum value shall represent all user editable parameters in the drive except communication setup parameters. A second checksum value shall represent all user editable parameters except communication setup, energy, and motor data parameters.
   b. Once the drive has been commissioned the two values can be independently saved in the drive.
   c. The drive shall be configurable to either: Log an Event, provide a Warning, or Fault upon a parameter change when the current checksum value does not equal the saved checksum value.

4. The “Hand” and “Off” control panel buttons shall have the option to be individually disabled (via parameter) for drives mounted in public areas.

5. The capability to disable Bluetooth on control panels that include Bluetooth functionality shall be provided.

H. Network Communications

1. The drive shall have an EIA-485 port with removable terminal blocks. The onboard protocols shall be BACnet MS/TP, Modbus, and Johnson Controls N2. Optional
communication cards for BACnet/IP, LonWorks, Profibus, Profinet, EtherNet/IP, Modbus TCP, and DeviceNet shall be available. The use of third party gateways are not acceptable.

2. The drive shall have the ability to communicate via two protocols at the same time, one onboard protocol and one option card based protocol. Once installed, the drive shall automatically recognize any optional communication cards without the need for additional programming.

3. The drive shall not require a power cycle after communication parameters have been updated.

4. The embedded BACnet connection shall be a MS/TP interface. The drive shall be BTL Listed to Revision 14 or later. Use of non-BTL Listed drives are not acceptable.

5. The drive shall be classified as an Applications Specific Controller (B-ASC). The interface shall support all BIBBs defined by the BACnet standard profile for a B-ASC including, but not limited to:
   a. Data Sharing: Read Property Multiple-B, Write Property Multiple-B, COV-B
   b. Device Management: Time Synchronization-B
   c. Object Type Support: MSV, Loop

6. The drive’s relay output status, digital input status, analog input/output values, Hand-Auto status, warning and fault information shall be capable of being monitored over the network. The drive’s start/stop command, speed reference command, relay outputs and analog outputs shall be capable of being controlled over the network. Remote drive fault reset shall be possible.

I. Disconnect – A circuit breaker or disconnect switch shall be provided. The disconnect shall be door interlocked and padlockable. Drive input fusing shall be included on all packaged units that include a disconnecting means. All disconnect configurations shall be UL Listed by the drive manufacturer as a complete assembly and carry a UL508 label. Disconnect packages manufactured by anyone other than the drive manufacturer, are not acceptable.

1. Network communications – the bypass shall include BACnet MS/TP, Modbus, and Johnson Controls N2 as standard. The bypass BACnet implementation shall be BTL Listed to Revision 14 or later. Optional communication cards for BACnet/IP, LonWorks, Profibus, Profinet, Ethernet/IP, Modbus TCP, and DeviceNet shall be available.
   a. The bypass relay output status, digital input status, warning and fault information can be monitored over the network. Status information shall be monitored, including: operating mode (drive vs bypass), current drawn in bypass mode, broken belt, and phase-to-phase voltage. The bypass start/stop
command, force to bypass command, and relay outputs shall be capable of being controlled over the network.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

A. Examine areas, surfaces, and substrates to receive VFDs for compliance with requirements, installation tolerances, and other conditions affecting performance.

B. Examine roughing-in for conduit systems to verify actual locations of conduit connections before VFD installation.

C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.02 INSTALLATION

A. The responsible party shall install the drive in accordance with the recommendations of the drive manufacturer as outlined in the drive installation manual.

B. Power wiring shall be completed by the responsible party. All wiring shall be installed in accordance with the recommendations of the drive manufacturer as outlined in the installation manual.

C. Installation shall be in accordance with national, state and local building and electrical codes as may be in force in the installation area.

3.03 START-UP

A. Start-up shall be provided for each drive by an authorized local service provider.

3.04 PRODUCT SUPPORT

A. Training shall include installation, programming and operation of the drive, bypass and network communications. Owner training shall be provided locally upon request.

3.05 WARRANTY

A. The drive Product Warranty shall be 30 months from the date of shipment from the factory. The warranty shall include: Parts, on-site labor, and travel time and travel costs, or replacement of the complete drive as determined by the drive manufacturer’s technical support.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 23 0511

WELDING PRESSURE PIPING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. Section applies to welding of steel piping provided under Division 23

1.02 REFERENCES

A. The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referred to in the text by basic designation only:

   1. ANSI Z49.1 - Safety in Welding and Cutting.
   2. ASME B31.3 - Process Piping.
   3. ASME B31.9 - Building Services Piping
   4. ASNT-01 - Recommended Practice SNT-TC-1A.
   5. ASNT-02 - Question and Answer Book A (Supplement to Recommended Practice SNT-TC-1A).
   6. ASNT-03 - Question and Answer Book B: Magnetic Particle Method; Levels I, II, III (Supplement to Recommended Practice SNT-TC-1A).
   7. ASNT-04 - Question and Answer Book C: Ultrasonic Testing Method; Levels I, II, III (Supplement to Recommended Practice SNT-TC-1A).
   8. ASNT-05 - Question and Answer Book D: Liquid Penetrant Testing Method; Levels I, II, III (Supplement to Recommended Practice (SNT-TC-1A).
   9. AWS A2.4 – Symbols for Welding, Brazing and Nondestructive Examination

1.03 SUBMITTALS

A. Certificates: Welding Certificates applicable to the material being joined.

B. Pressure Piping: Detail drawings showing location, length, and type of welds; and indicating postweld heat treatment and NDE as required.

C. Qualifications: Welder and welding operator performance qualification certificates. Welding inspectors. Qualifications of testing laboratory or the Contractor's quality assurance organization.

D. Welding Operations: Detailed procedures that define methods of compliance to contract drawings and specifications. Inspection and material procurement records. System and material testing and certification records. Written records and drawings indicating location of welds made by each welder or welding operator.
1.04 DEFINITIONS

A. Definitions shall be in accordance with AWS A3.0.

1.05 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

A. Section covers welding of pressure piping systems. Procedures shall be developed for welding metals included in the work. Welding shall not be started until welding procedures, welders, and welding operators have been qualified. Maintain current records of the test results obtained in the welding procedure, welding operator, welder performance and qualifications readily available at the site for examination. The procedures for making transition welds between different materials or between plates or pipes of different wall thicknesses shall be qualified. ASME B31.9 requirements for branch connections may be used instead of detailed designs.

1.06 PERFORMANCE

A. Provide quality joint preparation, welding, and examination. Materials used in the welding operations shall be clearly identified and recorded. The inspection and testing defined in this specification are minimum requirements. Additional inspection and testing shall be the responsibility of the Contractor when they deem it necessary to achieve the quality required.

1.07 QUALIFICATIONS

A. Certification

1. Each welder shall have passed a qualification test within the past 12 months. The test shall be in accordance with the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section IX, “Welding Qualifications,” ASME Section VIII.
2. The test report shall certify that the welder is qualified to weld the material to be used at the job site.
3. Submit copies of each welder’s qualification test report for approval prior to commencing the work. No welder shall be used on the project until certified.

B. Welding Procedures Qualification: Record in detail and qualify the Welding Procedure Specifications for every welding procedure proposed. Qualification for each welding procedure shall conform to the requirements of ASME B31.9 and to this specification. The welding procedures shall specify end preparation for butt welds including cleaning, alignment, and root openings. Preheat, interpass temperature control, and postheat treatment of welds shall be as required or specified. The type of backing rings or consumable inserts, if used, shall be described and if they are to be removed. Welding procedures shall be identified individually and shall be referenced on the detail drawings.

C. Welder and Welding Operator Performance: Each welder and welding operator assigned to work shall be qualified in accordance with ASME B31.9.
D. Identification: Each welder or welding operator shall be assigned an identifying number, letters, or symbol that shall be used to identify their welds.

E. Inspector Certification: Welding inspectors shall be qualified in accordance with AWS QC1.

1.08 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

A. Filler metals, electrodes, fluxes, and other welding materials shall be delivered to the site in manufacturers’ original packages and stored in accordance with manufacturer’s written instructions until used.

B. Material Control: Materials shall be stored in a controlled-access, clean and dry area that is weathertight and is maintained at a temperature recommended by the manufacturer. The materials shall not be in contact with the floor.

1.09 SYMBOLS

A. Symbols shall be in accordance with AWS A2.4.

1.10 SAFETY

A. Safety precautions shall conform to ANSI Z49.1.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 WELDING MATERIALS

A. Welding materials shall comply with ASME-04. Welding equipment, electrodes, welding wire, and fluxes shall be capable of producing satisfactory welds when used by a qualified welder or welding operator using qualified welding procedures.

B. Welding Filler Metals: Comply with AWS D10.12 for welding materials appropriate for wall thickness and chemical analysis of steel pipe being welded.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 WELDING

A. Do not deviate from applicable codes, approved procedures and approved shop drawings. Materials or components with welds made off the site will not be accepted if the welding does not conform to the requirements of this specification unless otherwise specified. Assign each welder or welding operator an identifying number, letter, or symbol that shall be used to identify their welds. Each welder or welding operator shall apply their mark adjacent to their weld using an approved rubber stamp or felt-tipped marker with permanent, weatherproof ink or other approved methods that do not deform the metal. For seam welds, place identification marks adjacent to the welds at 3 foot intervals. Confine
identification by die stamps or electric etchers to the weld reinforcing crown, preferably in the finished crater.

B. Prohibited: Oxyacetylene torch welding and cutting of structural steel or bolt holes.

3.02 WELDING OPERATORS

A. Perform welding in accordance with qualified procedures using qualified welders and welding operators.

3.03 WELDING PROCEDURES

A. Welding procedure:

1. Electric metallic arc process shall be used for welding. End preparations shall conform to ANSI and ASTM Standards. Welding shall be per ASME standards.
2. Cutting by oxyacetylene torch is strongly discouraged and, where used, shall be in accordance with ASME B31.9.
3. Use only one welder for each joint.
4. Branch pipes shall be welded to mains with reducing tees, or reinforced branch fittings such as Bonney Forge Thredolet®, Weldolet®, Sockolet®, Latrolet®, or equal reinforced manufactured fittings.
5. Thermometer and test wells shall be threaded and installed with Thredolet® fittings
6. Prohibited: slip-on flanges and half-couplings and any other non-reinforced connections.

3.04 SUPPORTS

A. Welding of hangers, supports, and plates to structural members shall conform to AWS D1.1.

3.05 EXAMINATIONS, INSPECTIONS AND TESTS

A. Visual examinations shall be included in the contract to detect surface and internal discontinuities in completed welds. Visually examine welds. When examination and testing indicates defects in a weld joint, a qualified welder shall repair the weld in accordance with the paragraph entitled "Corrections and Repairs" of this section.

B. Visually examine welds as follows:

1. Before welding -- for compliance with requirements for joint preparation, placement of backing rings or consumable inserts, alignment and fit-up, and cleanliness.
2. During welding -- for conformance to the qualified welding procedure.
3. After welding -- for cracks, contour and finish, bead reinforcement, undercutting, overlap, and size of fillet welds.
3.06 ACCEPTANCE STANDARDS

A. Visual: The following indications are unacceptable:

1. Surface of welds shall be sufficiently free from coarse ripples, grooves, overlaps, abrupt ridges, and valleys.
2. Cracks
3. Undercut on surface that is greater than 1/32-inch deep.
5. Lack of fusion on surface.
6. Incomplete penetration (applies only when inside surface is readily accessible).
7. Convexity of fillet weld surface greater than 10 percent of longest leg plus 0.03 inch.
8. Concavity in groove welds.
9. Concavity in fillet welds greater than 1/16 inch.
10. Fillet weld size less than indicated or greater than 1 ¼ times the minimum indicated fillet leg length.

B. The University reserves the right to perform any in-process inspection to ensure that the welds meet the requirements of ASME B31.9.

3.07 CORRECTIONS AND REPAIRS

A. Defects shall be removed and repaired as specified in ASME B31.9 unless otherwise specified. Disqualifying defects discovered between weld passes shall be repaired before additional weld material is deposited. Wherever a defect is removed, and repair by welding is not required, the affected area shall be blended into the surrounding surface, eliminating sharp notches, crevices, or corners. After defect removal is complete and before rewelding, the area shall be examined by the same test method which first revealed the defect to ensure that the defect has been eliminated. After rewelding, the repaired area shall be reexamined by the same test method originally used for that area. Any indication of a defect shall be regarded as a defect unless reevaluation by NDE or by surface conditioning shows that no disqualifying defects are present. The use of any foreign material to mask, fill in, seal, or disguise welding defects will not be permitted.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 23 0513
MOTORS FOR HVAC

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. Section includes general requirements for single-phase and polyphase, general-purpose, horizontal, small and medium, squirrel-cage induction motors for use on AC power systems up to 600 V and installed at equipment manufacturer's factory or shipped separately by equipment manufacturer for field installation.

B. The standards for the motors listed below exceed those commonly found in the commercial HVAC market. This is intentional and deviation is prohibited. Typical campus applications require much longer service life than typical commercial applications. Many of the applications are 24-hours per day and on variable frequency drives. The various characteristics of high-end industrial motors ensure a very long life in campus service and provide significantly increased energy performance. Their rugged construction helps ensure that initial efficiency is maintained over the life of the motor. Improved characteristics such as reduced shaft runout, and foot flatness allow for better alignment between the motor and the driven equipment. This improves efficiency and reduces noise and vibration.

1.02 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Bearings: Bearing loads and bearing life shall be determined using AFBMA 9 - Load Ratings and Fatigue Life for Ball Bearings, and AFBMA 11 - Load Ratings and Fatigue Life for Roller Bearings.

B. Comply with NEMA MG 1 unless otherwise indicated.

C. Duty: Continuous duty at ambient temperature of 40°C and at altitude of 3300 feet above sea level.

D. Capacity and Torque Characteristics: Sufficient to start, accelerate, and operate connected loads at designated speeds, at installed altitude and environment, with indicated operating sequence, and without exceeding nameplate ratings or considering service factor.

E. Motor Efficiency: Motors one horsepower and larger shall exceed current NEMA Premium Efficiency standards.

1.03 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate features of motors, installed units, and accessory devices to be compatible with the following:

1. Motor controllers.
2. Torque, speed, and horsepower requirements of the load.
3. Comply with requirements in this Section except when stricter requirements are specified in HVAC equipment schedules or Sections.
4. Ambient and environmental conditions of installation location.
5. Matched to the VFD inverter mode and by-pass “across-the-line starting” mode.
6. Matched to the driven equipment by coordination, review, and approval by the manufacturer. Motor applications shall be reviewed and analyzed by the manufacturer for proper bearing selections. Verify proper size and type bearings are selected to match the particular motor application ensuring that specified motor bearing life is met.

1.04 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each motor, provide operating weights; and manufacturer’s technical data on specified features, performance, electrical ratings, and characteristics. Motor performance; percent efficiency, power factor, torque, RPM, power (W), and current vs. percent of rated power output (Horsepower) curves.

B. Operation and maintenance manual for the motor and installed devices.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified:

1. U.S. Motors.
2. General Electric.
3. Siemens Motors.
5. Westinghouse.
6. Or equal.

B. Or Equal: Where products are specified by manufacturers name and accompanied by the term "or equal", comply with provisions in Division 01. Specific procedures must be followed before approved use of an unnamed manufacturer.

2.02 MOTOR CHARACTERISTICS

A. Duty: Continuous duty at ambient temperature of 40°C and at altitude of 3300 feet above sea level.

B. Capacity and Torque Characteristics: Sufficient to start, accelerate, and operate connected loads at designated speeds, at installed altitude and environment, with indicated operating sequence, and without exceeding nameplate ratings or considering service factor.
2.03 POLYPHASE MOTORS ONE HORSEPOWER AND LARGER

A. Description: NEMA MG 1, Design B, medium induction motor.

B. Efficiency: NEMA Premium (applicable to various motor speed selections).

C. Comply with IEEE 841, with 1.15 minimum service factor (applicable to all motors).

D. Enclosure: Totally enclosed fan-cooled (TEFC), cast-iron (may use steel mounting base on 140-T frame series). IEC Protection: IP-44.

E. VFD Compatibility: “Inverter Ready” per NEMA Standard MG1, Part 31.4.4.2.
   1. Windings: Copper magnet wire with moisture-resistant insulation varnish, designed and tested to resist transient spikes, high frequencies, and short time rise pulses produced by pulse-width modulated inverters.
   2. Insulation: Class F or H insulation, with Class B temperature rise, non-hygroscopic.
   3. Shaft Grounding Kit to reduce current flow through bearings, which has damaged many motors on campus.

F. Variable torque Ratio: 10:1 minimum.

G. Rotor Balance Requirement: 0.08 inches per second maximum vibration.

H. Bearings: Shielded antifriction bearings suitable for application specific radial and thrust loading.
   1. The manufacturer’s analysis, and selection, shall ensure bearings will have an L_{10} life of not less than 130,000 hours for direct-drive and not less than 40,000 hours for belt-drive.
   2. Bearing styles and types matching special loading requirements. Over-sized bearings as required.
   3. Ensure motor bearings conform to requirements for Variable Frequency Drive applications.

I. Mounting Feet: Cast-iron precision machined flatness for accurate motor base mounting alignment per NEMA MG1.
   1. Foot-to-foot flatness from mounting hole to mounting hole shall not exceed 0.005 inches.

J. Conduit Boxes: Shall be over-sized NEMA, gasketed, repositionable box for field conduit routing adjustment, with grounding connection.

K. Lifting Lugs: For frame sizes 215 and above, permanent lifting provisions, such as eye bolts, shall be provided.

L. Service Factor: 1.15.
2.04 POLYPHASE MOTORS WITH ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

A. Outdoor Applications: For outdoor applications provide “rain-proof” motors with options listed below. Outdoor motor features listed below offer better environmental enclosure protection, and are in “addition to the required features” of protected indoor motors:

1. IEC Ingress Protection Rating: IP-54.
2. Epoxy paint on enclosure and rotor.
3. Shaft slingers.
4. Stainless steel nameplate and hardware.

B. Motors Used with Reduced-Voltage and Multispeed Controllers: Match wiring connection requirements for controller with required motor leads. Provide terminals in motor terminal box, suited to control method.

C. Cooling Tower Fan and exposed Cooling Tower Pump Motors: provide with tropicalization (protective coating) treatment performed on internal components.

D. Motors Used with Variable Frequency Controllers:

1. Windings: Copper magnet wire with moisture-resistant insulation varnish, designed and tested to resist transient spikes, high frequencies, and short time rise pulses produced by pulse-width modulated inverters.
2. Energy- and Premium-Efficient Motors: Class B temperature rise; Class F insulation.
3. Inverter-Duty Motors: Class F temperature rise; Class H insulation.
4. Thermal Protection: Comply with NEMA MG 1 requirements for thermally protected motors.
5. Shaft Grounding Ring Kit to reduce current flow through bearings.

2.05 SHAFT GROUNDING RINGS

A. Manufacturers:

1. Electro Static Technology Inc. - Aegis SGR product line.
2. Inpro/Seal, a division of Waukesha Bearings Corporation - CDR product line.
3. Or equal.

B. Provide shaft grounding rings (SGRs) on at least one end of the motor for 3-phase motors ½ hp or larger intended for use with variable-frequency drives (VFDs). The SGRs may be furnished by the motor manufacturer as an integral part of the motor, furnished factory-installed by the equipment manufacturer, or furnished for field installation by the equipment installer.

C. Description: Circumferential micro-fiber ring with metal frame, designed to conduct VFD induced bearing currents from the motor shaft to ground. Provides protection recommended in NEMA MG 1. Provide with mounting kit including bolts and bracket, or conductive epoxy to adhere to motor casing, to ensure ground connection from the SGR to the motor frame.
PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

A. Examine areas to receive field-installed motors for compliance with requirements, installation tolerances, maintenance clearances, and other conditions affecting performance.

B. Examine roughing-in of conduit systems to verify actual locations of conduit connections before motor installation.

C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.02 MOTOR INSTALLATION

A. Anchor each motor assembly to base, adjustable rails, or other support, arranged and sized in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions. Attach by bolting. Level and align motor with base. Align motors, bases, shafts, pulleys and belts with driven equipment, or couplers. Tension belts in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions.

B. Comply with mounting and anchoring requirements specified in Division 23 Section "Vibration and Seismic Controls for HVAC."

C. Connect motor leads to power source using rings and bolts or split bolts as needed. Insulation of connected motor leads shall be of the highest quality and designed to withstand the same temperature as the internal windings. Ordinary electrical tape is not generally suitable for this service and shall not be used as the only means of insulation. Wire nuts are prohibited.

D. Motor power leads shall be marked at the source and at the connection box on the motor.

3.03 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Prepare for acceptance tests as follows:

1. Run each motor with its controller. Demonstrate correct rotation, alignment, and speed at motor design load.
2. Test interlocks and control features for proper operation.
3. Verify that current in each phase is within nameplate rating.

B. Testing: University's Representative may engage a qualified testing agency to perform the following field quality-control testing:

1. Perform each electrical test and visual and mechanical inspections stated in NETA ATS, Section 7.15.1 and certify compliance with test parameters.

C. After the University's testing agency is finished, correct any malfunctioning units on-site, where possible, and retest to demonstrate compliance; otherwise, replace with new units and the University shall retest.
3.04 Cleaning

A. After completing equipment installation, inspect unit components. Remove paint splatters and other spots, dirt, and debris. Repair damaged finish to match original finish.

B. Clean motors, on completion of installation, in accordance with manufacturer’s written instructions.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 23 0519  
THERMOMETERS AND GAUGES FOR HVAC

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. Section includes thermometers and gauges for HVAC systems and:

1. Thermowells.
2. Test plugs.

1.02 DEFINITIONS

A. CR: Chlorosulfonated polyethylene synthetic rubber.

B. EPDM: Ethylene-propylene-diene terpolymer rubber.

1.03 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

B. Schedule: For thermometers, pressure gauges, thermowell and test plugs indicating manufacturer's number, scale range, and location for each.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MANUFACTURERS

A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.
2. Or Equal: Where products are specified by manufacturers name and accompanied by the term "or equal", comply with provisions in Division 01. Specific procedures must be followed before use of an unnamed product or manufacturer.

2.02 DIAL THERMOMETERS

A. Manufacturers

1. 3D Instruments
2. Ashcroft Commercial Inc.
3. Marsh Bellofram
4. REOTEMP
5. Trerice, H. O. Co.
6. Weiss Instruments, Inc.
7. Weksler Instruments Inc.
8. Or equal.

B. Bimetallic-Actuated (vapor or gas-actuated thermometers are prohibited)
   1. Description: Adjustable angle, Direct-mounting, bimetallic-actuated dial thermometers complying with ASME B40.200.
   2. Case: Highly polished, hermetically sealed, stainless steel, 2½ to 5-inch diameter as directed.
   3. Element: Bimetal coil.
   4. Dial: Satin-faced, or highly polished, non-reflective aluminum with permanently etched scale markings.
   5. Pointer: Black metal.
   7. Ring: Stainless steel.
   9. Stem: Stainless steel, for thermo-well installation and of length to suit installation.
   10. Accuracy: Plus or minus 1 percent of range or plus or minus 1 scale division to maximum of 1.5 percent of range.
   11. Units: Scale shall be degrees Fahrenheit only, unless otherwise indicated, suitable for the media operating temperatures. Dual scales are prohibited.

2.03 THERMOWELLS

A. Manufacturers:
   1. 3D Instruments
   2. Ashcroft Commercial Inc.
   3. Marsh Bellofram.
   4. REOTEMP
   5. Trerice, H. O. Co.
   6. Weiss Instruments, Inc.
   7. Or equal.

B. Thermowells:
   2. Description: Pressure-tight, socket-type fitting made for insertion into piping.
   3. Pressure Rating: Not less than piping system design pressure.
   5. Type: Stepped shank unless straight or tapered shank is indicated.
   6. External Threads: NPS ½, NPS ¾, or NPS 1, ASME B1.20.1 pipe threads.
   7. Internal Threads: ½, ¾, and 1 inch, with ASME B1.1 screw threads.
   8. Bore: Diameter required to match thermometer bulb or stem.
   9. Insertion Length: Extend one-third to two-thirds of pipe diameter into fluid. See Campus Standard Details for thermal well installations in various pipe sizes and types.
10. Lagging Extension: Extension for Insulated Piping: 2 inches nominal and not less than thickness of insulation.
11. Bushings: are prohibited.

C. Heat-Transfer Medium: Mixture of graphite and glycerin.

2.04 PRESSURE GAUGES

A. Manufacturers:

1. 3D Instruments.
2. Ashcroft Commercial Inc.
3. Marsh Bellofram.
4. REOTEMP
5. Trerice, H. O. Co.
6. Weiss Instruments, Inc.
7. Or equal.

B. Direct-Mounting, Dial-Type Pressure Gauges: Indicating-dial type complying with ASME B40.100.

1. Case: Liquid-fillable type, 2½ to 4½-inch diameter Grade-A phosphor Bronze or stainless steel. Plastic cases are prohibited.
2. Pressure-Element Assembly: Bourdon tube, unless otherwise indicated.
3. Pressure Connection: Brass, or stainless steel, NPS ¼, or ½, bottom-outlet type unless back-outlet type is indicated.
4. Movement: Mechanical, direct drive or with link to pressure element and connection to pointer.
7. Window: Glass.
9. Accuracy: Grade A, plus or minus 1 percent of middle half scale.
10. Vacuum-Pressure Range: 30-in. Hg of vacuum to 15 psig of pressure.
11. Range for Fluids under Pressure: Two times operating pressure.
12. Scale: Scale shall be psig, inches mercury vacuum, combination of those two depending on the application.
13. Units: Psi or inches mercury only. Dual unit gauges (e.g. kPa and psi) are prohibited.

C. Pressure-Gauge Fittings:

1. Valves: NPS ¼ or ½ bronze or stainless-steel threaded ball type or forged steel globe valve as specified in Hydronic Piping and Valves or High Temperature Piping Systems.
2. Syphons: NPS ¼ or ½ coil of brass tubing or stainless steel with threaded ends.
3. Snubbers: ASME B40. 100, NPS ¼ or ½.
2.05 TEST PLUGS

A. Manufacturers:
   1. Peterson Equipment Co., Inc.
   2. Sisco Manufacturing Co.
   3. IMI Hydronic Engineering (Flow Design), Inc.
   4. Or equal.

B. Description: Corrosion-resistant brass or stainless-steel body with minimum two core inserts and gasketed and threaded cap with cap retainer, with extended stem beyond insulation for units to be installed in insulated piping.

C. Thread Size: NPS ½, ASME B1.20.1 pipe thread.

D. Minimum Pressure and Temperature Rating: 500 psig at 200°F.

E. Core Inserts: Two chlorosulfonated (CR) polyethylene synthetic and EPDM (Nordel) self-sealing rubber, valves gasketed orifice, suitable for inserting a ⅛” OD probe assembly.
   1. Insert material for air, water (except for water heated by high temperature water), oil, or gas service at 20 to 200°F shall be CR.
   2. Insert material for air or high temperature water heated hot water service at 30 to plus 275°F shall be EPDM.
   3. If test plug requires probes longer than 1-inch, provide to the University three probes of the required length for the installed test plug.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 THERMOMETER APPLICATIONS

A. Install bimetallic-actuated dial thermometers in the following locations:
   1. Inlet and outlet of each hydronic zone.
   2. Inlet and outlet of each hydronic steam generator.
   3. Inlet and outlet of each hydronic heat exchanger.

B. Subject to listed standard ranges from the approved manufacturer, provide the following temperature ranges for thermometers:
   1. Condenser Water: 30 to 130°F, with 1-degree scale divisions.

3.02 GAUGE APPLICATIONS

A. Install dry-case-type pressure gauges for inlet and discharge of each pressure-reducing valve.

B. Install out-door rated pressure gauges at condenser-water inlets and outlets of cooling towers.
C. Provide larger gauges where natural reading distance is longer.

D. Subject to listed standard ranges from the approved manufacturer, provide the following vacuum-protected pressure ranges for the gauges:
   1. Condenser Water Piping: 0 to 100 psi.

3.03 INSTALLATIONS

A. Install direct-mounting thermometers and adjust vertical and tilted positions.

B. Install thermowells with socket extending a minimum of 2 inches into fluid or to the center of pipe and in vertical position in piping tees where thermometers are indicated.

C. Install thermowells with extension on insulated piping.

D. Fill thermowells with heat-transfer medium.

E. Install direct-mounting pressure gauges in piping tees with pressure gauge located on pipe at most readable position.

F. Install remote-mounting pressure gauges on panel. Provide root valve at the main piping and needle valve at the remote panel.

G. Install ball valve for each pressure gauge for fluids (except steam). Provide pressure snubber for pulsing applications. These are not common.

H. Install ½-inch forged steel globe valve and syphon fitting in piping for each pressure gauge for steam see campus standard detail. Note that connection to the main piping will be 1-inch not ½-inch.

I. Install test plugs in tees in piping.

J. Install sight flow indicators, in accessible positions for easy viewing, in piping systems.

K. Assemble and install connections, tubing, and accessories between flow-measuring elements as prescribed by manufacturer’s written instructions.

L. Install permanent indicators on walls or brackets in accessible and readable positions.

M. Install connection fittings for attachment to portable indicators in accessible locations.

3.04 CONNECTIONS

A. Install meters and gauges adjacent to machines and equipment to allow service and maintenance for meters, gauges, machines, and equipment.

3.05 ADJUSTING

A. Calibrate meters in accordance with manufacturer’s written instructions, after installation.
B. Adjust faces of meters and gauges to proper angle for best visibility.

3.06 CLEANING

A. Clean windows of meters, and gauges, and factory-finished surfaces. Replace cracked and broken windows, and repair scratched and marred surfaces with manufacturer’s touch-up paint.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 23 0529
HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR HVAC PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. Section includes the following hangers and supports for mechanical system piping and equipment:
   1. Metal framing systems.
   2. Fastener systems.
   3. Pipe stands.
   4. Pipe positioning systems.
   5. Equipment supports.

1.02 DEFINITIONS

A. MSS: Manufacturers Standardization Society for The Valve and Fittings Industry Inc.

1.03 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Design supports for multiple pipes, including pipe stands, capable of supporting combined weight of supported systems, system contents, and test water.

B. Design equipment supports capable of supporting combined operating weight of supported equipment and connected systems and components.

C. Design seismic-restraint hangers and supports shop drawing for piping and equipment in accordance with CBC.

D. Wind-Restraint Loading:
   1. Basic Wind Speed: minimum 110 mph.
   2. Building Classification Category: II.
   3. Minimum 10 lb per sq. ft. multiplied by maximum area of HVAC component projected on vertical plane normal to wind direction, and 45 degrees either side of normal.

E. Seismic-Restraint Loading: (to be confirmed for each building)
   1. Site Class as Defined in the CBC: D.
   2. Assigned Seismic Use Group or Building Category as Defined in the CBC: II.
      a. Component Importance Factor: 1.0.
      b. Component Response Modification Factor: 2.5.
      c. Component Amplification Factor: 2.5.
3. Design Spectral Response Acceleration at Short Periods (0.2 Second): 1.057 g.
4. Design Spectral Response Acceleration at 1.0-Second Period: 0.579 g.

1.04 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For the following:
   1. Steel pipe hangers and supports.
   2. Thermal-hanger shield inserts.
   3. Pipe positioning systems.

B. Welding certificates.

1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Welding: Qualify procedures and personnel according to the following:
   1. AWS D1.1, "Structural Welding Code--Steel."
   2. AWS D1.3, "Structural Welding Code--Sheet Steel."
   3. AWS D1.4, "Structural Welding Code--Reinforcing Steel."
   4. ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code: Section IX.

B. Seismic Engineering: Seismic bracing and support design, mounting hardware and equipment, support systems, restraint systems, anchorage systems, and installation shall conform to the CBC. Submit calculations, plans, and documents stamped by a qualified California registered engineer.

C. Structural Review: Seismic engineering submittal documents, seismic loads, anchorage and support loads, and vertical loads applied to building structures and structural components shall be reviewed, analyzed, and approved by the project structural engineer of record.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MANUFACTURERS

A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:
   1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.
   2. Or Equal: Where products are specified by manufacturers name and accompanied by the term "or equal", comply with provisions in Division 01. Specific procedures must be followed before use of an unnamed product or manufacturer.

2.02 METAL FRAMING SYSTEMS

A. Description: MFMA-4, shop- or field-fabricated pipe-support assembly made of steel channels and other components.
B. Manufacturers:

1. Allied Tube & Conduit.
2. Cooper B-Line, Inc.
3. Flex-Strut Inc.
4. GS Metals Corp.
5. Thomas & Betts Corporation.
6. Unistrut Corporation; Atkore International, Ltd.
7. Wesanco, Inc.
8. Or equal.

C. Coatings: Manufacturer’s standard finish, unless bare metal surfaces are indicated.

D. Nonmetallic Coatings: Plastic coating, jacket, or liner.

2.03 FASTENER SYSTEMS

A. Powder-Actuated Fasteners: are prohibited except when executed in accordance with Division 01.

B. Mechanical-Expansion Anchors: Insert-wedge-type zinc-coated, except exterior or corrosive environments shall be stainless steel, for use in hardened Portland cement concrete with pull-out, tension, and shear capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used.

1. Manufacturers:

   b. Hilti, Inc.
   c. ITW Ramset/Red Head.
   d. Simpson Strong-Tie Company.
   e. Or equal.

2.04 PIPE STAND FABRICATION

A. Pipe Stands, General: Shop or field-fabricated assemblies made of manufactured corrosion-resistant components to support roof-mounted piping.

1. Manufactured option: B-Line Dura-Blok DB series or equal.

B. Compact Pipe Stand: One-piece plastic unit with integral-rod-roller, pipe clamps, or V-shaped cradle to support pipe, for roof installation without membrane penetration.

1. Manufacturers:

   a. ERICO/Michigan Hanger Co.
   b. MIRO Industries.
   c. Or equal.
C. Low-Type, Single-Pipe Stand: One-piece stainless-steel base unit with plastic roller, for roof installation without membrane penetration.

1. Manufacturers:
   a. MIRO Industries.
   b. Or equal.

D. High-Type, Single-Pipe Stand: Assembly of base, vertical and horizontal members, and pipe support, for roof installation without membrane penetration.

1. Manufacturers:
   a. ERICO/Michigan Hanger Co.
   b. MIRO Industries.
   c. Portable Pipe Hangers.
   d. Or equal.

3. Vertical Members: Two or more cadmium-plated-steel or stainless-steel, continuous-thread rods.
4. Horizontal Member: Cadmium-plated-steel or stainless-steel rod with plastic or stainless-steel, roller-type pipe support.

E. High-Type, Multiple-Pipe Stand: Assembly of bases, vertical and horizontal members, and pipe supports, for roof installation without membrane penetration.

1. Manufacturers:
   a. Portable Pipe Hangers.
   b. Or equal.

2. Bases: One or more plastic.
3. Vertical Members: Two or more protective-coated-steel channels.
4. Horizontal Member: Protective-coated-steel channel.
5. Pipe Supports: Galvanized-steel, clevis-type pipe hangers.

F. Curb-Mounting-Type Pipe Stands: Shop- or field-fabricated pipe support made from structural-steel shape, continuous-thread rods, and rollers for mounting on permanent stationary roof curb.

2.05 EQUIPMENT SUPPORTS

A. Description: Welded, shop- or field-fabricated equipment support made from structural-steel shapes.
2.06 ROOFTOP AND OUTDOOR APPLICATIONS

A. Outdoor assemblies shall be fully weather-proof design and installation. Mounting hardware such as bolts, nuts, washers, anchors straps, brackets, fastening hardware etc., shall be stainless steel.

2.07 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

A. Structural Steel: ASTM A 36/A 36M, steel plates, shapes, and bars; black and galvanized.

B. Grout: ASTM C 1107, factory-mixed and -packaged, dry, hydraulic-cement, nonshrink and nonmetallic grout; suitable for interior and exterior applications.

2. Design Mix: 5000-psi, 28-day compressive strength.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 HANGER AND SUPPORT APPLICATIONS

A. Specific hanger and support requirements are specified in Sections specifying piping systems and equipment.

B. Comply with MSS SP-69 for pipe hanger selections and applications that are not specified in piping system Sections.

C. Use hangers and supports with galvanized, metallic coatings for piping and equipment that will not have field-applied finish.

D. Use nonmetallic coatings on attachments for electrolytic protection where attachments are in direct contact with copper tubing.

E. Use padded hangers for piping that is subject to scratching.

F. Horizontal-Piping Hangers and Supports: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:

1. Adjustable, Steel Clevis Hangers (MSS Type 1): For suspension of noninsulated or insulated stationary pipes, NPS 1/2 to NPS 30.
2. Yoke-Type Pipe Clamps (MSS Type 2): For suspension of 120 to 450 deg F pipes, NPS 4 to NPS 16, requiring up to 4 inches of insulation.
3. Carbon- or Alloy-Steel, Double-Bolt Pipe Clamps (MSS Type 3): For suspension of pipes, NPS 3/4 to NPS 24, requiring clamp flexibility and up to 4 inches of insulation.
4. Steel Pipe Clamps (MSS Type 4): For suspension of cold and hot pipes, NPS 1/2 to NPS 24, if little or no insulation is required.
5. Pipe Hangers (MSS Type 5): For suspension of pipes, NPS 1/2 to NPS 4, to allow off-center closure for hanger installation before pipe erection.
6. Adjustable Swivel Split- or Solid-Ring Hangers (MSS Type 6): For suspension of noninsulated stationary pipes, NPS 3/4 to NPS 8.
7. Adjustable, Steel Band Hangers (MSS Type 7): For suspension of noninsulated stationary pipes, NPS 1/2 to NPS 8.
8. Adjustable Band Hangers (MSS Type 9): For suspension of noninsulated stationary pipes, NPS 1/2 to NPS 8.
9. Adjustable Swivel-Ring Band Hangers (MSS Type 10): For suspension of noninsulated stationary pipes, NPS 1/2 to NPS 2.
10. Split Pipe-Ring with or without Turnbuckle-Adjustment Hangers (MSS Type 11): For suspension of noninsulated stationary pipes, NPS 3/8 to NPS 8.
11. Extension Hinged or 2-Bolt Split Pipe Clamps (MSS Type 12): For suspension of noninsulated stationary pipes, NPS 3/8 to NPS 3.
12. U-Bolts (MSS Type 24): For support of heavy pipes, NPS 1/2 to NPS 30.
13. Clips (MSS Type 26): For support of insulated pipes not subject to expansion or contraction.
14. Pipe Saddle Supports (MSS Type 36): For support of pipes, NPS 4 to NPS 36, with steel pipe base stanchion support and cast-iron floor flange.
15. Pipe Stanchion Saddles (MSS Type 37): For support of pipes, NPS 4 to NPS 36, with steel pipe base stanchion support and cast-iron floor flange and with U-bolt to retain pipe.
16. Adjustable Pipe Saddle Supports (MSS Type 38): For stanchion-type support for pipes, NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 36, if vertical adjustment is required, with steel pipe base stanchion support and cast-iron floor flange.
17. Single Pipe Rolls (MSS Type 41): For suspension of pipes, NPS 1 to NPS 30, from 2 rods if longitudinal movement caused by expansion and contraction might occur.
18. Adjustable Roller Hangers (MSS Type 43): For suspension of pipes, NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 20, from single rod if horizontal movement caused by expansion and contraction might occur.
19. Complete Pipe Rolls (MSS Type 44): For support of pipes, NPS 2 to NPS 42, if longitudinal movement caused by expansion and contraction might occur but vertical adjustment is not necessary.
20. Pipe Roll and Plate Units (MSS Type 45): For support of pipes, NPS 2 to NPS 24, if small horizontal movement caused by expansion and contraction might occur and vertical adjustment is not necessary.
21. Adjustable Pipe Roll and Base Units (MSS Type 46): For support of pipes, NPS 2 to NPS 30, if vertical and lateral adjustment during installation might be required in addition to expansion and contraction.

G. Vertical-Piping Clamps: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:

1. Extension Pipe or Riser Clamps (MSS Type 8): For support of pipe risers, NPS 3/4 to NPS 20.
2. Carbon- or Alloy-Steel Riser Clamps (MSS Type 42): For support of pipe risers, NPS 3/4 to NPS 20, if longer ends are required for riser clamps.
H. Hanger-Rod Attachments: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:

1. Steel Turnbuckles (MSS Type 13): For adjustment up to 6 inches for heavy loads.
2. Steel Clevises (MSS Type 14): For 120 to 450 deg F piping installations.
3. Swivel Turnbuckles (MSS Type 15): For use with MSS Type 11, split pipe rings.
4. Malleable-Iron Sockets (MSS Type 16): For attaching hanger rods to various types of building attachments.
5. Steel Weldless Eye Nuts (MSS Type 17): For 120 to 450 deg F piping installations.

I. Building Attachments: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:

1. Steel or Malleable Concrete Inserts (MSS Type 18): For upper attachment to suspend pipe hangers from concrete ceiling.
2. Top-Beam C-Clamps (MSS Type 19): For use under roof installations with bar-joist construction to attach to top flange of structural shape. Provide with retaining bracket.
3. Side-Beam or Channel Clamps (MSS Type 20): For attaching to bottom flange of beams, channels, or angles.
4. Center-Beam Clamps (MSS Type 21): For attaching to center of bottom flange of beams.
5. Welded Beam Attachments (MSS Type 22): For attaching to bottom of beams if loads are considerable and rod sizes are large.
6. C-Clamps (MSS Type 23): For structural shapes.
7. Top-Beam Clamps (MSS Type 25): For top of beams if hanger rod is required tangent to flange edge.
8. Side-Beam Clamps (MSS Type 27): For bottom of steel I-beams.
9. Steel-Beam Clamps with Eye Nuts (MSS Type 28): For attaching to bottom of steel I-beams for heavy loads.
10. Linked-Steel Clamps with Eye Nuts (MSS Type 29): For attaching to bottom of steel I-beams for heavy loads, with link extensions.
11. Malleable Beam Clamps with Extension Pieces (MSS Type 30): For attaching to structural steel.
12. Welded-Steel Brackets: For support of pipes from below, or for suspending from above by using clip and rod. Use one of the following for indicated loads:
   a. Light (MSS Type 31): 750 lb.
   b. Medium (MSS Type 32): 1500 lb.
   c. Heavy (MSS Type 33): 3000 lb.
13. Side-Beam Brackets (MSS Type 34): For sides of wooden beams only.
14. Plate Lugs (MSS Type 57): For attaching to steel beams if flexibility at beam is required.
15. Horizontal Travelers (MSS Type 58): For supporting piping systems subject to linear horizontal movement where headroom is limited.
J. Saddles and Shields: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:

1. Steel Pipe-Covering Protection Saddles (MSS Type 39): To fill interior voids with insulation that matches adjoining insulation.
2. Protection Shields (MSS Type 40): Of length recommended in writing by manufacturer to prevent crushing insulation.
3. Thermal-Hanger Shield Inserts: For supporting insulated pipe.

K. Spring Hangers and Supports: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:

1. Restraint-Control Devices (MSS Type 47): Where indicated to control piping movement.
2. Spring Cushions (MSS Type 48): For light loads if vertical movement does not exceed 1-1/4 inches.
3. Spring-Cushion Roll Hangers (MSS Type 49): For equipping Type 41 roll hanger with springs.
4. Spring Sway Braces (MSS Type 50): To retard sway, shock, vibration, or thermal expansion in piping systems.
5. Variable-Spring Hangers (MSS Type 51): Preset to indicated load and limit variability factor to 25 percent to absorb expansion and contraction of piping system from hanger.
6. Variable-Spring Base Supports (MSS Type 52): Preset to indicated load and limit variability factor to 25 percent to absorb expansion and contraction of piping system from base support.
7. Variable-Spring Trapeze Hangers (MSS Type 53): Preset to indicated load and limit variability factor to 25 percent to absorb expansion and contraction of piping system from trapeze support.
8. Constant Supports: For critical piping stress and if necessary to avoid transfer of stress from one support to another support, critical terminal, or connected equipment. Include auxiliary stops for erection, hydrostatic test, and load-adjustment capability. These supports include the following types:
   a. Horizontal (MSS Type 54): Mounted horizontally.
   b. Vertical (MSS Type 55): Mounted vertically.
   c. Trapeze (MSS Type 56): Two vertical-type supports and one trapeze member.

L. Comply with MSS SP-69 for trapeze pipe hanger selections and applications that are not specified in piping system Sections.

M. Comply with MFMA-102 for metal framing system selections and applications that are not specified in piping system Sections.

N. Use mechanical-expansion anchor attachments if concrete insert is not available in concrete construction.
3.02 HANGER AND SUPPORT INSTALLATION

A. Steel Pipe Hanger Installation: Comply with MSS SP-69 and MSS SP-89. Install hangers, supports, clamps, and attachments as required to properly support piping from building structure.

B. Flexible connection located in horizontal piping shall be supported within 2 feet of each connector.

C. Trapeze Pipe Hanger Installation: Comply with MSS SP-69 and MSS SP-89. Arrange for grouping of parallel runs of horizontal piping and support together on field-fabricated trapeze pipe hangers.
   1. Pipes of Various Sizes: Support together and space trapezes for smallest pipe size or install intermediate supports for smaller diameter pipes as specified above for individual pipe hangers.
   2. Field fabricate from ASTM A36/A36M, steel shapes selected for loads being supported. Weld steel according to AWS D1.1.

D. Metal Framing System Installation: Arrange for grouping of parallel runs of piping and support together on field-assembled metal framing systems.

E. Thermal-Hanger Shield Installation: Install in pipe hanger or shield for insulated piping.

F. Fastener System Installation:
   1. Install mechanical-expansion anchors in concrete after concrete is placed and completely cured. Install fasteners according to manufacturer’s written instructions.

G. Pipe Stand Installation:
   1. Pipe Stand Types except Curb-Mounting Type: Assemble components and mount on smooth roof surface. Penetration of roof membrane is prohibited.
   2. Curb-Mounting-Type Pipe Stands: Assemble components or fabricate pipe stand and mount on permanent, stationary roof curb. Refer to Division 07 Section “Roof Accessories” for curbs.

H. Install hangers and supports complete with necessary inserts, bolts, rods, nuts, washers, and other accessories.


J. Install hangers and supports to allow controlled thermal and seismic movement of piping systems, to permit freedom of movement between pipe anchors, and to facilitate action of expansion joints, expansion loops, expansion bends, and similar units.

K. Install lateral bracing with pipe hangers and supports to prevent swaying.
L. Install building attachments within concrete slabs or attach to structural steel. Install additional attachments at concentrated loads, including valves, flanges, and strainers, NPS 2-1/2 and larger and at changes in direction of piping. Install concrete inserts before concrete is placed; fasten inserts to forms and install reinforcing bars through openings at top of inserts.

M. Load Distribution: Install hangers and supports so piping live and dead loads and stresses from movement will not be transmitted to connected equipment.

N. Pipe Slopes: Install hangers and supports to provide indicated pipe slopes and so maximum pipe deflections allowed by ASME B31.1 (for power piping) and ASME B31.9 (for building services piping) are not exceeded.

O. Insulated Piping: Comply with the following:
   1. Attach clamps and spacers to piping.
      a. Piping Operating above Ambient Air Temperature: Clamp may project through insulation.
      b. Piping Operating below Ambient Air Temperature: Use thermal-hanger shield insert with clamp sized to match OD of insert.
      c. Do not exceed pipe stress limits according to ASME B31.1 for power piping and ASME B31.9 for building services piping.
   2. Install MSS SP-58, Type 39, protection saddles if insulation without vapor barrier is indicated. Fill interior voids with insulation that matches adjoining insulation.
      a. Option: Thermal-hanger shield inserts may be used. Include steel weight-distribution plate for pipe NPS 4 and larger if pipe is installed on rollers.
   3. Install MSS SP-58, Type 40, protective shields on cold piping with vapor barrier. Shields shall span an arc of 180 degrees.
      a. Option: Thermal-hanger shield inserts may be used. Include steel weight-distribution plate for pipe NPS 4 and larger if pipe is installed on rollers.
   4. Shield Dimensions for Pipe: Not less than the following:
      a. NPS 1/4 to NPS 3-1/2: 12 inches long and 0.048 inch thick.
      b. NPS 4: 12 inches long and 0.06 inch thick.
      c. NPS 5 and NPS 6: 18 inches long and 0.06 inch thick.
      d. NPS 8 to NPS 14: 24 inches long and 0.075 inch thick.
   5. Pipes NPS 8 and Larger: Include wood inserts.
   6. Insert Material: Length at least as long as protective shield.
   7. Thermal-Hanger Shields: Install with insulation same thickness as piping insulation.

P. Hangers shall not be in direct contact with the pipe.
3.03 EQUIPMENT SUPPORTS

A. Fabricate structural-steel stands to suspend equipment from structure overhead or to support equipment above floor.

B. Grouting: Place grout under supports for equipment and make smooth bearing surface.

C. Provide lateral bracing, to prevent swaying, for equipment supports.

3.04 METAL FABRICATIONS

A. Cut, drill, and fit miscellaneous metal fabrications for trapeze pipe hangers and equipment supports.

B. Fit exposed connections together to form hairline joints. Field weld connections that cannot be shop welded because of shipping size limitations.

C. Field Welding: Comply with AWS D1.1 procedures for shielded metal arc welding, appearance and quality of welds, and methods used in correcting welding work, and with the following:

1. Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base metals.
2. Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.
3. Remove welding flux immediately.
4. Finish welds at exposed connections so no roughness shows after finishing and contours of welded surfaces match adjacent contours.

3.05 ADJUSTING

A. Hanger Adjustments: Adjust hangers to distribute loads equally on attachments and to achieve indicated slope of pipe.

B. Trim excess length of continuous-thread hanger and support rods to 1-1/2 inches.

3.06 PAINTING

A. Touch Up: Clean field welds and abraded areas of shop paint. Paint exposed areas immediately after erecting hangers and supports. Use same materials as used for shop painting. Comply with SSPC-PA 1 requirements for touching up field-painted surfaces.

1. Apply paint by brush or spray to provide minimum dry film thickness of 2.0 mils.

B. Touch Up: Cleaning and touchup painting of field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas of shop paint on miscellaneous metal are specified in Division 09 Section “Interior Painting.”
C. Galvanized Surfaces: Clean welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas and apply galvanizing-repair paint to comply with ASTM A 780.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 23 0548

VIBRATION AND SEISMIC CONTROLS FOR HVAC

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. Section includes the following:

1. Elastomeric isolation pads and mounts.
2. Restrained elastomeric isolation mounts.
3. Restrained spring isolators.
4. Housed spring mounts.
5. Thrust limits.
6. Pipe riser resilient supports.
7. Resilient pipe guides.
8. Restrained vibration isolation roof-curb rails.
10. Steel and inertia, vibration isolation equipment bases.

1.02 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Wind-Restraint Loading:

1. Basic Wind Speed: minimum 110 mph.
2. Building Classification Category: II.
3. Minimum 10 lb per sq. ft. multiplied by maximum area of HVAC component projected on vertical plane normal to wind direction, and 45 degrees either side of normal.

B. Seismic-Restraint Loading: (to be confirmed for each building)

1. Site Class as Defined in the CBC: D.
2. Assigned Seismic Use Group or Building Category as Defined in the CBC: II.
   
   a. Component Importance Factor: 1.0.
   b. Component Response Modification Factor: 2.5.
   c. Component Amplification Factor: 2.5.

3. Design Spectral Response Acceleration at Short Periods (0.2 Second): 1.057 g.
4. Design Spectral Response Acceleration at 1.0-Second Period: 0.579 g.

C. Sound and Vibration Performance: The Design-Build Team shall retain a licensed professional acoustical engineer for acoustic and vibration analysis and design. Systems shall be reviewed by the acoustical engineer for compliance with acoustics and vibration control contract document requirements. Provide acoustic and vibration design solutions, including system modifications, equipment modifications, additional sound treatment
D. Rotating and reciprocating equipment shall be statically and dynamically balanced to meet the following vibration limits under design operating conditions and under specified vibration isolation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Equipment Type</th>
<th>Vibration Limit (inches/sec, RMS)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cooling Towers</td>
<td>0.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. These vibration limits apply either on the bearings or the equipment support structure, whichever applicable.
2. The vibration limits shall include the effects of inertia mass or inertia bases, where applicable.
3. Equipment with variable frequency drives shall meet these limits throughout the entire frequency range that the equipment will operate.

1.03 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Include load deflection curves for each vibration isolation device.

1. Manufacturer’s model number for each vibration isolator, the equipment or ductwork or pipeline to which it is to be attached, and the number of isolators to be furnished for each installed system.
2. For steel spring mounts or hangers - free height, deflected height, solid height, isolator loading, and diameter of spring coil.
3. For neoprene isolators - free height, deflected height, and isolator loading.
4. An itemized list of isolated equipment with detailed schedules showing isolators proposed for each piece of equipment, referencing materials and drawings.

B. Shop Drawings: Signed and sealed by a qualified California registered professional engineer. Include the following:

1. Design Calculations: Calculate requirements for selecting vibration isolators and seismic restraints and for designing vibration isolation bases.
2. Riser Supports: Include riser diagrams and calculations showing anticipated expansion and contraction at each support point, initial and final loads on building structure, spring deflection changes, and seismic loads. Include certification that riser system has been examined for excessive stress and that none will exist.
3. Vibration Isolation Base Details: Detail fabrication, including anchorages and attachments to structure and to supported equipment. Include auxiliary motor slides and rails, base weights, equipment static loads, power transmission, component misalignment, and cantilever loads.
   a. Show base construction for equipment; include dimensions, structural member sizes and support point locations.
b. Dimensional and weight data for concrete inertia bases, steel and rail bases, and details of isolator attachment.

4. Seismic-Restraint Details: Detail fabrication and attachment of seismic restraints and snubbers. Show anchorage details and indicate quantity, diameter, and depth of penetration of anchors.

5. Submittals for Interlocking Snubbers: Include load deflection curves up to 1/2-inch deflection in x, y, and z planes.

6. Layout Drawings showing locations and sizes of braces for suspended piping and ductwork.

C. Manufacturer's Certification: Upon completion of installation, submit written certification from equipment manufacturer that vibration isolation and seismic control devices are installed correctly and properly adjusted.

1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Seismic-restraint devices shall have horizontal and vertical load testing and analysis performed according to CBC or shall bear anchorage preapproval "OPA" number, from OSHPD or another agency acceptable to University's Representative, showing maximum seismic-restraint ratings. Ratings based on independent testing are preferred to ratings based on calculations. If preapproved ratings are not available, submittals based on independent testing are preferred. Calculations (including combining shear and tensile loads) to support seismic-restraint designs must be signed and sealed by a qualified California registered professional engineer. Testing and calculations must include both shear and tensile loads and 1 test or analysis at 45 degrees to the weakest mode.

B. Seismic Engineering: Seismic bracing and support design, mounting hardware and equipment, support systems, restraint systems, anchorage systems, and installation shall conform to the CBC requirements. Submit calculations, plans, and documents stamped by a qualified California registered engineer.

C. Structural Review: Seismic engineering submittal documents, seismic loads, anchorage and support loads, and vertical loads applied to building structures and structural components shall be reviewed, analyzed, and approved by the project structural engineer of record.

1.05 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate size and location of concrete bases. Cast anchor-bolt inserts into base. Concrete, reinforcement, and formwork requirements are specified in Division 03 Section "Cast-in-Place Concrete."

B. Coordinate installation of roof curbs, equipment supports, and roof penetrations. These items are specified in Division 07 Section "Roof Accessories."
PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. MW Sausse & Co, Inc, Vibrex
2. California Dynamics Corp.
4. Mason Industries, Inc.
5. Or equal.

B. Or Equal: Where products are specified by manufacturers name and accompanied by the term “or equal”, comply with provisions in Division 01. Specific procedures must be followed before use of an unnamed product or manufacturer.

2.02 VIBRATION ISOLATORS

A. Manufacturers:

1. MW Sausse & Co, Inc, Vibrex
2. California Dynamics Corp.
4. Mason Industries, Inc.
5. Vibration Mountings & Controls/Korfund.
6. Or equal.

B. Spring Isolators: Freestanding, laterally stable, open-spring isolators.

1. Outside Spring Diameter: Not less than 80 percent of the compressed height of the spring at rated load.
2. Minimum Additional Travel: 50 percent of the required deflection at rated load.
3. Lateral Stiffness: More than 80 percent of the rated vertical stiffness.
4. Overload Capacity: Support 200 percent of rated load, fully compressed, without deformation or failure.
5. Baseplates: Factory drilled for bolting to structure and bonded to 1/4-inch- thick, rubber isolator pad attached to baseplate underside. Baseplates shall limit floor load to 100 psig.
6. Top Plate and Adjustment Bolt: Threaded top plate with adjustment bolt and cap screw to fasten and level equipment.
7. Based on Mason SLF or SLFH.

C. Restrained Spring Isolators: Freestanding, steel, open-spring isolators with seismic restraint.

1. Housing: Steel with resilient vertical-limit stops to prevent spring extension due to wind loads or if weight is removed; factory-drilled baseplate bonded to 1/4-inch-
thick, elastomeric isolator pad attached to baseplate underside; and adjustable equipment mounting and leveling bolt that acts as blocking during installation.

2. Outside Spring Diameter: Not less than 80 percent of the compressed height of the spring at rated load.

3. Minimum Additional Travel: 50 percent of the required deflection at rated load.

4. Lateral Stiffness: More than 80 percent of the rated vertical stiffness.

5. Overload Capacity: Support 200 percent of rated load, fully compressed, without deformation or failure.

6. Based on Mason SLR or SLRS.

D. Housed Spring Mounts: Housed spring isolator with integral seismic snubbers.

1. Housing: Ductile-iron or steel housing to provide all-directional seismic restraint.

2. Base: Factory drilled for bolting to structure.

3. Snubbers: Vertically adjustable to allow a maximum of 1/4-inch travel before contacting a resilient collar.

4. Based on Mason SSLFH.

E. Thrust Limits: Combination coil spring and elastomeric insert with spring and insert in compression and with a load stop. Include rod and angle-iron brackets for attaching to equipment.

1. Frame: Steel, fabricated for connection to threaded rods and to allow for a maximum of 30 degrees of angular rod misalignment without binding or reducing isolation efficiency.

2. Outside Spring Diameter: Not less than 80 percent of the compressed height of the spring at rated load.

3. Minimum Additional Travel: 50 percent of the required deflection at rated load.

4. Lateral Stiffness: More than 80 percent of the rated vertical stiffness.

5. Overload Capacity: Support 200 percent of rated load, fully compressed, without deformation or failure.

6. Elastomeric Element: Molded, oil-resistant rubber or neoprene.

7. Coil Spring: Factory set and field adjustable for a maximum of 1/4-inch movement at start and stop.

8. Based on Mason WBI or WBD.

F. Pipe Riser Resilient Support: All-directional, acoustical pipe anchor consisting of 2 steel tubes separated by a minimum of 1/2-inch- thick, 60-durometer neoprene. Include steel and neoprene vertical-limit stops arranged to prevent vertical travel in both directions. Design support for a maximum load on the isolation material of 500 psig and for equal resistance in every directions.

1. Based on Mason ADA or ADAH.

G. Resilient Pipe Guides: Telescopic arrangement of 2 steel tubes separated by a minimum of 1/2-inch- thick, 60-durometer neoprene. Factory set guide height with a shear pin to allow vertical motion due to pipe expansion and contraction. Shear pin shall be removable and
reinsertable to allow for selection of pipe movement. Guides shall be capable of motion to meet location requirements.

1. Based on Mason VSG or VSGH.

2.03 **RESTRAINED VIBRATION ISOLATION ROOF-CURB RAILS**

A. Roof-Curb Rails: Shall only be used with prior approval of University.

B. Description: Factory-assembled, fully enclosed, insulated, air- and watertight curb rail designed to resiliently support equipment and to withstand 125-mph wind impinging laterally against side of equipment.

C. Lower Support Assembly: Sheet-metal "Z" section containing adjustable and removable steel springs that support upper floating frame. Upper frame shall provide continuous support for equipment and shall be captive to resiliently resist wind and seismic forces. Lower support assembly shall have a means for attaching to building structure and a wood nailer for attaching roof materials, and shall be insulated with a minimum of 2 inches of rigid, glass-fiber insulation on inside of assembly.

D. Spring Isolators: Adjustable, restrained spring isolators shall be mounted on 1/4-inch-thick, elastomeric vibration isolation pads and shall have access ports, for level adjustment, with removable waterproof covers at isolator locations. Isolators shall be located so they are accessible for adjustment at any time during the life of the installation without interfering with the integrity of the roof. Isolator adjustment mechanism shall be a rigid lift platform to minimize side sway.

1. Restrained Spring Isolators: Freestanding, steel, open-spring isolators with seismic restraint.
   a. Housing: Steel with resilient vertical-limit stops and adjustable equipment mounting and leveling bolt.
   b. Outside Spring Diameter: Not less than 80 percent of the compressed height of the spring at rated load.
   c. Minimum Additional Travel: 50 percent of the required deflection at rated load.
   d. Lateral Stiffness: More than 80 percent of the rated vertical stiffness.
   e. Overload Capacity: Support 200 percent of rated load, fully compressed, without deformation or failure.

2. Elastomeric Isolator Pads: Oil- and water-resistant elastomer or natural rubber, arranged in single or multiple layers, molded with a nonslip pattern and galvanized steel baseplates of sufficient stiffness for uniform loading over pad area, and factory cut to sizes that match requirements of supported equipment.
   b. Durometer Rating: 50.
   c. Number of Layers: As required.
E. Snubber Bushings: All-directional, elastomeric snubber bushings at least 1/4 inch thick.

F. Water Seal: Galvanized sheet metal with EPDM seals at corners, attached to upper support frame, extending down past wood nailer of lower support assembly, and counter-flashed over roof materials.

G. Based on Mason RSC.

2.04 SEISMIC-RESTRAINT DEVICES

A. Resilient Isolation Washers and Bushings: 1-piece, molded, bridge-bearing neoprene complying with AASHTO M 251 and having a durometer of 60, plus or minus 5, with a flat washer face.

1. Based on Mason HG.

B. Seismic Snubbers: All-directional and factory fabricated using welded structural-steel shapes and plates, anchor bolts, and replaceable resilient isolation washers and bushings.

1. Anchor bolts for attaching to concrete shall be seismic-rated, drill-in, and stud-wedge or female-wedge type.
2. Resilient Isolation Washers and Bushings: 1-piece, molded, bridge-bearing neoprene complying with AASHTO M 251 and having a durometer of 60, plus or minus 5.
3. Snubbers, and snubber quantities, shall be selected based upon calculation of forces/loads.
4. Based on Mason Z-1225, or Z-1011.

C. Anchor Bolts: Seismic-rated, drill-in, and stud-wedge or female-wedge type. Select anchor bolts with strength required for anchor and as tested according to ASTM E 488/E 488M.

2.05 VIBRATION ISOLATION EQUIPMENT BASES.

A. Steel Base: Factory-fabricated, welded, structural-steel bases and rails.

1. Design Requirements: Lowest possible mounting height with not less than 1-inch clearance above the floor. Include equipment anchor bolts and auxiliary motor slide bases or rails. Include supports for suction and discharge elbows for pumps.
2. Structural Steel: Steel shapes, plates, and bars complying with ASTM A 36/A 36M. Bases shall have shape to accommodate supported equipment. Beam deflection shall not exceed 0.10 inches over entire length.
3. Support Brackets: Factory-welded steel angles on frame for outrigger isolation mountings and to provide for anchor bolts and equipment support.
5. Based on Mason M, or WF.

1. **Design Requirements:** Lowest possible mounting height with not less than 1-inch clearance above the floor. Include equipment anchor bolts and auxiliary motor slide bases or rails. Include supports for suction and discharge elbows for pumps.

2. **Structural Steel:** Steel shapes, plates, and bars complying with ASTM A 36/A 36M. Bases shall have shape to accommodate supported equipment.

3. **Support Brackets:** Factory-welded steel angles on frame for outrigger isolation mountings and to provide for anchor bolts and equipment support.

4. **Fabrication:** Fabricate steel templates to hold equipment anchor-bolt sleeves and anchors in place during placement of concrete. Obtain anchor-bolt templates from supported equipment manufacturer.

5. **Motor Mounts:** Slide rails.

6. **Based on Mason BMK, or KSL.**

### 2.06 FACTORY FINISHES

A. Manufacturer's standard prime-coat finish ready for field painting.

B. **Finish:** Manufacturer’s standard paint applied to factory-assembled and -tested equipment before shipping.

1. **Powder coating on springs and housings.**
2. **Hardware shall be hot-dip galvanized.**
3. **Nuts, bolts, and washers for outdoor use or wet applications shall be stainless steel.**
4. **Baked enamel for metal components on isolators for interior use.**
5. **Color-code or otherwise mark vibration isolation and seismic-control devices to indicate capacity range.**

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.01 EXAMINATION

A. Examine areas and equipment to receive vibration isolation and seismic-control devices for compliance with requirements, installation tolerances, and other conditions affecting performance.

B. Examine roughing-in of reinforcement and cast-in-place anchors to verify actual locations before installation.

C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.02 INSTALLATION

A. Installation of vibration isolators must not cause any change of position of equipment, piping, or ductwork resulting in stresses or misalignment.

B. Install roof curbs, equipment supports, and roof penetrations as specified in Division 07 Section "Roof Accessories."

C. Install thrust limits at centerline of thrust, symmetrical on either side of equipment.
D. Install seismic snubbers on isolated equipment. Locate snubbers as close as possible to vibration isolators and bolt to equipment base and supporting structure. Seismic snubbers shall be as follows:

1. Equipment weighing less than 2,400 pounds – Snubber shall be based on Mason Z-1225.
2. Equipment weighing greater than 2,400 pounds – Snubber shall be based on Mason Z-1011.
3. Snubbers, and snubber quantities, shall be selected based upon calculation of forces/loads.

E. Install steel angles or channel, sized to prevent buckling, clamped with ductile-iron clamps to hanger rods for trapeze and individual pipe hangers. At trapeze anchor locations, shackle piping to trapeze. Requirements apply equally to hanging equipment. Do not weld angles to rods.

F. Install resilient bolt isolation washers on equipment anchor bolts.

G. Seismic restraint systems shall be installed in strict accordance with the manufacturer’s seismic restraint guidelines manual and certified submittal data.

H. Branch lines may not be used to restrain main lines.

I. Piping crossing building seismic or expansion joints, passing from building to building, or supported from different portions of the building shall be installed to allow differential support displacements without damaging the pipe, equipment connections, or support connections. Pipe offsets, loops, anchors, and guides shall be installed as required to provide specified motion capability and limit motion of adjacent piping.

J. Do not brace a system to two independent structures such as ceiling and wall.

K. Provide appropriately sized openings in walls, floors, and ceilings for anticipated seismic movement. Provide fire seal systems in fire-rated walls.

L. Installation of seismic restraints shall not cause any change in position of equipment or piping, resulting in stresses or misalignment.

M. No rigid connections between equipment and the building structure shall be made that degrade the noise and vibration-isolation system specified.

N. Additional Seismic devices, mounts, and equipment bases shall be installed, type of device shall be selected by licensed structural engineer, or licensed acoustical engineer as required to meet project requirements.

O. Ductwork shall be installed with vibration isolation devices required to meet sound criteria.

P. Provide seismic joints in piping and ductwork crossing building seismic joints.
3.03 EQUIPMENT ISOLATION

A. Install duct, piping and electrical flexible connections to externally vibration-isolated equipment.

B. Flexible connectors shall be used to connect piping to isolated equipment, except equipment for which flexible connectors are not permitted by code.

C. Flexible pipe equipment connectors for externally isolated equipment shall be as follows:
   1. Spherical rubber expansion joints.
   2. Flexible hose joints.
   3. Locate isolation device downstream of shut-off valves.

D. Equipment Isolators: For equipment larger than 0.5 horsepower, use spring isolation device.

E. Install flex connections in parallel with motor shaft.

3.04 EQUIPMENT BASES

A. Fill concrete inertia bases, after installing base frame, with 3000-psiconcrete; trowel to a smooth finish.

B. Concrete Bases: Anchor equipment to concrete base according to supported equipment manufacturer's written instructions for seismic codes at Project site.
   1. Install dowel rods to connect concrete base to concrete floor.
   2. Install with chamfered vertical corners and rounded over horizontal corners. Do not leave any sharp corners.
   3. Install epoxy-coated anchor bolts for supported equipment that extend through concrete base and anchor into structural concrete floor.
   4. Place and secure anchorage devices. Use Setting Drawings, templates, diagrams, instructions, and directions furnished with items to be embedded.
   5. Install anchor bolts to elevations required for proper attachment to supported equipment.
   6. Install anchor bolts according to anchor-bolt manufacturer's written instructions.
   7. Materials and placement requirements are specified in Division 03 Section “Cast-in-Place Concrete.”

3.05 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Testing: Perform the following field quality-control testing:
   1. Isolator seismic-restraint clearance.
   2. Isolator deflection.
   3. Snubber minimum clearances.
3.06 ADJUSTING

A. Adjust isolators after piping systems have been filled and equipment is at operating weight.

B. Adjust limit stops on restrained spring isolators to mount equipment at normal operating height. After equipment installation is complete, adjust limit stops so they are out of contact during normal operation.

C. Attach thrust limits at centerline of thrust and adjust to a maximum of 1/4-inch movement during start and stop.

D. Adjust active height of spring isolators.

E. Adjust snubbers according to manufacturer's written recommendations.

F. Adjust seismic restraints to permit free movement of equipment within normal mode of operation.

G. Torque anchor bolts according to equipment manufacturer's written recommendations to resist seismic forces.

3.07 CLEANING

A. After completing equipment installation, inspect vibration isolation and seismic-control devices. Remove paint splatters and other spots, dirt, and debris.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 23 0553
IDENTIFICATION FOR HVAC

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY
A. Section includes the following mechanical identification materials and their installation:
   1. Equipment nameplates.
   2. Equipment markers.
   3. Equipment signs.
   4. Pipe markers.
   5. Warning tags.
   6. Control devices and instruments

1.02 SUBMITTALS
A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
B. Samples: For color, letter style, and graphic representation required for each identification material and device.
C. System Drawings: For each piping system for each air system (exhaust included). Furnish system one-line plan drawings indicating valves, dampers, instruments, control devices, smoke detectors, and equipment addressed in this section. Furnish electronic spread sheet for each system. Coordinate numbering scheme prior to submittal.
D. Equipment Location Plans: For each system. Furnish plans showing equipment, equipment identification numbers/tags, and description.

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE
B. NFPA Compliance: Comply with requirements of NFPA-99 for piping and equipment labeling and identification.

1.04 COORDINATION
A. Coordinate installation of identifying devices with completion of covering and painting of surfaces where devices are to be applied.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS
2.01 MATERIALS

A. For fixture descriptions in other Part 2 articles where the subparagraph titles "Products," and "Manufacturers" introduce a list of manufacturers and their products or manufacturers only, the following requirements apply for product selection:

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified in other Part 2 articles.
2. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the manufacturers specified in other Part 2 articles.
3. Or Equal: Where products are specified by manufacturers name and accompanied by the term "or equal", comply with provisions in Division 01. Specific procedures must be followed before use of an unnamed product or manufacturer.

2.02 EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION DEVICES

A. Equipment Nameplates: Metal, with data engraved or stamped, for permanent attachment on equipment.

1. Data:
   a. Manufacturer, product name, model number, and serial number.
   b. Capacity, operating and power characteristics, and essential data.
   c. Labels of tested compliances.
2. Location: Accessible and visible.
3. Fasteners: As required to mount on equipment.

B. Equipment Markers: Engraved, color-coded laminated plastic. Include contact-type, permanent epoxy adhesive or rivets.

1. Terminology: Match schedules as closely as possible.
2. Data:
   a. Name and plan number.
   b. Equipment service.
   c. Design capacity.
   d. Other design parameters such as pressure drop, entering and leaving conditions, and speed.
3. Size: 2-1/2 by 4 inches for control devices, dampers, and valves; 4-1/2 by 6 inches for equipment.

C. Equipment Signs: ASTM D 709, Type I, cellulose, paper-base, phenolic-resin-laminate engraving stock; Grade ES-2, white surface, black phenolic core, with black melamine subcore. Fabricate in sizes required for message. Provide holes for mechanical fastening.

1. Data: Instructions for operation of equipment and for safety procedures.
2. Engraving: Manufacturer's standard letter style, of sizes and with terms to match equipment identification.
3. Thickness: 1/8 inch.
4. Provide signs on equipment that is automatically started to comply with CAL-OSHA requirements.
5. Fasteners: Self-tapping, stainless-steel screws or contact-type, permanent adhesive.

### 2.03 PIPING IDENTIFICATION DEVICES

A. Manufactured Pipe Markers, General: Preprinted, color-coded, with lettering indicating service, and showing direction of flow.

1. Colors: Comply with ASME A13.1, unless otherwise approved.
2. Lettering: Use piping system terms and abbreviations as approved by the University's Representative.
3. Pipes with OD, Including Insulation, Less Than 6 Inches: Full-band pipe markers extending 360 degrees around pipe at each location.
4. Pipes with OD, Including Insulation, 6 Inches and Larger: Either full-band or strip-type pipe markers at least three times letter height and of length required for label.
5. Arrows: Integral with piping system service lettering to accommodate both directions; or as separate unit on each pipe marker to indicate direction of flow.

B. Pretensioned Pipe Markers: Precoiled semirigid plastic formed to cover full circumference of pipe and to attach to pipe without adhesive.

C. Shaped Pipe Markers: Preformed semirigid plastic formed to partially cover circumference of pipe and to attach to pipe with mechanical fasteners that do not penetrate insulation vapor barrier.


E. Plastic Tape: Continuously printed, vinyl tape at least 3 mils thick with pressure-sensitive, permanent-type, self-adhesive back.

2. Width for Markers on Pipes with OD, Including Insulation, 6 Inches or Larger: 1-1/2 inches minimum.

### 2.04 WARNING TAGS

A. Warning Tags: Preprinted or partially preprinted, accident-prevention tags; of plasticized card stock with matte finish suitable for writing.

1. Size: 3 by 5-1/4 inches minimum.
2. Fasteners: Brass grommet and wire.
3. Nomenclature: Large-size primary caption such as DANGER, CAUTION, or DO NOT OPERATE.

2.05 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
   1. Brady Corporation.
   2. Seton Identification Products.
   4. Or equal.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 APPLICATIONS, GENERAL

A. Products specified are for applications referenced in other Division 23 Sections. If more than single-type material, device, or label is specified for listed applications, selection is Installer's option.

3.02 EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION

A. Install and permanently fasten equipment nameplates on each major item of mechanical equipment that does not have nameplate or has nameplate that is damaged or located where not easily visible. Locate nameplates where accessible and visible.

B. Install equipment markers with permanent adhesive on or near each major item of mechanical equipment. Data required for markers may be included on signs, and markers may be omitted if both are indicated.

1. Letter Size: Minimum 1/4 inch for name of units if viewing distance is less than 24 inches, 1/2 inch for viewing distances up to 72 inches, and proportionately larger lettering for greater viewing distances. Include secondary lettering two-thirds to three-fourths the size of principal lettering.

2. Data: Distinguish among multiple units, indicate operational requirements, indicate safety and emergency precautions, warn of hazards and improper operations, and identify units.

3. Locate markers where accessible and visible. Include markers for the following general categories of equipment:
   a. Main control and operating valves, including safety devices and hazardous units such as gas outlets.
   b. Heat exchangers, coils, evaporators, cooling towers, heat recovery units, and similar equipment.
   c. Strainers, filters, humidifiers, water-treatment systems, and similar equipment.
C. Install equipment signs with screws or permanent adhesive on or near each major item of mechanical equipment. Locate signs where accessible and visible.

1. Identify mechanical equipment with equipment markers in the following color codes:
   a. Green: For cooling equipment and components.

2. Letter Size: Minimum 1/4 inch for name of units if viewing distance is less than 24 inches, 1/2 inch for viewing distances up to 72 inches, and proportionately larger lettering for greater viewing distances. Include secondary lettering two-thirds to three-fourths the size of principal lettering.

3. Data: Distinguish among multiple units, indicate operational requirements, indicate safety and emergency precautions, warn of hazards and improper operations, and identify units.

4. Include signs for the following general categories of equipment:
   a. Main control and operating valves, including safety devices and hazardous units such as gas outlets.
   b. Heat exchangers, coils, evaporators, cooling towers, heat recovery units, and similar equipment.
   c. Strainers, filters, humidifiers, water-treatment systems, and similar equipment.

3.03 PIPING IDENTIFICATION

A. Install manufactured pipe markers indicating service on each piping system. Install with flow indication arrows showing direction of flow.

1. Pipes with OD, Including Insulation, Less Than 6 Inches: Self-adhesive pipe markers. Use color-coded, self-adhesive plastic tape, 1-1/2 inches wide, lapped at least 1-1/2 inches at both ends of pipe marker, and covering full circumference of pipe.

2. Pipes with OD, Including Insulation, 6 Inches and Larger: Self-adhesive pipe markers. Use color-coded, self-adhesive plastic tape, at least 1-1/2 inches wide, lapped at least 3 inches at both ends of pipe marker, and covering full circumference of pipe.

3. Do not use pipe markers and tapes for bare pipes conveying fluids at temperatures of 125 deg F or higher.

B. Locate pipe markers and color bands where piping is exposed in finished spaces; machine rooms; accessible maintenance spaces such as shafts, tunnels, and plenums; and exterior nonconcealed locations as follows:

1. Near each valve and control device.
2. At each branch of a tee.
3. Near each branch connection, excluding short takeoffs for fixtures and terminal units. Where flow pattern is not obvious, mark each pipe at branch.
4. Near major equipment items and other points of origination and termination.
5. Spaced at maximum intervals of 25 feet along each run. Located on each side of wall penetrations.
C. **Stenciled Pipe Label Option:** Stenciled labels may be provided instead of manufactured pipe labels, at Installer's option. Install stenciled pipe labels, complying with ASME A13.1, on each piping system.

1. **Identification Paint:** Use for contrasting background.
2. **Stencil Paint:** Use for pipe marking.

### 3.04 WARNING-TAG INSTALLATION

A. Write required message on, and attach warning tags to, equipment and other items where required.

### 3.05 ADJUSTING

A. Relocate mechanical identification materials and devices that have become visually blocked by other work.

### 3.06 CLEANING

A. Clean faces of mechanical identification devices and glass frames of valve schedules.

**END OF SECTION**
SECTION 23 0593
TESTING, ADJUSTING, AND BALANCING FOR HVAC

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. Section includes TAB to produce design objectives for the following new and existing systems affected by the Work of this project:
   1. Balancing Hydronic piping systems
   2. Vibration tests
   3. Verifying that automatic control devices are functioning properly.
   4. Reporting results of activities and procedures specified in this Section.

1.02 DEFINITIONS

A. Balance: To proportion flows within the distribution system, including submains, branches, and terminals, in accordance with the indicated minimum quantities.

B. Barrier or Boundary: Construction, either vertical or horizontal, such as walls, floors, and ceilings that are designed and constructed to restrict the movement of airflow, smoke, odors, and other pollutants.

C. Draft: A current of air, when referring to localized effect caused by one or more factors of high air velocity, low ambient temperature, or direction of airflow, whereby more heat is withdrawn from a person's skin than is normally dissipated.

D. NC: Noise criteria

E. Procedure: An approach to and execution of a sequence of work operations to yield repeatable results.

F. RC: Room criteria

G. Report Forms: Test data sheets for recording test data in logical order

H. System Effect: A phenomenon that can create undesired or unpredicted conditions that cause reduced capacities in all or part of a system.

I. TAB: Testing, adjusting, and balancing.

J. Terminal: A point where the controlled medium, such as fluid or energy, enters or leaves the distribution system.

K. Test: A procedure to determine quantitative performance of systems or equipment
L. Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing (TAB) Firm: The entity responsible for performing and reporting TAB procedures

1.03 SUBMITTALS

A. Qualification Data: Within 20 days of Contractor's Notice to Proceed, submit documentation that the TAB specialist and this Project’s TAB team members meet the qualifications specified in "Quality Assurance" Article.

B. Contract Documents Examination Report: Within 30 days of Contractor's Notice to Proceed or as directed by University's Representative, submit the Contract Documents review report as specified in Part 3.


D. System Readiness Checklists: Within 30 days of Contractor’s Notice to Proceed, submit system readiness checklists as specified in "Preparation" Article.

E. Examination Report: Submit a summary report of the examination review required in "Examination" Article.

F. Certified TAB reports

G. Within 30 days of Contractor's Notice to Proceed, submit instrument calibration reports for instruments proposed to be used which shall include the following:
   1. Instrument type and make
   2. Serial number
   3. Application
   4. Dates of calibration

1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. TAB Firm Qualifications: Engage a TAB firm certified by either AABC or NEBB. Submit proof of a minimum of five years of experience in work similar to that required by the Project.

B. TAB Conference: Meet with University’s Representative on approval of TAB strategies and procedures plan to develop a mutual understanding of the details. Ensure the participation of TAB team members, equipment manufacturers’ authorized service representatives, HVAC controls installers, and other support personnel. Provide seven days' advance notice of scheduled meeting time and location.

1. Agenda Items: Include at least the following:
   a. Submittal distribution requirements
   b. The Construction Documents examination report.
   c. TAB plan
   d. Work schedule and Project-site access requirements
e. Coordination and cooperation of trades and subcontractors
f. Coordination of documentation and communication flow

C. Certification of TAB Reports: Certify TAB field data reports. This certification includes the following:
   1. Review field data reports to validate accuracy of data and to prepare certified TAB reports.
   2. Certify that TAB team complied with approved TAB plan and the procedures specified and referenced in this Specification.

D. TAB Report Forms: Use standard forms from AABC's "National Standards for Testing and Balancing Heating, Ventilating, and Air Conditioning Systems." or NEBB's "Procedural Standards for Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing of Environmental Systems." If data required by the specification is not on standard forms, modify those forms or use a non-standard form or provide supplement form to provide the specified items.

E. Instrumentation Type, Quantity, and Accuracy: As described in AABC's "National Standards for Testing and Balancing Heating, Ventilating, and Air Conditioning Systems" and NEBB's "Procedural Standards for Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing of Environmental Systems," Section II, "Required Instrumentation for NEBB Certification."

F. Instrumentation Calibration: Calibrate instruments at least every six months or more frequently if required by instrument manufacturer. Keep an updated record of instrument calibration that indicates date of calibration and the name of party performing instrument calibration.

1.05 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Full University Occupancy: University will occupy the site and existing building during entire TAB period. Cooperate with University during TAB operations to minimize conflicts with University's operations.

1.06 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate the efforts of factory-authorized service representatives for systems and equipment, HVAC controls installers, and other mechanics to operate HVAC systems and equipment to support and assist TAB activities.

B. Notice: Provide seven days' advance notice for each test. Include scheduled test dates and times.

C. Perform TAB after leakage and pressure tests on air and water distribution systems have been satisfactorily completed.

1.07 WARRANTY

A. National Project Performance Guarantee: Provide a guarantee on AABC's "National Standards for Testing and Balancing Heating, Ventilating, and Air Conditioning Systems"
forms stating that AABC will assist in completing requirements of the Contract Documents if TAB firm fails to comply with the Contract Documents. Guarantee includes the following provisions:

1. The certified TAB firm has tested and balanced systems in accordance with the Contract Documents.
2. Systems are balanced to optimum performance capabilities within design and installation limits.

B. Special Guarantee: Provide a guarantee on NEBB forms stating that NEBB will assist in completing requirements of the Contract Documents if TAB firm fails to comply with the Contract Documents. Guarantee shall include the following provisions:

1. The certified TAB firm has tested and balanced systems in accordance with the Contract Documents.
2. Systems are balanced to optimum performance capabilities within design and installation limits.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

A. Examine the Construction Documents to become familiar with Project requirements and to discover conditions in systems’ designs that may preclude proper TAB of systems and equipment.

1. Construction Documents are defined in the General and Supplementary Conditions of Contract.
2. Verify provision of balancing devices, such as test ports, gage cocks, thermometer wells, flow-control devices, balancing valves and fittings, and manual volume dampers. Verify that quantities and locations of these balancing devices are accessible and appropriate for effective balancing and for efficient system and equipment operation.

B. Examine approved submittal data of HVAC systems and equipment.

C. Examine design data, including HVAC system descriptions, statements of design assumptions for environmental conditions and systems' output, and statements of philosophies and assumptions about HVAC system and equipment controls.

D. Examine system and equipment installations verifying they are complete and that testing, cleaning, adjusting, and commissioning specified in individual Sections have been performed.

E. Examine system and equipment test reports.
F. Examine HVAC system and equipment installations to verify that indicated balancing devices, such as test ports, gage cocks, thermometer wells, flow-control devices, balancing valves and fittings, and manual volume dampers, are properly installed, and that their locations are accessible and appropriate for effective balancing and for efficient system and equipment operation.

G. Examine systems for functional deficiencies that cannot be corrected by adjusting and balancing.

H. Examine HVAC equipment to ensure that clean filters have been installed, bearings are greased, belts are aligned and tight, and equipment with functioning controls is ready for operation.

I. Examine strainers. Verify that startup screens have been replaced by permanent screens with indicated perforations.

J. Examine existing strainers for clean screens and proper perforations.

K. Examine control valves for proper installation for their intended function of throttling, diverting or mixing fluid flows.

L. Examine existing or new system pumps to ensure absence of entrained air in the suction piping.

M. Examine equipment for installation and for properly operating safety interlocks and controls.

N. Examine automatic temperature system components to verify the following:
   1. Dampers, valves, and other controlled devices are operated by the intended controller.
   2. Dampers and valves are in the position indicated by the controller.
   3. Automatic modulating and shutoff valves, including two-way valves and three-way mixing and diverting valves, are properly connected.
   4. Sensors are located to sense only the intended conditions.
   5. Sequence of operation for control modes.
   6. Controller set points are set at indicated values.
   7. Interlocked systems are operating.
   8. Changeover from heating to cooling mode occurs in accordance with indicated values.

O. Report deficiencies discovered before and during performance of TAB procedures. Observe and record system reactions to changes in conditions. Record default set points if different from indicated values.

3.02 PREPARATION

A. Prepare a TAB plan that includes strategies and step-by-step procedures. Include list of requirements required by this specification section that would not be found on standard worksheets and include the results determined during TAB proceeding.
B. Ensure that gauges and test equipment are recently calibrated. Use pressure gauges accurate to ±0.1% of full scale. Where measuring differential pressures, a direct-reading differential gauge may be used.

C. Complete system readiness checks and prepare system readiness reports. Verify the following:

1. Permanent electrical power wiring is complete
2. Hydronic systems are filled, clean, and free of air
3. Automatic temperature-control systems are operational
4. Equipment access doors are securely closed
5. Isolating and balancing valves are open and control valves are operational

3.03 GENERAL PROCEDURES FOR HYDRONIC SYSTEMS

A. Prepare test reports with pertinent design data and number in sequence starting at pump to end of system. Check the sum of branch-circuit flows against approved pump flow rate.

B. Prepare hydronic systems for testing and balancing in accordance with the following, in addition to the general preparation procedures specified above:

1. Verify that the piping system is clear and that the strainers are clean.
2. Open manual valves for maximum flow.
3. Check expansion tank liquid level.
4. Check makeup-water-station pressure gage for 10 psig pressure at the highest point of the hydronic system.
5. Check flow-control valves for specified sequence of operation and set at indicated flow.
6. Check pump-motor load. If motor is overloaded, limit maximum load with variable speed drive so motor nameplate rating is not exceeded. If drive is not present consult with University’s Representative.
7. Check air vents for a forceful liquid flow exiting from vents when manually operated.

3.04 PROCEDURES FOR HYDRONIC SYSTEMS

A. Automatic flow limiting valves are not automatic balancing valves. If the pressure differential reading across the valve is within the operating control range (e.g. 1-14 psi) than the correct flow should be provided. Include one psi to account for system aging and a safety factor. For a 1-14 psi differential control range, provide 2 psi measured across the flow limiter when the control valve is fully open. Ensure that the most remote valve has sufficient pressure.

3.05 PROCEDURES FOR VARIABLE-FLOW HYDRONIC SYSTEMS

A. The following procedure shall be used for a heating water system with a variable speed pump.

1. Verify that the manual shut-off valves are fully open.
2. Override the controls to open the heating control valves to full flow. The automatic flow limiting valves will limit flow to each coil to the maximum required coil rate (gpm). Valves are accurate to within ±5% over 95% of the pressure differential control range.

3. Test is to determine the minimum differential pressure set point for the variable frequency drive (VFD). The differential is to be measured at the factory supplied taps on each valve. Select a gage that has a range appropriate for the system pressure. Recognize that the differentials measured are low and that a small error in actual reading can still add up to a large differential error. A direct reading differential gage may be used.

4. Check the remaining automatic limiting valves to verify that they are within their control pressure range.

5. Verify that the transmitter is reading the same differential and that the VFD controlling the cooling tower is receiving the correct signal either directly or from the Building Automation System. The pressure reading shall become the VFD set point and recorded in the TAB report.

B. Record final measurements for hydronic equipment performance data sheets. Include entering and leaving water temperatures for condenser water. Make air and water temperature measurements at the same time.

3.06 PROCEEDURES FOR MOTORS

A. Motors, ½-Hp and Larger: Test at final balanced conditions and record the following data:

1. Manufacturer’s name, model number, and serial number
2. Frame Size
3. Horsepower
4. Service Factor
5. RPM: nominal and tested
6. Efficiency: nominal
7. Power Factor: nominal
8. Phase
9. Frequency (Hz)
10. Voltage: nominal and tested
11. Amperage: nominal and tested
13. A photo of the nameplate data that is clearly readable may be used in lieu of recording the same information.

B. Motors Driven by Variable-Frequency Controllers: Test for proper operation at speeds varying from minimum to maximum. Test the manual bypass if provided for the controller to prove proper operation. Record observations, minimum speed setting, including controller manufacturer, model and serial numbers, and nameplate data.
3.07 PROCEDURES FOR TEMPERATURE MEASUREMENTS

A. During TAB, report the need for adjustment in temperature regulation within the automatic temperature-control system.

B. Measure outside-air, wet- and dry-bulb temperatures.

3.08 PROCEDURES FOR VIBRATION MEASUREMENTS

A. Use a vibration meter meeting the following criteria:
   1. Solid-state circuitry with a piezoelectric accelerometer
   2. Velocity range of 0.1 to 10 inches per second
   3. Displacement range of 1 to 100 mils
   4. Frequency range of at least 0 to 1000 Hz
   5. Capable of filtering unwanted frequencies

B. Calibrate the vibration meter before each day of testing.
   1. Use a calibrator provided with the vibration meter.
   2. Follow vibration meter and calibrator manufacturer’s calibration procedures.

C. Perform vibration measurements when other building and outdoor vibration sources are at a minimum level and will not influence measurements of equipment being tested.
   1. Turn off equipment in the building that might interfere with testing.
   2. Clear the space of people.

D. Perform vibration measurements after air and water balancing and equipment testing is complete.

E. Clean equipment surfaces in contact with the vibration transducer.

F. Position the vibration transducer in accordance with manufacturer’s written instructions and to avoid interference with the operation of the equipment being tested.

G. Measure and record vibration on rotating equipment over 1 hp.

H. For equipment with vibration isolation, take floor measurements with the vibration isolation blocked solid to the floor and with the vibration isolation floating. Calculate and report the differences.

I. Inspect, measure, and record vibration isolation.
   1. Verify that vibration isolation is installed in the required locations.
   2. Verify that installation is level and plumb.
   3. Verify that isolators are properly anchored.
   4. For spring isolators, measure the compressed spring height, the spring OD, and the travel-to-solid distance.
5. Measure the operating clearance between each inertia base and the floor or concrete base below. Verify that there is unobstructed clearance between the bottom of the inertia base and the floor.

3.09 TEMPERATURE-CONTROL VERIFICATION

A. Verify that controllers are calibrated and commissioned.

B. Check transmitter and controller locations and note conditions that would adversely affect control functions.

C. Record controller settings and note variances between set points and actual measurements.

D. Check the operation of limiting controllers (i.e., high- and low-temperature controllers).

E. Check free travel and proper operation of control devices such as damper and valve operators.

F. Check the sequence of operation of control devices. Note air pressures and device positions and correlate with airflow and water flow measurements. Note the speed of response to input changes.

G. Check the interaction of electrically operated switch transducers.

H. Check the interaction of interlock and lockout systems.

I. Check main control supply-air pressure and observe compressor and dryer operations.

J. Record voltages of power supply and controller output. Determine whether the system operates on a grounded or non-grounded power supply.

K. Note operation of electric actuators using spring return for proper fail-safe operations.

3.10 TOLERANCES

A. Set HVAC system airflow and water flow rates within the following design rate tolerances:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Paragraph #</th>
<th>System:</th>
<th>Tolerance:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Other Equipment Water Flow Rate:</td>
<td>0 to plus 10 percent</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

B. Maintaining pressure relationships and coil capacities as designed shall have priority over the tolerances specified above.

3.11 REPORTING

A. Initial Construction-Phase Report: Based on examination of the Contract Documents as specified in "Examination" Article, prepare a report on the adequacy of design for systems' balancing devices. Recommend changes and additions to systems' balancing devices to facilitate proper performance measuring and balancing. Recommend changes and
additions to HVAC systems and general construction to allow access for performance measuring and balancing devices.

B. Status Reports: As Work progresses, prepare reports to describe completed procedures, procedures in progress, and scheduled procedures. Include a list of deficiencies and problems found in systems being tested and balanced. Prepare a separate report for each system and each building floor for systems serving multiple floors.

3.12 FINAL REPORT

A. General: Typewritten, or computer printout in letter-quality font, on standard bond paper, in three-ring binder, tabulated and divided into sections by tested and balanced systems.

1. Include a certification sheet in front of binder signed and sealed by the certified testing and balancing engineer.
2. Include a list of instruments used for procedures, along with proof of calibration.
3. Certify validity and accuracy of field data.

B. Final Report Contents: In addition to certified field report data, include the following:

1. Fan curves
2. Manufacturers’ test data
3. Field test reports prepared by system and equipment installers
4. Simplified system diagrams
5. Other information relative to equipment performance and do not include Shop Drawings and Product Data

C. General Report Data: In addition to form titles and entries, include the following data in the final report, as applicable:

1. Title page
2. Name and address of TAB firm
3. Project name
4. Project location
5. Architect’s name and address
6. Engineer’s name and address
7. Contractor’s name and address
8. Report date
9. Signature of TAB firm who certifies the report
10. Table of Contents with the total number of pages defined for each section of the report. Number each page in the report
11. Summary of contents including the following:
   
   a. Indicated versus final performance
   b. Notable characteristics of systems
   c. Description of system operation sequence if it varies from the Contract Documents

12. Nomenclature sheets for each item of equipment.
13. Data for terminal units, including manufacturer, type size, and fittings.
14. Notes to explain why certain final data in the body of reports varies from indicated values.

D. System Diagrams: Include schematic layouts of air and hydronic distribution systems. Present each system with single-line diagram and include the following:
   1. Balancing stations
   2. Position of balancing devices

E. Vibration Measurement Reports:
   1. Date and time of test
   2. Vibration meter manufacturer, model number, and serial number
   3. Equipment designation, location, equipment, speed, motor speed, and motor horsepower
   4. Diagram of equipment showing the vibration measurement locations
   5. Measurement readings for each measurement location
   6. Calculate isolator efficiency using measurements taken
   7. Description of predominant vibration source

F. Instrument Calibration Reports:
   1. Report Data:
      a. Instrument type and make
      b. Serial number
      c. Application
      d. Dates of use
      e. Dates of calibration

3.13 INSPECTIONS

A. Initial Inspection:
   1. After testing and balancing are complete, operate each system and randomly check measurements to verify that the system is operating in accordance with the final test and balance readings documented in the Final Report.

B. Final Inspection:
   1. After initial inspection is complete and evidence by random checks verifies that testing and balancing are complete and accurately documented in the final report, request that a final inspection be made by University’s Representative.
   2. TAB firm test and balance engineer shall conduct the inspection in the presence of University’s Representative.
   3. University Representative shall randomly select measurements documented in the final report to be rechecked. The rechecking shall be limited to either 10 percent of...
the total measurements recorded, or the extent of measurements that can be accomplished in a normal 8-hour business day.

4. If the rechecks yield measurements that differ from the measurements documented in the final report by more than the tolerances allowed, the measurements shall be noted as "FAILED."

5. If the number of "FAILED" measurements is greater than 10 percent of the total measurements checked during the final inspection, the testing and balancing shall be considered incomplete and shall be rejected.

6. TAB firm shall recheck measurements and make adjustments. Revise the final report and balancing device settings to include changes and resubmit the final report.

7. Request a second final inspection. If the second final inspection also fails, University shall contract the services of another TAB firm to complete the testing and balancing in accordance with the Contract Documents and deduct the cost of the services from the final payment.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 23 2113
HYDRONIC PIPING AND VALVES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. Section includes piping, special-duty valves, and condenser water systems; makeup water for these systems; blow down drain lines; and condensate drain piping. These are all non-potable water applications and low lead or lead free fittings and materials are not required; they may be used subject to submittal requirements.

1.02 DEFINITIONS

A. CWP: Cold working pressure.
B. EPDM: Ethylene propylene copolymer rubber.
C. NRS: Nonrising stem.
D. OS&Y: Outside screw and yoke.
E. RS: Rising stem.
F. SWP: Steam working pressure.
G. WOG: Water, oil, and gas.
H. Bronze: An alloy consisting primarily of copper and tin.
I. Brass: An alloy consisting primarily of copper and zinc.
J. Red Brass: An alloy consisting of not less than 85% copper with the balance being zinc and minor constituents.
K. PTFE: Polytetrafluoroethylene commonly called by the trade name Teflon®

1.03 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of valve indicated. Include flow and pressure drop curves based on manufacturer's testing for valves, diverting fittings, manual calibrated balancing valves, and automatic flow-control valves. Material properties including percentage of zinc, copper, tin, and minor metals, where specified.
B. Welding Certificates: Copies of certificates for welding procedures and personnel.
C. Field Test Reports: Written reports of tests specified in Part 3 of this Section. Include the following:
   1. Test procedures used.
   2. Test results that comply with requirements.
   3. Failed test results and corrective action taken to achieve requirements.

D. Maintenance Data: For hydronic specialties and special-duty valves to include in maintenance manuals specified in Division 01.

E. Piping, fittings, and accessories: For each type of materials indicated, including gaskets.

1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Welding: Qualify processes and operators in accordance with the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code: Section IX, "Welding and Brazing Qualifications."

B. ASME Compliance: Comply with ASME B31.9, "Building Services Piping," for materials, products, and installation. Safety valves and pressure vessels shall bear the appropriate ASME label. Fabricate and stamp air separators and expansion tanks to comply with the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section VIII, Division 1.

1.05 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Prepare valves for shipping as follows:
   1. Protect internal parts against rust and corrosion.
   2. Protect threads, flange faces, and weld ends.
   3. Block check valves in either closed or open position.
   4. Set valves open to minimize exposure of functional surfaces.

B. Use the following precautions during storage:
   1. Maintain valve or fitting end protection.
   2. Store valves and fittings indoors and maintain at higher-than-ambient-dew-point temperature. If outdoor storage is necessary, store valves off the ground in watertight enclosures.

C. Use sling to handle large valves and fittings; rig sling to avoid damage to exposed parts. Do not use operating handles, handwheels, or stems as lifting or rigging points.

1.06 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate layout and installation of hydronic piping and suspension system components with other construction, including light fixtures, HVAC equipment, fire-suppression-system components, and partition assemblies.

B. Coordinate pipe sleeve installations or coring of foundation wall penetrations.
C. Coordinate piping installation with roof curbs, equipment supports, and roof penetrations. Roof specialties are specified in Division 07 Section “Roof Accessories.”

D. Coordinate pipe fitting pressure classes with products specified in related Sections.

E. Coordinate size and location of concrete bases. Cast anchor-bolt inserts into base. Concrete, reinforcement, and formwork requirements are specified in Division 03 Section “Cast-In-Place Concrete.”

F. Coordinate installation of pipe sleeves or coring of existing walls for penetrations through exterior walls and floor assemblies. Coordinate with requirements for firestopping specified in Division 07 Section "Penetration Firestopping" for fire and smoke wall and floor assemblies.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. Materials:
   a. Certified to ASTM B584-14 and ASTM B61
   b. Provide manufacturer’s certifications showing material properties
   c. Bronze containing not less than 85% copper by weight.
   d. Brass shall be dezincification resistant as shown by MFR test data approved by the University's representative.

B. Or Equal: Where products are specified by manufacturers name and accompanied by the term "or equal", comply with provisions in Division 01. Specific procedures must be followed before use of an unnamed product or manufacturer.

2.02 PIPING MATERIALS

A. General: Refer to Part 3 "Piping Applications" Article for applications of pipe and fitting materials.

2.03 STEEL PIPE AND FITTINGS

A. Steel Pipe, NPS ¾ through NPS 1½: ASTM A53, Type S (seamless) Grade B, Schedule 40, black steel, plain ends.

B. Steel Pipe, NPS 2 through NPS 10: ASTM A53, Type S (seamless), and Type ERW (welded) Grade B, Schedule 40, black steel, plain ends.


E. Malleable-Iron Unions: ASME B16.39; Classes 150, 250, and 300.

F. Wrought Cast- and Forged-Steel Flanges and Flanged Fittings: ASME B16.5, including bolts, nuts, and gaskets of the following material group, end connections, and facings:

2. End Connections: Butt welding.
3. Facings: Raised face or flat face. Match valve or fitting face (flat face with flat faced and raised face with raised face.

G. Welding Materials: Comply with Section II, Part C, of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code for welding materials appropriate for wall thickness and for chemical analysis of pipe being welded.

H. Steel Pipe Nipples: ASTM A733, made of same materials and wall thicknesses as pipe in which they are installed.

2.04 JOINING MATERIALS

A. Flange Bolts and Nuts:

1. Condenser Water:

   a. ASTM A193 hot-dip galvanized heavy hex-head bolts with heavy hex nuts conforming to ASTM F2329. Do not provide studs instead of bolts.
   b. Stainless Steel Conforming to ASTM F593 Alloy Group 2 (316L) with a minimum tensile strength of 75,000 psi with heavy hex nuts matching quality and provided with anti-gal coating on the threads (either factory or field applied). Where heavy hex head bolts are not provided, install washer under head of each bolt. Do not provide studs instead of bolts.

B. Brazing Filler Metals: AWS A5.8, BCuP Series, copper-phosphorus alloys for joining copper with copper; or BAg-1, silver alloy for joining copper with bronze, or steel.

C. Welding Filler Metals: Comply with AWS D10.12 for welding materials appropriate for wall thickness and chemical analysis of steel pipe being welded.

2.05 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR VALVES

A. Source Limitations for Valves: Obtain each type of valve from single source from single manufacturer.

B. ASME Compliance:

1. ASME B1.20.1 for threads for threaded-end valves.
2. ASME B16.1 for flanges on iron valves.
3. ASME B16.5 for flanges on steel valves.
4. ASME B16.10 and ASME B16.34 for ferrous valve dimensions and design criteria.
6. ASME B31.1 for power piping valves.
7. ASME B31.9 for building services piping valves.

C. Bronze valves shall be made with dezincification-resistant materials. Bronze valves made with copper alloy (brass) containing more than 15 percent zinc are prohibited.

D. Refer to HVAC valve schedule articles for applications of valves.

E. Valve Pressure-Temperature Ratings: Not less than indicated and as required for system pressures and temperatures.

F. Valve Sizes: Same as upstream piping unless otherwise indicated.

G. Valve Actuator Types:
   1. Gear Actuator: For ball valves NPS 3 and larger.
   2. Hand lever: For ball valves smaller than NPS 3.

H. Drain Connections: MSS SP-45.

2.06 VALVES

A. Ball Valves: (Sizes NPS \( \frac{1}{2} \)" – 4", typical)
   1. Ball valves (\( \frac{1}{2}\" - 4\" \)), shall be two-piece style, full port, bronze body (ASTM B62 or B584) with type 316 stainless steel ball & stem and PTFE (or RPTFE) seats and seals. Valves shall be rated for 600 WOG & 150 SWP (non-shock). Valves shall have adjustable packing glands and blow-out proof (internally retained) stems and shall comply with the latest edition of MSS-SP-110. Threaded end (FNPT) ball valves only; use male adapters where required in soldered end applications. Supply valves with stem extensions which clear 2" of piping insulation when installed in insulated services.
      a. Conbraco Industries, Inc.; Apollo Division figure 77-140.
      b. Milwaukee Valve figure BA400S.
      c. Hammond Valve figure 8303A.
      d. NIBCO figure T-585-70-66.
      e. Or equal.

B. Butterfly Valves less than 14-inch NPS:

2.07 HYDRONIC SPECIALTIES

A. Y-Pattern Strainers NPS 2 and smaller:
   1. Strainers 2-inch and smaller for heating and air conditioning water service shall be based on Watts No. LF777 or equal strainer by Armstrong or equal, 400 WOG bronze body, threaded, Y-pattern, 20-mesh stainless steel screen, with a full size drain connection and ball valve.
B. Low Pressure Drop Y-Pattern Strainers NPS 2.5 and larger:

1. Strainers 2½-inch and larger for heating and air conditioning water service shall be The Metraflex Company®, Chicago, IL, model LPD or equal, ASTM A126-B cast-iron body, flanged, Y-pattern, type 304 stainless steel screen, with a drain connection and ball valve (as described elsewhere herein). Strainer shall be suitable for horizontal and vertical mounting.

2. Y Strainer shall be low pressure drop design with the following minimum Cv values:
   a. 2½ NPS 160
   b. 3 NPS 236
   c. 4 NPS 460
   d. 5 NPS 600
   e. 6 NPS 952
   f. 8 NPS 1,580

3. Screen perforations shall be:
   a. For liquid service for sizes 2 to 3 NPS perforation shall be 0.045”
   b. For liquid service for sizes 4 to 12 NPS perforation shall be 0.125”

4. Strainer shall have a screen pitch of less than 30°.

5. Provide start-up strainer.

6. Screens shall be removable via an access cover sealed with O-ring.

7. Strainer shall be manufactured with 0.25” or 0.375” pressure differential ports, placed on each side of the screen.

8. Strainer shall be equipped with a dry well port.
   a. Port shall be 0.5” for pipe sizes 2 to 3 NPS
   b. Port shall be 1” for pipe sizes 4 to 12 NPS.

9. Strainer connections shall be class 125 or 150 flanges

**PART 3 - EXECUTION**

**3.01 EXAMINATION**

A. Examine valves and fittings interior for cleanliness, freedom from foreign matter, and corrosion. Remove special packing materials, such as blocks, used to prevent disc movement during shipping and handling.

B. Operate valves in positions from fully open- to fully-closed. Examine guides and seats made accessible by such operations.

C. Examine threads on valve and mating pipe for form and cleanliness.

D. Examine mating flange faces for conditions that might cause leakage. Check bolting for proper size, length, and material. Verify that gasket is of proper size, that its material composition is suitable for service, and that it is free from defects and damage.
E. Do not attempt to repair defective valves; replace with new valves.

3.02 PIPING APPLICATIONS

A. Equipment Connections:
   1. NPS 2 and smaller: Use union connections.
   2. NPS 2½ and larger: Use flanged connections.
   3. Dissimilar metals: Where piping is connected to equipment with different materials, such as ferrous to copper, use brass union, brass coupler, or brass pipe nipple to prevent electrolysis.
   4. Valves: Provide shut-off duty isolation valves and strainers at new equipment.
   5. Flexible Piping Connectors: Provide flexible piping connectors at each piece of equipment unless acoustic consultant determines such devices are not required to meet project sound and vibration performance requirements.

B. Condensate Drain Lines: Type L drawn-temper copper tubing with soldered joints.

3.03 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR VALVE APPLICATIONS

A. If valves with specified WOG, SWP classes, or CWP ratings are unavailable, the same types of valves with higher WOG, SWP classes, or CWP ratings may be substituted.

B. Select valves with the following end connections:
   1. For Copper Tubing, NPS 2, and Smaller: Threaded ends.
   2. For Copper Tubing, NPS 2½, and Larger: Flanged ends.
   3. For Steel or stainless steel Piping, NPS 2, and Smaller: Threaded ends.
   4. For Steel or stainless steel Piping, NPS 2½, and Larger: Flanged ends.

3.04 VALVE INSTALLATION

A. Install valves with unions or flanges at each piece of equipment arranged to allow service, maintenance, and equipment removal without system shutdown.

B. Locate valves for easy access and provide separate support where necessary.

C. Install valves in horizontal piping with stem at or above center of pipe.

D. Install valves in position to allow full stem movement.

E. Install check valves for proper direction of flow and as follows:
   1. Swing Check Valves: In horizontal position with hinge pin level.
   2. Lift Check Valves: With stem upright and plumb.

F. Install valve tags. Comply with requirements in Division 23 Section "Identification for HVAC" for valve tags and schedules.
3.05 VALVE APPLICATIONS

A. General-Duty Valve Applications for hydronic systems unless otherwise noted, use the following valve types:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Minimum Size</th>
<th>Maximum Size</th>
<th>Valve Service:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ball</td>
<td>¼”</td>
<td>4”</td>
<td>Shut-off and Throttling duty.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Butterfly</td>
<td>6”</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>Shut-off and Control duty.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

B. Install main building shut-off valves for hydronic systems.

C. Install shutoff duty valves at each branch connection to supply mains, at supply connection to each piece of equipment, unless only one piece of equipment is connected in the branch line.

3.06 PIPING INSTALLATIONS

A. Refer to Division 23 Section "Common Work Results for HVAC" for basic piping installation requirements.

B. Install groups of pipes parallel to each other, spaced to permit applying insulation and servicing of valves.

C. Install drains, consisting of a tee fitting, NPS ¾ ball valve, and 6-inch NPS ¾ threaded nipple with cap, at low points in piping system mains and elsewhere as required for system drainage.

D. Install piping level or at a uniform grade of 0.2 percent in direction of flow or a drain.

E. Reduce pipe sizes using eccentric reducer fitting installed with level side up- top flat.

F. Install branch connections to mains using tee fittings in main pipe, with the takeoff coming out the bottom of the main pipe. For up-feed risers, install the takeoff coming out the top of the main pipe.

G. Install strainers on supply side of each coil, control valve, pressure-reducing valve, solenoid valve, in-line pump, and elsewhere as indicated. Install NPS 3/4 nipple and ball valve in blow down connection of strainers NPS 2 and larger. Match size of strainer blow off connection for strainers smaller than NPS 2.

H. Anchor piping for proper direction of expansion and contraction.

I. Bushings, close, and short nipples are prohibited.

J. Avoid pipe joints located over, or within 2 feet of electrical equipment. If it cannot be avoided provide with drip pans.
K. Use PTFE “Teflon” tape for tapered threaded pipe joints. Provide pipe and fittings of similar materials so dielectric fittings are not needed; i.e. only brass and bronze fittings with copper piping.

3.07 HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

A. Hanger, support, and anchor devices are specified in Division 23 Section "Hangers and Supports for HVAC."

B. Comply with requirements below for maximum spacing of supports.

C. Install the following pipe attachments:

1. Adjustable steel clevis hangers for individual horizontal piping less than 20 feet long.
2. Adjustable roller hangers and spring hangers for individual horizontal piping 20 feet or longer.
3. Pipe Roller: MSS SP-58, Type 44 for multiple horizontal piping 20 feet or longer, supported on a trapeze.
4. Spring hangers to support vertical runs.

D. Install hangers for carbon and stainless steel piping with the following maximum spacing and minimum rod sizes:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NPS</th>
<th>Maximum span (feet)</th>
<th>Minimum rod size (inches)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>¾</td>
<td>7’</td>
<td>¼”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>7’</td>
<td>¼”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1½</td>
<td>9’</td>
<td>⅛”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>10’</td>
<td>⅛”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2½</td>
<td>11’</td>
<td>⅛”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>12’</td>
<td>⅛”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>14’</td>
<td>½”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>17’</td>
<td>½”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>19’</td>
<td>⅝”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>20’</td>
<td>⅝”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>23’</td>
<td>⅝”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>25’</td>
<td>1”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>27’</td>
<td>1”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>28’</td>
<td>1¼”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>30’</td>
<td>1¼”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>32’</td>
<td>1¼”</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

E. Install hangers for drawn-temper copper piping with the following maximum spacing and minimum rod sizes:
F. Support vertical runs at roof, at each floor, and at 10-foot intervals between floors.

G. Provide dielectric corrosion protection for dissimilar metals (e.g. copper tubing and steel hangers).

### 3.08 PIPE JOINT CONSTRUCTION

A. Refer to Division 23 Section "Common Work Results for HVAC" for joint construction requirements for soldered and brazed joints in copper tubing; threaded, welded, and flanged joints in steel piping.

### 3.09 HYDRONIC SPECIALTIES INSTALLATION

A. Install manual air vents at high points in piping, at heat-transfer coils, and elsewhere as required for system air venting.

### 3.10 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Prepare hydronic piping in accordance with ASME B31.9 and as follows:

1. Leave joints, including welds, uninsulated and exposed for examination during test.
2. Provide temporary restraints for expansion joints that cannot sustain reactions due to test pressure. If temporary restraints are impractical, isolate expansion joints from testing.
3. Flush system with clean water. Clean strainers.
4. Isolate equipment from piping. If a valve is used to isolate equipment, its closure shall be capable of sealing against test pressure without damage to valve. Install blinds in flanged joints to isolate equipment.
5. Install safety valve, set at a pressure no more than one-third higher than test pressure, to protect against damage by expanding liquid or other source of overpressure during test.

B. Perform the following tests on hydronic piping:

1. Use ambient temperature water as a testing medium.
2. While filling system, use vents installed at high points of system to release trapped air. Use drains installed at low points for complete draining of liquid.
3. Subject piping system to hydrostatic test at 175 PSI or 1½ times the design pressure, whichever is greater, for four hours. There shall be no decrease in pressure over the four hour test period. Isolate equipment subject to damage from test pressure. Make no test against a service valve or meter. Isolate from the system existing piping and new or existing equipment that may be damaged by test pressure. Test only new piping unless instructed otherwise. Final connection between new and existing piping shall be tested at normal system operating pressures and monitored for leaks for three working days. Verify that stress due to pressure at bottom of vertical runs does not exceed either 90 percent of specified minimum yield strength or 1.7 times "SE" value in Appendix-A of ASME B31.9, "Building Services Piping."

4. After hydrostatic test pressure has been applied, examine piping, joints, and connections for leakage throughout the testing period. Eliminate leaks by tightening, repairing, or replacing components, and repeat hydrostatic test until there are no leaks.

5. Prepare written report of testing.

3.11 ADJUSTING

A. Perform these adjustments before operating the system:

1. Open valves to fully open position.
2. Set automatic fill valves for required system pressure.
3. Check air vents at high points of system and bleed air completely (manual type).
4. Lubricate motors and bearings.

3.12 CLEANING

A. Flush hydronic piping systems with clean water if more than 40-feet of new piping is being installed. After cleaning and flushing hydronic piping systems, and after 48 hours of run time, remove disposable fine-mesh strainers in Y-strainers.

B. Clean new piping and existing effected by the contract’s Work using University furnished chemicals. Provide University’s Representative more than 72 hours’ notice of when chemicals are needed. Provide gallons of water in system to be cleaned.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 23 6500

COOLING TOWERS

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Open-circuit, forced-draft, counter-flow cooling towers.

1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

A. Section 23 0513 - Common Motor Requirements for HVAC Equipment.
B. Section 23 0548 - Vibration and Seismic Controls for HVAC.
C. Section 23 0593 - Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing for HVAC.
D. Section 23 2113 - Hydronic Piping.

1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

A. ABMA STD 9 - Load Ratings and Fatigue Life for Ball Bearings 2015.
N. CTI STD-111 - Gear Speed Reducers for Application on Industrial Water Cooling Towers; 2009.
P. NEMA MG 1 - Motors and Generators 2017.
1.04 SUBMITTALS

A. See Section 01 3000 - Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
B. Product Data: Provide rated capacities, dimensions, weights and point loadings, accessories, required clearances, electrical requirements and wiring diagrams, and location and size of field connections. Submit schematic indicating capacity controls.
C. Shop Drawings: Indicate suggested structural steel supports including dimensions, sizes, and locations for mounting bolt holes.
D. Manufacturer's Certificate: Certify that cooling tower performance, based on ASME PTC 23 meets or exceeds specified requirements and submit performance curve plotting leaving water temperature against wet bulb temperature.
E. Manufacturer's Instructions: Submit manufacturer’s complete installation instructions.
F. Operation and Maintenance Data: Include start-up instructions, maintenance data, parts lists, controls, and accessories.
G. Warranty: Submit manufacturer’s warranty and ensure forms have been filled out in Owner ‘s name and registered with manufacturer.
H. Maintenance Materials: Furnish the following for Owner ’s use in maintenance of project.
   1. See Section 01 6000 - Product Requirements, for additional provisions.
   2. Extra Fan Belts: One set, matched, for each unit.
   3. Extra Spray Nozzles: One nozzle kits for each cell.
   4. Extra Access Door Gaskets: One for each door.
   5. Extra Valve Seats: One for each make-up valve and control valve.

1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the type of products specified in this section, with minimum twenty years of documented experience and ISO 9001 certification.
B. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing the type of work specified in this section with minimum 30 years of experience and approved by manufacturer.

1.06 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

A. Products Requiring Electrical Connection: Listed and classified by Underwriters Laboratories Inc. as suitable for the purpose specified and indicated.

1.07 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Factory assemble entire unit. For shipping, disassemble into as large as practical sub-assemblies so that minimum amount of field work is required for re-assembly.
B. Comply with manufacturer's installation instructions for rigging, unloading, and transporting units.
1.08 **WARRANTY**

A. See Section 01 7800 - Closeout Submittals, for additional warranty requirements.

B. Submit a written warranty executed by the manufacturer, agreeing to repair or replace components of the unit that fail in materials and workmanship within the specified warranty period.

1. The Entire Unit shall have a comprehensive five (5) year warranty against defects in materials and workmanship from date of shipment.

2. Fan Motor/Drive System: Warranty Period shall be Five (5) years from date of unit shipment from Factory (fan motor(s), fan(s), fan shaft(s), bearings, mechanical support, sheaves, bushings and belt(s)).

**PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

**2.01 MANUFACTURERS**

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.

1. Evapco Model LPT-849
2. BAC Model VTL-272
3. Or Equal.

**2.02 MANUFACTURED UNITS**

1. Provide units for outdoor use, factory-assembled, sectional, vertical discharge, blow through design, with fan assemblies built into pan and casing.

**2.03 COMPONENTS**

A. Description: Factory assembled and tested, forced draft counterflow cooling tower.

B. Cold Water Basin:

1. Sloped with depressed section with drain/clean-out connection. Type 304 bolted stainless steel panels and structural members.

C. Casing panels, framework, and fasteners will be constructed of Type 304 stainless steel.

1. Fans: Forward curved centrifugal type mounted on steel shaft, with belt drive304 Stainless steel drive shaft

2. 304 Stainless steel fan wheels with stainless steel clamp on hubs or fans shall be epoxy coated steel construction. The fans shall be factory installed, and statically and dynamically balanced for vibration free operation.

D. Motors and Drives:

1. Single speed (1800 rpm) mounted on adjustable steel base. Refer to Section 23 0513.

E. Fan Drive System: Belt Drive designed for minimum 150 percent motor nameplate power.
F. Fan Guard: Welded steel rod and wire guard, hot dipped galvanized after fabrication.

G. Distribution Section: Polyvinyl chloride piping header and branches with ABS plastic spray nozzles.

H. Fill:
   1. Polyvinyl chloride plastic with flame spread index of 25 or less, when tested in accordance with ASTM E84.
   2. Fungal Resistance: No growth when tested according to ASTM G21.

I. Drift eliminators shall be constructed entirely of Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) in easily handled sections. Design shall incorporate three changes in air direction and limit the water carryover to a maximum of 0.001% of the recirculating water rate.

J. Make up float assembly shall be a mechanical brass valve with an adjustable plastic float.

K. Hardware: stainless steel nuts, bolts, washers, and tappers;


2.04 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Condition 1 Capacity:

B. Water Flow: 728 gpm per tower

C. Entering Water Temperature: 95 degrees F.

D. Leaving Water Temperature: 85 degrees F.

E. Entering Air WB Temperature: 75 degrees F.

F. Electrical Characteristics:
   1. 15 hp.
   2. 460 volts, single phase, 60 Hz.

G. Motor: Refer to Section 23 0513.

H. Condition 2 Capacity:

I. Water Flow: 680 gpm per tower

J. Entering Water Temperature: 85 F

K. Leaving Water Temperature: 78 F

L. Entering Air WB Temperature: 70 F

2.05 ACCESSORIES

A. Vibration Switch: Provide a mechanical local reset vibration switch. The mechanical vibration cutout switch will be guaranteed to trip at a point so as not to cause damage to the cooling tower. To ensure this, the trip point will be set in a frequency range of 0 to 3,600 RPM and a trip point of 0.2 to 2.0 g’s.

B. 3” Equalizer connection on blank off side of the tower.
PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSTALLATION
A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
B. Provide the services of the manufacturer's field representative to supervise rigging, hoisting, and installation, allowing for minimum of one eight-hour day per tower.
C. Install tower on structural steel beams as instructed by manufacturer.
D. Install tower on vibration isolators. Refer to Section 23 0548.
E. Connect condenser water piping with flanged connections to tower. Pitch condenser water supply to tower and condenser water suction away from tower.
F. Connect make-up water piping with flanged or union connections to tower. Pitch to tower.
G. Connect overflow, bleed, and drain, to floor drain.

3.02 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL
A. See Section 01 4000 - Quality Requirements, for additional requirements.
B. Provide the services of the manufacturer's field representative to inspect tower after installation and submit report prior to start-up, verifying installation is in accordance with specifications and manufacturer's recommendations.

3.03 SYSTEM STARTUP
A. Start-up tower in presence of and instruct Owner’s operating personnel.

3.04 SCHEDULES
A. See plans for equipment schedule.

END OF SECTION
SECTION 26 0500
COMMON WORK RESULTS FOR ELECTRICAL

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. Section includes the following:
   1. Supporting devices for electrical components.
   2. Cutting and patching for electrical construction.

B. Related sections include the following:
   1. Division 07 Section “Penetration Firestopping” for firestopping materials and requirements for penetrations through fire and smoke barriers.

1.02 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in CEC (NFPA 70), Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to the University, and marked for intended use.

B. Comply with CEC (NFPA 70).

1.03 COORDINATION

A. Sequence, coordinate, and integrate installing electrical materials and equipment for efficient flow of the Work. Coordinate installing large equipment requiring positioning before closing in the building.

B. Coordinate location of access panels and doors for electrical items that are concealed by finished surfaces. Access doors and panels are specified in Division 08 Section "Access Doors and Frames."

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MANUFACTURERS

A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:
   1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.
2. Or Equal: Where products are specified by manufacturers name and accompanied by the term "or equal", comply with provisions in Division 01 Section "Product Options and Substitutions". Specific procedures must be followed before use of an unnamed product or manufacturer.

2.02 SUPPORTING DEVICES

A. Material: Cold-formed steel, with corrosion-resistant coating acceptable to the University.

B. Metal Items for Use Outdoors or in Damp Locations: Hot-dip galvanized steel.

C. Slotted-Steel Channel Supports: Flange edges turned toward web, and 9/16-inch- diameter slotted holes at a maximum of 2 inches O.C., in webs.
   1. Channel Thickness: Selected to suit structural loading.
   2. Fittings and Accessories: Products of the same manufacturer as channel supports.

D. Raceway and Cable Supports: Manufactured clevis hangers, riser clamps, straps, threaded C-clamps with retainers, ceiling trapeze hangers, wall brackets, and spring-steel clamps or click-type hangers.

E. Pipe Sleeves: ASTM A 53, Type E, Grade A, Schedule 40, galvanized steel, plain ends.

F. Cable Supports for Vertical Conduit: Factory-fabricated assembly consisting of threaded body and insulating wedging plug for non-armored electrical cables in riser conduits. Plugs have number and size of conductor gripping holes as required to suit individual risers. Body constructed of malleable-iron casting with hot-dip galvanized finish.

G. Expansion Anchors: Carbon-steel wedge or sleeve type.

H. Toggle Bolts: All-steel springhead type.

I. Powder-Driven Threaded Studs: Heat-treated steel. Not allowed within building with occupants except by prior approval, before installation, with the University’s Representative.

2.03 TOUCHUP PAINT

A. For Equipment: Equipment manufacturer’s paint selected to match installed equipment finish.

B. Galvanized Surfaces: Zinc-rich paint recommended by item manufacturer.
PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT INSTALLATION
A. Headroom Maintenance: If mounting heights or other location criteria are not indicated, arrange and install components and equipment to provide the maximum possible headroom.

B. Materials and Components: Install level, plumb, and parallel and perpendicular to other building systems and components, unless otherwise indicated.

C. Equipment: Install to facilitate service, maintenance, and repair or replacement of components. Connect for ease of disconnecting, with minimum interference with other installations.

D. Right of Way: Give to raceways and piping systems installed at a required slope.

3.02 WIRING INSTALLATION
A. Install splices and taps that are compatible with conductor material and that possess equivalent or better mechanical strength and insulation ratings than unspliced conductors.

B. Install wiring at outlets with at least 12 inches of slack conductor at each outlet.

C. Connect outlet and component connections to wiring systems and to ground. Tighten electrical connectors and terminals, according to manufacturer’s published torque-tightening values. If manufacturer’s torque values are not indicated, use those specified in UL 486A.

3.03 ELECTRICAL SUPPORTING DEVICE APPLICATION
A. Damp Locations and Outdoors: Hot-dip galvanized materials, U-channel system components.

B. Dry Locations: Steel materials.

C. Support Clamps for PVC Raceways: Click-type clamp system.

D. Selection of Supports: Comply with manufacturer’s written instructions.

E. Strength of Supports: Adequate to carry present and future loads, times a safety factor of at least four; minimum of 200-lb design load.

3.04 SUPPORT INSTALLATION
A. Install support devices to securely and permanently fasten and support electrical components.
B. Install individual and multiple raceway hangers and riser clamps to support raceways. Provide U-bolts, clamps, attachments, and other hardware necessary for hanger assemblies and for securing hanger rods and conduits.

C. Support parallel runs of horizontal raceways together on trapeze- or bracket-type hangers.

D. Size supports for multiple raceway installations so capacity can be increased by a 25 percent minimum in the future.

E. Support individual horizontal raceways with separate, malleable-iron pipe hangers or clamps.

F. Install 1/4-inch diameter or larger threaded steel hanger rods.

G. Arrange supports in vertical runs so the weight of raceways and enclosed conductors is carried entirely by raceway supports, with no weight load on raceway terminals.

H. Simultaneously install vertical conductor supports with conductors.

I. Separately support cast boxes that are threaded to raceways and used for fixture support. Support sheet-metal boxes directly from the building structure or by bar hangers. If bar hangers are used, attach bar to raceways on opposite sides of the box and support the raceway with an approved fastener not more than 24 inches from the box.

J. Install metal channel racks for mounting cabinets, panel boards; disconnect switches, control enclosures, pull and junction boxes, transformers, and other devices unless components are mounted directly to structural elements of adequate strength.

K. Install sleeves for cable and raceway penetrations of concrete slabs and walls unless core-drilled holes are used. Install sleeves for cable and raceway penetrations of masonry and fire-rated gypsum walls and of all other fire-rated floor and wall assemblies. Install sleeves during erection of concrete and masonry walls.

L. Securely fasten electrical items and their supports to the building structure, unless otherwise indicated. Perform fastening according to the following unless other fastening methods are indicated:

1. Wood: Fasten with wood screws or screw-type nails.
2. Masonry: Toggle bolts on hollow masonry units and expansion bolts on solid masonry units.
3. New Concrete: Concrete inserts with machine screws and bolts.
4. Existing Concrete: Expansion bolts.
5. Instead of expansion bolts, threaded studs driven by a powder charge and provided with lock washers may be used in existing concrete when prior approval is received from the University’s Representative.
6. Steel: Welded threaded studs or spring-tension clamps on steel.

   a. Field Welding: Comply with AWS D1.1.
7. Welding to steel structure may be used only for threaded studs, not for conduits, pipe straps, or other items.
8. Light Steel: Sheet-metal screws.
9. Fasteners: Select so the load applied to each fastener does not exceed 25 percent of its proof-test load.

3.05 FIRESTOPPING

A. Apply firestopping to cable and raceway penetrations of fire-rated floor and wall assemblies to achieve fire-resistance rating of the assembly. Firestopping materials and installation requirements are specified in Division 07 Section “Penetration Firestopping”.

3.06 DEMOLITION

A. Protect existing electrical equipment and installations indicated to remain. If damaged or disturbed in the course of the Work, remove damaged portions and install new products of equal capacity, quality, and functionality.

B. Accessible Work: Remove exposed electrical equipment and installations, indicated to be demolished, in their entirety.

C. Abandoned Work: Cut and remove buried raceway and wiring. When approval by the University's Representative raceway can be abandoned in place a minimum of 4 inches below the surface of adjacent construction. Cap raceways and patch surface to match existing finish.

D. Remove demolished material from Project site.

E. Remove, store, clean, reinstall, reconnect, and make operational components indicated for relocation.

3.07 CUTTING AND PATCHING

A. Cut, channel, chase, and drill floors, walls, partitions, ceilings, and other surfaces required to permit electrical installations. Perform cutting by skilled mechanics of trades involved.

B. Repair and refinish disturbed finish materials and other surfaces to match adjacent undisturbed surfaces. Install new fireproofing where existing fire stopping has been disturbed. Repair and refinish materials and other surfaces by skilled mechanics of trades involved.

3.08 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Inspect installed components for damage and faulty work, including the following:

1. Supporting devices for electrical components.
2. Electrical demolition.
3. Cutting and patching for electrical construction.
4. Touchup painting.
3.09 REFINISHING AND TOUCHUP PAINTING

A. Refinish and touch up paint. Paint materials and application requirements are specified in Division 09 Section "Interior Painting."

   1. Clean damaged and disturbed areas and apply primer, intermediate, and finish coats to suit the degree of damage at each location.
   2. Follow paint manufacturer's written instructions for surface preparation and for timing and application of successive coats.
   3. Repair damage to galvanized finishes with zinc-rich paint recommended by manufacturer.
   4. Repair damage to PVC or paint finishes with matching touchup coating recommended by manufacturer.

3.10 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

A. On completion of installation, including outlets, fittings, and devices, inspect exposed finish. Remove burrs, dirt, paint spots, and construction debris.

B. Protect equipment and installations and maintain conditions to ensure that coatings, finishes, and cabinets are without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.

*** END OF SECTION ***
SECTION 26 0519

LOW-VOLTAGE ELECTRICAL POWER CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. Section includes building wires and cables and associated connectors, splices, and terminations for wiring systems rated 600 V and less.

1.02 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in CEC (NFPA 70), Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to the University, and marked for intended use.

B. Comply with CEC (NFPA 70).

C. Pre-Installation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Division 01 Section “Project Meetings”.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MANUFACTURERS

A. In other Part 2 articles where subparagraph titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply for product selection:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the manufacturers specified.

2. Or Equal: Where products are specified by manufacturers name and accompanied by the term "or equal", comply with provisions in Division 01 Section "Product Options and Substitutions". Specific procedures must be followed before use of an unnamed product or manufacturer.

2.02 CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

A. Manufacturers (Building Wire and Cable):


2. General Cable Corporation.

4. Or equal

B. Manufacturers (Control Cable):
   1. Alpha.
   2. Belden.
   3. Or equal.

C. Manufacturers (MC cable):
   1. AFC Cable Systems.
   2. Southwire Company.
   3. Or equal.

D. Refer to Part 3 "Conductor and Insulation Applications" Article for insulation type, cable construction, and ratings.

E. Conductor Material: Copper complying with ICEA S-95-658 / NEMA WC 70 Non-Shielded 0-2 kV Cables.

F. Conductor Insulation Types: Type THW, THHN-THWN, XHHW, UF, USE, and SO complying with NEMA WC 70.

G. Multi-Conductor Cable: Not Allowed.

2.03 CONNECTORS AND SPLICES

A. Manufacturers:
   1. AFC Cable Systems, Inc.
   2. AMP Incorporated/Tyco International.
   3. Hubbell/Anderson.
   4. O-Z/Gedney; EGS Electrical Group LLC.
   5. 3M Company; Electrical Products Division.
   6. Or equal.

B. Description: Factory-fabricated connectors and splices of size, ampacity rating, material, type, and class for application and service indicated.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 CONDUCTOR AND INSULATION APPLICATIONS

A. Feeders Concealed in Ceilings, Walls, and Partitions: Type THHN-THWN, single conductors in raceway.

B. Feeders Concealed in Concrete, below Slabs-on-Grade, and in Crawlspace: Type THHN-THWN, single conductors in raceway.
C. Exposed Branch Circuits, including in Crawlspace, Type THHN-THWN, single conductors in raceway.

D. Branch Circuits Concealed in Concrete and below Slabs-on-Grade: Type THHN-THWN, single conductors in raceway.

E. Outdoors and below grade: Compression types with heat shrink style watertight splice covers. Raychem CTE series, T&B “Shrink-Kon” series or equal. Cables with multiple conductors shall include a waterproof housing with a non-hardening encapsulating material.

F. Class 1 Control Circuits: Type THHN-THWN, in raceway.

G. Class 2 Control Circuits: Type THHN-THWN, in raceway.

3.02 INSTALLATION

A. Conceal cables in finished walls, ceilings, and floors, unless otherwise indicated.

B. Use manufacturer-approved pulling compound or lubricant where necessary; compound used must not deteriorate conductor or insulation. Do not use oil, grease, graphite or similar substances. Do not exceed manufacturer's recommended maximum pulling tensions and sidewall pressure values.

C. Use pulling means; including fish tape, cable, rope, and basket-weave wire/cable grips that will not damage cables or raceway. Pulling of large conductors in raceways shall be done with an approved cable pulling machine. Other methods such as block and tackle to install conductors are not acceptable.

D. Install exposed cables parallel and perpendicular to surfaces of exposed structural members, and follow surface contours where possible.

E. Support cables according to Division 26 Section "Common Work Results for Electrical."

F. Seal around cables penetrating fire-rated elements according to Division 07 Section “Penetration Firestopping”. Provide separate sleeves and/or fire barriers for cable fire wall penetration, unless cable is UL listed for the application.

G. Identify and color-code conductors and cables according to Division 26 Section "Common Work Results for Electrical". Identification for Electrical System. Color-coded conductor sleeves are not permitted."

H. Metal Clad (MC) Cable Installation Requirements:

1. Provide j-box above ceiling before running MC cable down with partitions or walls.
2. Overhead MC cable runs shall generally follow building lines to provide a neat and workmanlike installation.
3. Oversize j-box to accommodate MC cable splicing.

Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables
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4. MC cable may be run down directly into panelboards to avoid extra splice into j-box above panelboard as long as concealed. Installed in a neat orderly manner using Unistrut or equal to space and hold MC cable in place.

5. MC cable runs shall not rest on ceiling structures. Do not support MC cable on hung ceiling or ceiling support wires. Do not support cables or allow contact with mechanical piping. The use of cable ties to support MC Cable is not allowed.

6. Use lock or spring nut fittings.

7. Securely support all MC cable with cable hangers, individual spring steel support clips, steel trapeze hangers, threaded rods or dedicated No. 8 AWG drop wire. Cable supports shall be fastened to concrete slabs, beams, joists or other structural members of the building.

8. MC cable shall be supported every 6 feet and secured within 12 inches from termination.

9. Limit #12 wire homeruns to code voltage drop requirements.

10. Do not make splices in home run circuits, except directly above the panelboard.

11. Cable runs shall be continuous from outlet to outlet.

12. When terminating or splicing at a junction, outlet, or switch box, cut the cable such that 6-inches of free conductors remain for connections or splices. Use screw-in or spring lock connector and ensure a proper bonding by firmly tightening the connector to both the box and cable.

13. MC cable shall be cut with an armored cable rotary cutter.

14. Insert an anti-short bushing at cable ends to protect conductors from abrasion or use insulated connectors.

15. Bend radius shall be less than 7 times the external diameter of the cable.

16. MC cables passing through fire-rated walls or electrical /telecommunication room walls shall be provided with a UL listed, fire rated penetration assembly.

17. Provide #10 neutral wire, or one neutral per phase for three-phase, four wire power supply systems to computers, office machines, programmable controls, electronic discharge equipment.

18. Do not exceed code requirements for total current carrying conductors in multiple MC cable runs bundled together into a single MC cable hanger or strap, unless support device is specifically listed for such purpose. Neutrals shall be counted as current carrying conductors.

19. Maintain a clearance of at least 6 inches from hot water and other high temperature pipes. Maintain at least 12-inches from telecommunication conduits and unshielded twisted-pair telecommunication cables.

3.03 CONNECTIONS

A. Provide steel with insulated throat cable connectors, OZ/Gedney AMC series or equivalent. Die cast or pressure cast fittings are not permitted.

B. Tighten electrical connectors and terminals according to manufacturer’s published torque-tightening values. If manufacturer’s torque values are not indicated, use those specified in UL 486A.

C. Make splices and taps that are compatible with conductor material and that possess equivalent or better mechanical strength and insulation ratings than unspliced conductors.
D. Wiring at Outlets: Install conductor at each outlet, with at least 12 inches of slack.

*** END OF SECTION ***
SECTION 26 0526
GROUNDING AND BONDING FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. Section includes grounding of electrical systems and equipment. Grounding requirements specified in this Section may be supplemented by special requirements of systems described in other Sections.

1.02 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: None.

B. Qualification Data: For firms and persons specified in "Quality Assurance" Article.

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in CEC (NFPA 70), Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.

1. Comply with UL 467.

B. Comply with NFPA 780 and UL 96 when interconnecting with lightning protection system.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

1. Grounding Conductors, Cables, Connectors, and Rods:

   a. Boggs, Inc.
   b. Chance/Hubbell.
   c. Copperweld Corp.
   d. Dossert Corp.
   e. Erico Inc.; Electrical Products Group.
   f. Framatome Connectors/Burndy Electrical.
   g. Hastings Fiber Glass Products, Inc.
   h. Hearty Brothers Lightning Protection Co.
   i. Ideal Industries, Inc.
   j. ILSCO.
k. Kearney/Cooper Power Systems.
l. Korns: C. C. Korns Co.; Division of Robroy Industries.
m. Lightning Master Corp.

n. Lyncle XIT Grounding.
o. O-Z/Gedney Co.; a business of the EGS Electrical Group.
p. Raco, Inc.; Division of Hubbell.
r. Superior Grounding Systems, Inc.
s. Thomas & Betts, Electrical.
t. Or equal.

B. Or Equal: Where products are specified by manufacturers name and accompanied by the term "or equal", comply with provisions in Division 01 Section “Product Options and Substitutions”. Specific procedures must be followed before use of an unnamed product or manufacturer.

2.02 GROUNDING CONDUCTORS

A. For insulated conductors, comply with Division 26 Section "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables.”

B. Material: Copper.

C. Equipment Grounding Conductors: Insulated with green-colored insulation.

D. Isolated Ground Conductors: Insulated with green-colored insulation with yellow stripe. On feeders with isolated ground, use colored tape, alternating bands of green and yellow tape to provide a minimum of three bands of green and two bands of yellow.

E. Grounding Electrode Conductors: Stranded cable.

F. Underground Conductors: Bare, tinned, stranded, unless otherwise indicated.

G. Bare Copper Conductors: Comply with the following:


H. Copper Bonding Conductors: As follows:

1. Bonding Cable: 28 kcmil, 14 strands of No. 17 AWG copper conductor, 1/4 inch in diameter.
2. Bonding Conductor: No. 4 or No. 6 AWG, stranded copper conductor.
3. Bonding Jumper: Bare copper tape, braided bare copper conductors, terminated with copper ferrules; 1-5/8 inches wide and 1/16 inch thick.
4. Tinned Bonding Jumper: Tinned-copper tape, braided copper conductors, terminated with copper ferrules; 1-5/8 inches wide and 1/16 inch thick.
I. **Grounding Bus:** Bare, annealed copper bars of rectangular cross section, with insulators.

### 2.03 CONNECTOR PRODUCTS

**A.** Comply with IEEE 837 and UL 467; listed for use for specific types, sizes, and combinations of conductors and connected items.

**B.** Bolted Connectors: Bolted-pressure-type connectors, or compression type.

**C.** Welded Connectors: Exothermic-welded type, in kit form, and selected per manufacturer’s written instructions.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.01 APPLICATION

**A.** Use only copper conductors for both insulated and bare grounding conductors in direct contact with earth, concrete, masonry, crushed stone, and similar materials.

**B.** In raceways, use insulated equipment grounding conductors.

**C.** Exothermic-Welded Connections: Use for connections to structural steel and for underground connections, except those at test wells.

**D.** Equipment Grounding Conductor Terminations: Use bolted pressure clamps.

#### 3.02 EQUIPMENT GROUNDING CONDUCTORS

**A.** Comply with CEC (NFPA 70), Article 250, for types, sizes, and quantities of equipment grounding conductors, unless specific types, larger sizes, or more conductors than required by CEC (NFPA 70) are indicated.

**B.** Install equipment grounding conductors in all feeders and circuits.

**C.** Install insulated equipment grounding conductor with circuit conductors for the following items, in addition to those required by NEC:

1. Feeders and branch circuits.
2. Lighting circuits.
3. Receptacle circuits.
5. Three-phase motor and appliance branch circuits.
6. Flexible raceway runs.
7. Armored and metal-clad cable runs.

**D.** Common Ground Bonding with Lightning Protection System: Bond electrical power system ground directly to lightning protection system grounding conductor at closest point to
electrical service grounding electrode. Use bonding conductor sized same as system grounding electrode conductor, and install in conduit.

3.03 INSTALLATION

A. Bonding Straps and Jumpers: Install so vibration by equipment mounted on vibration isolation hangers and supports is not transmitted to rigidly mounted equipment. Use exothermic-welded connectors for outdoor locations, unless a disconnect-type connection is required; then, use a bolted clamp. Bond straps directly to the basic structure taking care not to penetrate any adjacent parts. Install straps only in locations accessible for maintenance.

3.04 CONNECTIONS

A. General: Make connections so galvanic action or electrolysis possibility is minimized. Select connectors, connection hardware, conductors, and connection methods so metals in direct contact will be galvanically compatible.

1. Use electroplated or hot-tin-coated materials to ensure high conductivity and to make contact points closer to order of galvanic series.
2. Make connections with clean, bare metal at points of contact.
3. Coat and seal connections having dissimilar metals with inert material to prevent future penetration of moisture to contact surfaces.

B. Exothermic-Welded Connections: Comply with manufacturer's written instructions. Welds that are puffed up or that show convex surfaces indicating improper cleaning are not acceptable.

C. Equipment Grounding Conductor Terminations: For No. 8 AWG and larger, use pressure-type grounding lugs. No. 10 AWG and smaller grounding conductors may be terminated with winged pressure-type connectors.

D. Connections at Test Wells: Use compression-type connectors on conductors and make bolted- and clamped-type connections between conductors and ground rods.

E. Tighten screws and bolts for grounding and bonding connectors and terminals according to manufacturer's published torque-tightening values. If manufacturer's torque values are not indicated, use those specified in UL 486A.

F. Compression-Type Connections: Use hydraulic compression tools to provide correct circumferential pressure for compression connectors. Use tools and dies recommended by connector manufacturer. Provide embossing die code or other standard method to make a visible indication that a connector has been adequately compressed on grounding conductor.

3.05 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Testing: Perform the following field quality-control testing:
1. After installing grounding system but before permanent electrical circuitry has been energized, test for compliance with requirements.

2. Test completed grounding system at each location where a maximum ground-resistance level is specified, at service disconnect enclosure grounding terminal, and at ground test wells. Measure ground resistance not less than two full days after the last trace of precipitation, and without the soil being moistened by any means other than natural drainage or seepage and without chemical treatment or other artificial means of reducing natural ground resistance. Perform tests, by the fall-of-potential method according to IEEE 81.

3. A ground resistance test shall be conducted at each new electrical equipment or vault site without the benefit of connections to other sites. That is, all incoming duct bank grounding system conductors shall be disconnected during the test. Grounding electrodes shall be bonded together using the appropriate size grounding electrode conductors and UL listed connections. Connections shall be torque tightened to manufacturer’s specifications.

4. Provide drawings locating each ground rod and ground rod assembly and other grounding electrodes, identify each by letter in alphabetical order, and key to the record of tests and observations. Include the number of rods driven and their depth at each location and include observations of weather and other phenomena that may affect test results. Describe measures taken to improve test results.

   a. Equipment Rated 500 kVA and Less: 10 ohms.
   b. Equipment Rated 500 to 1000 kVA: 5 ohms.
   c. Equipment Rated More Than 1000 kVA: 3 ohms.
   e. Manhole Grounds: 10 ohms.

5. Excessive Ground Resistance: If resistance to ground exceeds specified values, notify the University’s Representative promptly and include recommendations to reduce ground resistance.

*** END OF SECTION ***
SECTION 26 0529
HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. Section includes the following:
   1. Hangers and supports for electrical equipment and systems.
   2. Seismic restraints for electrical equipment and systems.

1.02 DEFINITIONS

A. CBC: California Building Code
B. EMT: Electrical metallic tubing.
C. IMC: Intermediate metal conduit.
D. RMC: Rigid metal conduit.
E. Seismic Restraint: A structural support element such as a metal framing member, a cable, an anchor bolt or stud, a fastening device, or an assembly of these items used to transmit seismic forces from an item of equipment or system to building structure and to limit movement of item during a seismic event.

1.03 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Illustrate and indicate style, material, strength, fastening provision, and finish for each type and size of electrical support and seismic-restraint component used.

1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Comply with seismic-restraint requirements in the California Building Code
B. Welding: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code - Steel."

1.05 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Project Seismic Zone as Defined in the CBC: Zone 4.
B. Project Seismic Zone Factor as Defined in the CBC: Zone Factor 0.40.
PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MANUFACTURERS

A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.
2. Or Equal: Where products are specified by manufacturers name and accompanied by the term "or equal", comply with provisions in Division 01 Section "Product Options and Substitutions". Specific procedures must be followed before use of an unnamed product or manufacturer.

2.02 SUPPORT, ANCHORAGE, AND ATTACHMENT COMPONENTS

A. Rated Strength: Adequate in tension, shear, and pullout force to resist maximum loads calculated or imposed under this Project, with a minimum structural safety factor of five times the applied force.

B. Steel Slotted Support Systems: Comply with MFMA-3, factory-fabricated components for field assembly.

1. Manufacturers:

   a. Cooper B-Line; a division of Cooper Industries.
   b. ERICO International Corporation.
   c. Allied Support Systems; Power-Strut Unit.
   d. GS Metals Corp.
   e. Michigan Hanger Co., Inc.; O-Strut Div.
   f. National Pipe Hanger Corp.
   g. Thomas & Betts Corporation.
   h. Unistrut; Tyco International, Ltd.
   i. Wesanco, Inc.
   j. Or equal.

2. Finishes:

   a. Metallic Coatings: Hot-dip galvanized after fabrication and applied according to MFMA-3.
   b. Nonmetallic Coatings: Manufacturer's standard PVC, polyurethane, or polyester coating applied according to MFMA-3.
   c. Painted Coatings: Manufacturer's standard painted coating applied according to MFMA-3.

3. Channel Dimensions: Selected for structural loading and applicable seismic forces.

C. Raceway and Cable Supports: As described in NECA 1.
D. Conduit and Cable Support Devices: Steel and malleable-iron hangers, clamps, and associated fittings, designed for types and sizes of raceway or cable to be supported.

E. Support for Conductors in Vertical Conduit: Factory-fabricated assembly consisting of threaded body and insulating wedging plug or plugs for non-armored electrical conductors or cables in riser conduits. Plugs shall have number, size, and shape of conductor gripping pieces as required to suit individual conductors or cables supported. Body shall be malleable iron.

F. Structural Steel for Fabricated Supports and Restraints: ASTM A 36/A 36M, steel plates, shapes, and bars; black and galvanized.

G. Mounting, Anchoring, and Attachment Components: Items for fastening electrical items or their supports to building surfaces include the following:

1. Powder-Actuated Fasteners: Shall not be used in University occupied areas and then only for non-seismic restraints.

2. Threaded-steel stud, for use in hardened Portland cement concrete, steel, or wood, with tension, shear, and pullout capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used.

   a. Manufacturers:
      1) Hilti, Inc.
      2) ITW Construction Products.
      3) MKT Fastening, LLC.
      4) Simpson Strong-Tie Co. Inc.
      5) Or equal.

3. Mechanical-Expansion Anchors: Insert-wedge-type, zinc-coated steel, for use in hardened Portland cement concrete with tension, shear, and pullout capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials in which used.

   a. Manufacturers:
      1) Cooper B-Line; a division of Cooper Industries.
      2) Empire Tool and Manufacturing Co., Inc.
      3) Hilti, Inc.
      4) ITW Construction Products.
      5) MKT Fastening, LLC.
      6) Powers Fasteners.
      7) Or equal.

4. Concrete Inserts: Steel or malleable-iron slotted-support-system units similar to MSS Type 18; complying with MFMA-3 or MSS SP-58.

5. Clamps for Attachment to Steel Structural Elements: MSS SP-58, type suitable for attached structural element.

7. Toggle Bolts: All-steel springhead type.

2.03 SEISMIC-RESTRAINT COMPONENTS

A. Rated Strength, Features, and Application Requirements for Restraint Components: As defined in reports by an agency acceptable to the University.

1. Structural Safety Factor: Strength in tension, shear, and pullout force of components used shall be at least five times the maximum seismic forces to which they will be subjected.

B. Angle and Channel-Type Brace Assemblies: Steel angles or steel slotted-support-system components; with accessories for attachment to braced component at one end and to building structure at the other end.

C. Cable Restraints: ASTM A 603, zinc-coated, steel wire rope attached to steel or stainless-steel thimbles, brackets, swivels, and bolts designed for restraining cable service.

1. Manufacturers:
   a. Amber/Booth Company, Inc.
   b. Loos & Co., Inc.
   c. Mason Industries, Inc.
   d. Or equal.

2. Seismic Mountings, Anchors, and Attachments: Devices as specified in Part 2 "Support, Anchorage, and Attachment Components" Article, selected to resist seismic forces.

3. Hanger Rod Stiffener: Reinforcing steel angle clamped to hanger rod, of design recognized by an agency acceptable to the University. Retain both subparagraphs below for projects subject to seismic design requirements; delete if bushing requirements are included in details or charts on Drawings.

4. Bushings for Floor-Mounted Equipment Anchors: Neoprene units designed for seismically rated rigid equipment mountings, and matched to type and size of anchor bolts and studs used.

5. Bushing Assemblies for Wall-Mounted Equipment Anchorage: Assemblies of neoprene elements and steel sleeves designed for seismically rated rigid equipment mountings, and matched to type and size of attachment devices used.

2.04 FABRICATED METAL EQUIPMENT SUPPORT ASSEMBLIES

A. Description: Welded or bolted, structural-steel shapes, shop or field fabricated to fit dimensions of supported equipment.

B. Materials: Comply with requirements in Division 05 Section "Metal Fabrications" for steel shapes and plates.
PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 APPLICATION

A. Comply with NECA 1 for application of hangers and supports for electrical equipment and systems, except if requirements in this Section are stricter.

B. Maximum Support Spacing and Minimum Hanger Rod Size for Raceway: Space supports for EMT, and RMC as scheduled in NECA 1, where Table 1 lists maximum spacing less than stated in. Minimum rod size shall be 1/4 inch in diameter.

C. For individual conduit runs not directly fastened to the structure, use rod hangers.

D. Arrange conduit supports to prevent distortion of alignment by wire pulling operations. Fasten conduit using galvanized straps, lay-in adjustable hangers, clevis hangers, or bolted split galvanized hangers.

E. Do not fasten conduit with wire or perforated pipe straps. Remove wire used for temporary conduit support during construction before conductors are pulled. Do not use ceiling wire to support conduit.

F. Multiple Raceways or Cables: Install trapeze-type supports fabricated with steel slotted support system, sized so capacity can be increased by at least 25 percent in future without exceeding specified design load limits. Supports should be spaced for maximum deflection of conduit not greater than 1/8”.

   1. Secure raceways and cables to trapeze member with clamps approved for application by an agency acceptable to the University.

3.02 SUPPORT AND SEISMIC-RESTRAINT INSTALLATION

A. Comply with NECA 1 for installation requirements, except as specified in this Article.

B. Raceway Support Methods: In addition to methods described in NECA 1, EMT, RMC may be supported by openings through structure members, as permitted in CEC (NFPA 70).

C. Install seismic-restraint components using methods approved by the evaluation service providing required submittals for component.

D. Drill holes for expansion anchors in concrete at locations and to depths that avoid reinforcing bars.

3.03 INSTALLATION OF FABRICATED METAL SUPPORTS

A. Comply with installation requirements in Division 05 Section "Metal Fabrications" for site-fabricated metal supports.

B. Cut, fit, and place miscellaneous metal supports accurately in location, alignment, and elevation to support and anchor electrical materials and equipment.
C. Field Welding: Comply with AWS D1.1/D1.1M.

3.04 INSTALLATION OF SEISMIC-RESTRAINT COMPONENTS

A. Install bushing assemblies for anchor bolts for floor-mounted equipment, arranged to provide resilient media between anchor bolts and mounting hole in concrete base.

B. Install bushing assemblies for mounting bolts for wall-mounted equipment, arranged to provide resilient media where equipment or equipment-mounting channels are attached to wall.

C. Restraint Cables: Provide slack within maximums recommended by manufacturer.

D. Attachment to Structure: If specific attachment is not indicated, anchor bracing to structure at flanges of beams, upper truss chords of bar joists, or at concrete members.

E. Provide raceway fixtures and equipment systems with appropriate longitudinal and cross bracing to satisfy Seismic Zone 4 requirements.

*** END OF SECTION ***
SECTION 26 0533

RACEWAY AND BOXES FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. Section includes raceways, fittings, boxes, enclosures, and cabinets for electrical wiring.

B. Related Sections include the following:
   1. Division 07 Section “Penetration Firestopping” for firestopping materials and installation at penetrations through walls, ceilings, and other fire rated elements.
   2. Division 26 Section "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems” for seismic restraints and bracing of raceways, boxes, enclosures, and cabinets.

1.02 DEFINITIONS

A. EMT: Electrical Metallic Tubing.

B. ENT: Electrical Non-metallic Tubing.

C. FMC: Flexible Metal Conduit.

D. IMC: Intermediate Metal Conduit.

E. LFMC: Liquid-Tight Flexible Metal Conduit.

F. LFNC: Liquid-Tight Flexible Non-metallic Conduit.

G. RGS: Rigid Galvanized Steel Conduit.

H. RNC: Rigid Nonmetallic Conduit

1.03 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For surface raceways, wireways and fittings.

1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.

B. Comply with NFPA 70.
1.05 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate layout and installation of raceways, boxes, enclosures, cabinets, and suspension system with other construction that penetrates ceilings or is supported by them, including light fixtures, HVAC equipment, fire-suppression system, and partition assemblies.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MANUFACTURERS

A. In other Part 2 articles where subparagraph titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply for product selection:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the manufacturers specified.
2. Or Equal: Where products are specified by manufacturers name and accompanied by the term "or equal", comply with provisions in Division 01 Section “Product Options and Substitutions”. Specific procedures must be followed before use of an unnamed product or manufacturer.

2.02 METAL CONDUIT AND TUBING

A. Manufacturers:

1. AFC Cable Systems, Inc.
2. Alflex Inc.
3. Anamet Electrical, Inc.; Anaconda Metal Hose.
4. Electri-Flex Co.
5. Grinnell Co./Tyco International; Allied Tube and Conduit Div.
6. LTV Steel Tubular Products Company.
7. Manhattan/CDT/Cole-Flex.
8. O-Z Gedney; Unit of General Signal.
9. Wheatland Tube Co.
10. Or equal.

B. Rigid Galvanized Steel Conduit (RGS): ANSI C80.1.


D. EMT and Fittings: ANSI C80.3.

1. Fittings: Compression type, Set Screw not allowed.

E. FMC: Zinc-coated steel.

F. LFMC: Flexible steel conduit with PVC jacket.
G. Fittings: NEMA FB 1; compatible with conduit and tubing materials.

2.03 METAL WIREWAYS

A. Manufacturers:
   1. Hoffman.
   2. Square D.
   3. Or equal.

B. Material and Construction: Sheet metal sized and shaped as indicated, NEMA [1] [3R].

C. Fittings and Accessories: Include couplings, offsets, elbows, expansion joints, adapters, hold-down straps, end caps, and other fittings to match and mate with wireways as required for complete system.

D. Select features, unless otherwise indicated, as required to complete wiring system and to comply with NFPA 70.

E. Wireway Covers: Screw-cover type.

F. Finish: Manufacturer’s standard enamel finish.

2.04 BOXES, ENCLOSURES, AND CABINETS

A. Manufacturers:
   1. Cooper Crouse-Hinds; Div. of Cooper Industries, Inc.
   2. Emerson/General Signal; Appleton Electric Company.
   3. Erickson Electrical Equipment Co.
   6. O-Z/Gedney; Unit of General Signal.
   7. RACO; Division of Hubbell, Inc.
   10. Spring City Electrical Manufacturing Co.
   14. Or equal

B. Sheet Metal Outlet and Device Boxes: NEMA OS 1.

C. Cast-Metal Outlet and Device Boxes: NEMA FB 1, Type FD, with gasketed cover.

D. Nonmetallic Outlet and Device Boxes: NEMA OS 2.

E. Floor Boxes: Cast metal, fully adjustable, rectangular.
F. Small Sheet Metal Pull and Junction Boxes: NEMA OS 1.

G. Cast-Metal Pull and Junction Boxes: NEMA FB 1, cast aluminum with gasketed cover.

H. Hinged-Cover Enclosures: NEMA 250, Type 1, with continuous hinge cover and flush latch.
   1. Metal Enclosures: Steel, finished inside and out with manufacturer's standard enamel.

I. Cabinets: NEMA 250, Type 1, galvanized steel box with removable interior panel and removable front, finished inside and out with manufacturer's standard enamel. Hinged door in front cover with flush latch and concealed hinge. Key latch to match panelboards. Include metal barriers to separate wiring of different systems and voltage and include accessory feet where required for freestanding equipment.

2.05 FACTORY FINISHES

A. Finish: For raceway, enclosures, or cabinet components, provide manufacturer's standard prime-coat finish ready for field painting.

B. Finish: For raceway, enclosures, or cabinet components, provide manufacturer's standard paint applied to factory-assembled surface raceways, enclosures, and cabinets before shipping.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 RACEWAY APPLICATION

A. Outdoors: Apply Raceways products as specified below, unless otherwise indicated:
   1. Exposed: RGS or IMC is acceptable for 600V or Below.
   2. Concealed, Above ground: EMT, RGS or IMC.
   3. Underground, Single Run: RNC.
   4. Underground, Grouped: RNC.
   5. Connection to Vibrating Equipment (Including Transformers and Hydraulic, Pneumatic, Electric Solenoid, or Motor-Driven Equipment): LFMC.
   6. Boxes and Enclosures: NEMA 250, Type 3R.

B. Indoors: Comply with the following applications, unless otherwise indicated:
   1. Exposed, Not Subject to Physical Damage: EMT
   2. Exposed, Not Subject to Severe Physical Damage: EMT
3. Exposed, Subject to Severe Physical Damage: RGS
4. Exposed, Include Raceways in the following Locations: RGS
   a. Loading Docks.
   b. Corridors used for traffic or mechanized carts, forklifts, and pallet handling units.
   c. Mechanical Rooms.
   d. Hazardous/Corrosive Locations.
5. Concealed in Ceilings and Interior Walls and Partitions: EMT
6. Connection to Vibrating Equipment (Including Transformers and Hydraulic, Pneumatic, Electric Solenoid, or Motor-Driven Equipment): FMC; except use LFMC in damp or wet locations.
7. Damp or Wet Locations: RGS
8. Raceways for Signal System or Communications Cable in spaces for Environmental Air: Plenum-Type, Signal System/Communications Cable Raceways and/or EMT
9. Raceways for Signal System or Communications Cable Risers in Vertical Shafts: Riser-Type, Signal System/Communications Cable Raceways and/or EMT
10. Raceways for concealed general purpose distribution for Signal System or Communications Cable: General-Use, Signal System/Communications Cable raceway [Riser-Type, Signal System/Communications Cable raceways; Plenum-Type, Signal System/Communications Cable raceways], and/or EMT
11. Boxes and Enclosures: NEMA 250, Type 1, except in damp or wet locations, use NEMA 250, Type 4, Stainless Steel.

C. Minimum Raceway Size Indoors: 3/4-inch trade size.


E. Raceway Fittings: Compatible with raceways and suitable for use and location.
   1. Rigid and Intermediate Steel Conduit: Use threaded rigid steel conduit fittings, unless otherwise indicated.
   2. PVC Externally Coated, Rigid Steel Conduits: Use only fittings approved for use with that material. Patch all nicks and scrapes in PVC coating after installing conduits and fittings. Use sealant recommended by fitting manufacturer.

F. Install nonferrous conduit or tubing for circuits operating above 60 Hz. Where aluminum raceways are installed for such circuits and pass through concrete, install in nonmetallic sleeve.

G. Do not install aluminum conduits embedded in or in contact with concrete.
3.02 INSTALLATION

A. Keep raceways at least 6 inches away from parallel runs of flues and steam or hot-water pipes. Install horizontal raceway runs above water and steam piping.

B. Complete raceway installation before starting conductor installation.

C. Support raceways as specified in Division 26 Section "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems."

D. Install temporary closures to prevent foreign matter from entering raceways.

E. Protect stub-ups from damage where conduits rise through floor slabs. Arrange so curved portions of bends are not visible above the finished slab.

F. Make bends and offsets so ID is not reduced. Keep legs of bends in the same plane and keep straight legs of offsets parallel, unless otherwise indicated.

G. Install no more than the equivalent of (3) three 90-degree bends in any conduit run except for communications conduits, for which fewer bends are allowed.

H. Concealed Raceways:
   1. Conceal conduits and EMT within finished walls, ceilings, and floors, unless otherwise indicated.
   2. Install concealed raceways with a minimum of bends in the shortest practical distance, considering type of building construction and obstructions, unless otherwise indicated.

I. Raceways Embedded in Slabs:
   1. Install in middle 1/3 of slab thickness where practical and leave at least 2 inches of concrete cover.
   2. Secure raceways to reinforcing rods to prevent sagging or shifting during concrete placement.
   3. Space raceways laterally to prevent voids in concrete.
   4. Run conduit larger than 1-inch trade size parallel or at right angles to main reinforcement. Where at right angles to reinforcement, place conduit close to slab support.
   5. Change from nonmetallic tubing to Schedule 80 nonmetallic conduit, RGS, or IMC before rising above the floor.

J. Install exposed raceways parallel or at right angles to nearby surfaces or structural members and follow surface contours as much as possible.
   1. Run parallel or banked raceways together on common supports.
   2. Make parallel bends in parallel or banked runs. Use factory elbows only where elbows can be installed parallel; otherwise, provide field bends for parallel raceways.
K. Join raceways with fittings designed and approved for that purpose and make joints tight.
   1. Use insulating bushings to protect conductors.

L. Tighten set screws of thread less fittings with suitable tools.

M. Threaded Conduit Joints, exposed to wet, damp, corrosive, or outdoor conditions: Apply compound to threads of raceways and fittings before making up joints. Follow compound’s manufacturers written instructions.

N. Terminations:
   1. Where raceways are terminated with locknuts and bushings, align raceways to enter squarely and install locknuts with dished part against box. Use two locknuts, one inside and one outside box.
   2. Where raceways are terminated with threaded hubs, screw raceways or fittings tightly into hub so end bears against wire protection shoulder. Where chase nipples are used, align raceways so coupling is square to box; tighten chase nipple so no threads are exposed.
   3. Where raceway terminations are subjected to moisture or vibration: use insulating bushing to protect conductors, including conductors smaller than No. 4 AWG.

O. Install pull wires in empty raceways. Use polypropylene or monofilament plastic line with not less than 200-lb tensile strength. Leave at least 12 inches of slack at each end of pull wire.

P. Signal System or Communications Cable: Install Raceways, metallic and nonmetallic, rigid and flexible, as follows:
   1. 2-Inch Trade Size and Smaller: Install raceways in maximum lengths of 150 feet.
   2. 1-Inch Trade Size and Smaller: Install raceways in maximum lengths of 75 feet.
   3. 3/4-Inch Trade Size and Smaller: Install raceways in maximum lengths of 50 feet.
   4. Install with a maximum of two 90-degree bends or equivalent for each length of raceway unless drawing show stricter requirements. Separate lengths with pull or junction boxes or terminations at distribution frames or cabinets where necessary to comply with these requirements.

Q. Install raceway sealing fittings at suitable, approved, and accessible locations and fill them with UL-listed sealing compound. For concealed raceways, install each fitting in a flush steel box with a blank cover plate having a finish similar to that of adjacent plates or surfaces. Install raceway sealing fittings at the following points:
   1. Where conduits pass from warm to cold locations, such as boundaries of refrigerated spaces.
   2. Where otherwise required by NFPA 70.

R. Stub-up Connections: Extend conduits through concrete floor for connection to freestanding equipment. Install with an adjustable top or coupling threaded inside for plugs set flush with finished floor. Extend conductors to equipment with rigid steel
conduit; FMC may be used 6 inches above the floor. Install screwdriver-operated, threaded plugs flush with floor for future equipment connections.

S. Flexible Connections: Use maximum of 72 inches of flexible conduit for recessed and semi recessed lighting fixtures; for equipment subject to vibration, noise transmission, or movement; and for all motors. Install separate ground conductor across flexible connections.
   1. Use LFMC in damp or wet locations subject to severe physical damage.
   2. Use LFMC or LFNC in damp or wet locations not subject to severe physical damage.

T. Surface Raceways: Install a separate, green, ground conductor in raceways from junction box supplying raceways to receptacle or fixture ground terminals.

3.03 PROTECTION

A. Provide final protection and maintain conditions that ensure coatings, finishes, and cabinets are without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.
   1. Repair damage to galvanized finishes with zinc-rich paint recommended by manufacturer.
   2. Repair damage to PVC or paint finishes with matching touchup coating recommended by manufacturer.

3.04 CLEANING

A. After completing installation of exposed, factory-finished raceways and boxes, inspect exposed finishes and repair damaged finishes.

*** END OF SECTION ***
SECTION 26 0553
IDENTIFICATION FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:
   1. Identification for raceways.
   2. Identification of power and control cables.
   3. Identification for conductors.
   4. Equipment identification labels.

1.02 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: None.

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

B. Comply with NFPA 70.
D. Comply with ANSI Z535.4 for safety signs and labels.
E. Adhesive-attached labeling materials, including label stocks, laminating adhesives, and inks used by label printers, shall comply with UL 969.

1.04 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate identification names, abbreviations, colors, and other features with requirements in other Sections requiring identification applications, Drawings, Shop Drawings, manufacturer's wiring diagrams, and the Operation and Maintenance Manual; and with those required by codes, standards, and 29 CFR 1910.145. Use consistent designations throughout Project.
B. Coordinate installation of identifying devices with completion of covering and painting of surfaces where devices are to be applied.
C. Coordinate installation of identifying devices with location of access panels and doors.
D. Install identifying devices before installing acoustical ceilings and similar concealment.
PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS

A. For fixture descriptions in other Part 2 articles where the subparagraph titles "Products," and "Manufacturers" introduce a list of manufacturers and their products or manufacturers only, the following requirements apply for product selection:

1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified in other Part 2 articles.
2. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the manufacturers specified in other Part 2 articles.
3. Or Equal: Where products are specified by manufacturers name and accompanied by the term "or equal", comply with provisions in Division 01 Section "Product Options and Substitutions". Specific procedures must be followed before use of an unnamed product or manufacturer.

2.02 POWER RACEWAY IDENTIFICATION MATERIALS

A. Colors for Raceways Carrying Circuits at 600 V or Less:

1. Black letters on an orange field
2. Legend: Indicate voltage and system or service type.

B. Write-On Tags: Polyester tag, 0.015-inch thick, with corrosion-resistant grommet and cable tie for attachment to conductor or cable.

1. Marker for Tags: Permanent, waterproof, black ink marker recommended by tag manufacturer.

2.03 POWER AND CONTROL CABLE IDENTIFICATION MATERIALS

A. Comply with ANSI A13.1 for minimum size of letters for legend and for minimum length of color field for each raceway and cable size.

B. Snap-Around, Color-Coding Bands: Slit, pre-tensioned, flexible, solid-colored acrylic sleeve, 2-inches long, with diameter sized to suit diameter of raceway or cable it identifies and to stay in place by gripping action.

2.04 CONDUCTOR IDENTIFICATION MATERIALS

A. Color-Coding Conductor Tape: Colored, self-adhesive vinyl tape not less than 3 mils thick by 1 to 2 inches wide.

B. Snap-Around Labels: Slit, pre-tensioned, flexible, preprinted, color-coded acrylic sleeve, with diameter sized to suit diameter of raceway or cable it identifies and to stay in place by gripping action.
2.05 EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION LABELS

A. Adhesive Film Label: Machine printed, in black, by thermal transfer or equivalent process. Minimum letter height shall be 3/8 inch.

B. Adhesive Film Label with Clear Protective Overlay: Machine printed, in black, by thermal transfer or equivalent process. Minimum letter height shall be 3/8 inch. Overlay shall provide a weatherproof and UV-resistant seal for label.


E. Stenciled Legend: In nonfading, waterproof, black ink or paint. Minimum letter height shall be 1 inch.

2.06 CABLE TIES

A. General-Purpose Cable Ties: Fungus inert, self-extinguishing, one piece, self-locking, Type 6/6 nylon.
   2. Tensile Strength at 73 deg F According to ASTM D 638: 12,000 psi.
   3. Temperature Range: Minus 40 to plus 185 deg F.

B. UV-Stabilized Cable Ties: Fungus inert, designed for continuous exposure to exterior sunlight, self-extinguishing, one piece, self-locking, Type 6/6 nylon.
   2. Tensile Strength at 73 deg F According to ASTM D 638: 12,000 psi.
   3. Temperature Range: Minus 40 to plus 185 deg F.

2.07 MISCELLANEOUS IDENTIFICATION PRODUCTS

A. Paint: Comply with requirements in Division 09 painting Sections for paint materials and application requirements. Select paint system applicable for surface material and location (exterior or interior).

B. Fasteners for Labels and Signs: Self-tapping, stainless-steel screws or stainless-steel machine screws with nuts and flat and lock washers.
PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSTALLATION

A. Verify identity of each item before installing identification products.

B. Location: Install identification materials and devices at locations for most convenient viewing without interference with operation and maintenance of equipment.

C. Apply identification devices to surfaces that require finish after completing finish work.

D. Secure nameplates to equipment fronts using screws, rivets or adhesive. Secure nameplate to inside face of recessed panel board doors in finished locations. Use weatherproof adhesive for outdoor installation. Do not use tape for nameplates or legend plates.

E. Lettering, Colors, and Graphics: Coordinate names, abbreviations, colors, and other designations with corresponding designations. Use consistent designations throughout project.
   1. Based on the University’s Electrical Equipment Numbering and Identification Scheme included in this section.

F. Self-Adhesive Identification Products: Clean surfaces before applying.

G. Install nameplates and labels parallel to equipment lines.

H. Color Coded Raceways: Junction Boxes for Fire Alarm System shall be red.

I. Caution Labels for Indoor Boxes and Enclosures for Power and Lighting: Install labels identifying system voltage with black letters on orange background. Install on exterior of door or cover.

J. Circuit Identification Labels on Receptacles:
   1. Public View Areas (lobbies, atrium, etc.): Stencil circuit information on back of plate.
   2. All Other Areas: Engraved or permanently stencil circuit information on front of plate.

K. Conduit installed below grade shall have underground hazard tape (non-adhesive) installed a minimum of 12 inches above the conduit or top layer of conduits in a duct bank. The tape shall be 6-inches wide and 4-millimeters thick yellow polyethylene for low voltage conduits and red for medium voltage conduits. The tape shall be marked “Caution Buried Electric Line” for low voltage and “Danger High Voltage Line” for medium voltage. Tracer wire shall be used for PVD conduits and non-metallic tape for metallic conduits. The tape shall be installed the entire length of conduit below grade.

L. Color-Coding of Secondary Phase Conductors: Use the following colors for service feeder and branch-circuit phase conductors. Wiring shall be color coded, see Division 26 “Low Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables”. Low voltage wire markers shall be
adhering, preprinted, self-laminating vinyl wrap-around strips. Wire shall be marked with opposite end termination and shall include panel source and circuit numbers. Phasing shall be indicated by colored wire or tape. For other system voltages consult the University:

1. **208/120-V Conductors:**
   a. Phase A: Black.
   b. Phase B: Red.
   c. Phase C: Blue.
   d. Switch Leg: Pink.
   e. Switch Traveler: Same as Hot Leg.

2. **480/277-V Conductors:**
   b. Phase B: Orange.
   c. Phase C: Yellow.
   d. Switch Leg: Purple.
   e. Switch Traveler: Same as Hot Leg.

3. **Neutral and Ground Conductors:**
   b. Ground: Green.

4. Factory apply color the entire length of conductors, except the following field-applied, color-coding methods may be used instead of factory-coded wire for sizes larger than No. 10 AWG:
   a. Colored, pressure-sensitive plastic tape in half-lapped turns for a distance of 6 inches from terminal points and in boxes where splices or taps are made. Apply last two turns of tape with no tension to prevent possible unwinding. Use 1-inch-wide tape in colors specified. Adjust tape bands to avoid obscuring cable identification markings.
   b. Colored cable ties applied in groups of three ties of specified color to each wire at each terminal or splice point starting 3 inches from the terminal and spaced 3 inches apart. Apply with a special tool or pliers, tighten to a snug fit, and cut off excess length.

**M. Power-Circuit Identification:** Brass tags wraparound marker bands for cables, feeders, and power circuits in vaults, pull and junction boxes, manholes, and switchboard rooms.

1. Legend: 1/4-inch steel letter and number stamping or embossing with legend corresponding to indicated circuit designations.
2. Tag Fasteners: Nylon cable ties.

**N. Apply identification to conductors as follows:**
1. Multiple Power or Lighting Circuits in the Same Enclosure: Identify each conductor with source, voltage, circuit number, and phase. Use color-coding to identify circuits' voltage and phase.

2. Multiple Control and Communication Circuits in the Same Enclosure: Identify each conductor by its system and circuit designation. Use a consistent system of tags, color-coding, or cable marking tape.

O. Apply warning, caution, and instruction signs as follows:

1. Warnings, Cautions, and Instructions: Install to ensure safe operation and maintenance of electrical systems and of items to which they connect. Install engraved plastic-laminated instruction signs with approved legend where instructions are needed for system or equipment operation. Install metal-backed butyrate signs for outdoor items.

2. Emergency Operation: Install engraved laminated signs with white legend on red background with minimum 3/8-inch- high lettering for emergency instructions on power transfer, load shedding, and other emergency operations.

P. Equipment Identification Labels: Engraved plastic laminate. Install on each unit of equipment, including central or master unit of each system. This includes power, lighting, communication, signal, and alarm systems, unless units are specified with their own self-explanatory identification. Unless otherwise indicated, provide a single line of text with 1/2-inch- high lettering on 2” high label. Use black lettering on white field. Use white lettering on red field for emergency circuited equipment. Apply labels for each unit of the following categories of equipment using mechanical fasteners:

1. Panel boards, electrical cabinets, and enclosures.
2. Access doors and panels for concealed electrical items.
3. Electrical switchgear and switchboards.
4. Electrical substations.
5. Emergency system boxes and enclosures.
7. Disconnect switches.
8. Enclosed circuit breakers.
11. Power transfer equipment.
12. Contactors.
15. Control devices.

Q. Low Voltage Identification

1. Equipment nameplates shall be engraved three-layer laminated plastic with white background and black letters. Letters shall be 1/4” minimum size. Identifications shall match plan designations and based upon the University's Numbering Scheme.
2. Legend plates for control panels and indicators shall be provided on disconnect and safety switches and indicating lights. The plates shall be die-stamped metal with mounting hole and positioning key.

3. For panel board directories provide the following:
   
a. Provide typewritten directories arranged in numerical order showing number of room in which each device is located.

   b. Mount directories under a clear plastic cover inside each panelboard door.

*** END OF SECTION ***